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VERY LAST WORD GOES TO GERMANY

U. S. Troops Get Out of Mexico After Giving Villa a Drubbing

FIFTY MEXICANS REPORTED KILLED; MANY WOUNDED

In Night Fighting Americans Cleared Juarez of Villa Forces—During the Day U. S. Cavalry Chased the Mexicans.

CARRANZA GENERAL NOT AT ALL PLEASED

Gonzales Says Crossing of Americans Was Not Necessary — The Mayor of El Paso Says a Mistake Was Made in Crossing.

El Paso, Texas, June 16.—American troops that participated in the punitive expedition against the Villa rebels in and near Juarez last night and today were billeted in barracks and camps on the American side tonight after 24 hours of campaigning.

Seven ragged Mexican prisoners were herded toward the Fort Bliss stockade by a detachment of the 5th cavalry while another cavalry detachment drove a herd of 100 captured Mexican horses and ponies to the remount station.

It was unofficially stated tonight at Fort Bliss that approximately fifty Villa followers were killed.

One American of the 7th cavalry, Corporal Chigas, was shot through the lung by a Mexican rebel.

Americans Fought in Water.

After crossing during the night the cavalry column, supported by a battalion of the 82d artillery, advanced and at daybreak began a scouting tour. Capturing the seven prisoners before reaching the Villa camp, the cavalry was enabled to proceed, dismounted, to a short distance of the adobe headquarters when fighting was begun by the Americans standing in water up to their knees. Four Villa men were killed in the first assault, and the entire force, numbering approximately 200 men, mounted and escaped toward the southwest with the cavalry troops in pursuit. The rebels scattered into small bands, the 5th cavalry pursuing one band 35 miles.

In the meantime the 7th cavalry deployed to the southeast and pursued another band. Troops A and C executed a mounted pistol charge from the saddle and killed a number of the rebels. The artillery placed shrapnel directly over the heads of the fleeing Villa force and many were killed. After the pursuit the two cavalry forces formed a junction and returned to the American side of the river, accompanied by the artillery and 8th engineers.

The seven Mexican prisoners professed to be either farmers in the valley or Carranza soldiers, none admitting having been with Villa.

The Night Fighting.

The American troops fought their first general engagement with the Mexican rebel forces of Francisco Villa at the Juarez race track shortly after 2 o'clock this morning and the Americans were victorious. Villa's troops were driven from the race track by rifle fire and machine guns and many prisoners were reported taken by the United States cavalry which took up positions on the east and southeast of the track, according to an official report at military headquarters.

The Mexican rebels and federal troops fought in the streets of Juarez Saturday night and Sunday night, many on both sides being killed. Many bullets from the rebel guns came across the Rio Grande and two persons were killed and seven wounded on the American side.

When the Mexican bullets became too thick for the safety of the citizens of El Paso Brigadier General J. B. Erwin at 11 o'clock last night ordered American troops to cross the border, and in ten minutes after the order was issued 3,600 United States soldiers were in Mexico. The first troops to cross the border were the Fourth battalion of the 24th infantry, a battalion of the 82d artillery and the 5th and 7th cavalry.

After the Mexican federals were allowed to retire into the town of Juarez, Colonel Hadsell's negro infantry opened with a terrific rifle fire on the trenches flanking the race track. They advanced in open order and succeeded in dislodging

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MEN IN UNIFORM ROB TAXI DRIVER AND CHAIN TO TREE

Nashville, Tenn., June 16.—In true western style Clarence Rogers, a taxicab driver for a local automobile firm, was held up by three men dressed in soldier uniforms, made to desert his seven-passenger car, robbed of money and his personal belongings and handcuffed to a large tree in the woods, seven miles from this city on the Murfreesboro road, early Monday morning.

The highwaymen, after safely chaining their victim to a tree, jumped into the automobile and made their escape. They were captured, however, Monday night in Huntsville, Ala., and are now being held on a charge of highway robbery and grand larceny for the local authorities.

Detectives have been sent to the Alabama town to bring the prisoners back to Nashville. The taxicab driver remained handcuffed to the tree for over an hour before he was released by a farmer living near the scene of the hold-up. The highwaymen are believed by the local officers to be professionals.

EMPLOYEES PASS ON JOB SEEKERS

Strikers Indignant Over Order of Western Union That Committee of Men Still at Work Must Recommend Applications.

A sensational development of the local strike situation Monday afternoon was an order from Western Union officials in which it was stated that applications had been received from striking operators for reemployment, that all applications should be reported upon and recommended by the local employee's committee before final action by the officials. This order would place the strikers in the position of suing for recommendation from an antagonistic organization, and members of the Commercial Telegraphers' union, not only deny that they are applying for reinstatement at all, but indignantly declare that they will fight to a bitter finish with the Western Union before they would seek reemployment through the above channels.

This order means that the striking telegraphers who make application for reinstatement in the service of the Western Union will be passed upon and must receive the recommendation of the application committee of the Association of Western Union Employees, before the officials of the Western Union division will act upon the matter. This order was issued by the division officials of the company following the receipt of a telegram from the president of the comapny, declaring that there is notihng in the report that Postmaster General Burleson has issued orders for a conference to be held between

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3 MORE STATES FOR SUFFRAGE

New York Legislature Ratifies the Amendment Without Dissenting Vote—Ohio and Kansas Ratify.

Albany, N. Y., June 16.—The New York legislature, without a dissenting vote, tonight ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment. New York is the sixth state to ratify.

Ohio Ratifies.

Columbus, Ohio, June 16.—The Ohio general assembly today ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment and immediately thereafter passed a bill that will give Ohio women the right to vote for presidential electors in 1920 should the federal amendment not be in effect at that time.

The vote on ratification was 73 for to 6 against in the house and in the senate 27 for to 3 against.

Kansas Ratifies.

Topeka, Kan., June 16.—The Kansas legislature in special session today unanimously ratified the woman suffrage amendment to the United States constitution.

SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN LOSES IN TENNESSEE.

Nashville, Tenn., June 16.—Chancellor James B. Newman today held that the recent act of the legislature giving women the right to vote in city and presidential elections was unconstitutional.

23 WARS RAGING, SAYS BONAR LAW

British Government Leader Aserts Peace Has Not Come Yet — He Hopes the Germans Will Sign Terms.

London, June 16.—The peace terms presented to Germany today are the final reply of the allies, Andrew Bonar Law, government spokesman in the house of commons, declared in opening the Victory loan campaign at the Guild hall today. The speaker said he hoped earnestly the Germans would sign the terms.

"It is for them to choose within five days," Mr. Bonar Law added. "They must sign, or the armistice is at an end. There must be a just peace, but a just peace must be a stern peace."

The speaker said that the chief of the British staff had declared twenty-three different wars were now going on, and added:

"It is not all over. It is quite possible by want of wisdom, by absence of restraints, by disunion among the allies and by want of unity at home to lose, not the victroy, but the full force of the victory which has been bought so dearly."

Protest Alleged Use Of Government Coin To Defeat Strikes

By Robert T. Barry.
(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Washington, June 16.—Efforts to interest central labor bodies and business organizations throughout the country in mass meetings to be held in protest against the use of government funds to defeat strikes were begun here tonight at the Central Labor union.

W. F. McDonald, president of the Washington council of the telegraphers, outlined the purpose of the movement.

"It is unfortunate, perhaps, but nevertheless true," he said, "that the assumption of financial liability by the government, through Mr. Burleson's alliances with the telegraph companies in their campaign aaginst organized labor, with the commercial telegraphers selected as the first unit to be chastised, makes the issue vitally important. Organized labor is placed in an embarrassing position because of the precedent established by the postmaster general in applying government funds to purposes designed to humiliate and lower the standard of living of American workmen.

"The officials of the Western Union a few months ago, in order to counteract the influence of the Commercial Telergaphers' union caused to be formed an organization known as the Western Union Employees association. In this manner they hoped to keep Western Union telegraphers out of the C. T. U. A. In this, however, they failed, notwithstanding the association had official sanction and financial support of the Western Union.

"As American citizens and trade unionists we put the stamp of disapproval on anarchy and condemn bomb planting. We stand for law and order, harmonious co-operation of capital and labor in the onward march for industrial supremacy in the markets of the world. We resent and will resist to the end interference by the political party in power, through a cabinet officer, all efforts to force us to submit to restrictions of our rights as citizens and trades unionists.

"The issue has become one between capital, on the one hand, encouraged by government officials with assurance of financial support, and organized labor on the other, fighting to maintain the American standard of wages and the right to organize and secure collective bargaining, a right conceded to be ours by proclamation of President Wilson, also by leading statesmen of the world as evidenced by their action favorable to labor at the peace conference at Versailles."

U. S. MARINES READY TO LAND IN COSTA RICA

Washington, June 16.—The revolution against the Tinoce government in Costa Rica has entered a new phase, according to dispatches today to the state department. Outbreaks have occurred in San Jose, the capital, and the general situation was described as serious.

American forces on the gunboat Castine, now at Port Limon, are held in readiness and can be landed at a moment's notice, it was said. The commander of the ship, however, has been instructed not to act without specific instructions from Washington.

Officials said conditions were such that it would not be surprising if the necessity for action by the American government should arise.

WEARING PAJAMAS TURKISH WOMEN PARADE STREETS

Bucharest, May 20.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Turkish women, many of whom live in villages along the Danube river in Rumania, are wearing in the streets with the greatest pride American pajamas bearing the label "Gift of the American people."

NO LOWER PRICES ARE YET IN SIGHT

Prominent Southern Bankers Declare That Prices Will Not Decline at Least for Many Years.

By J. A. Hollomon.
(By The Constitution's Leased Wire.)

Washington, June 16.—Many interesting points concerning business conditions throughout the United States are brought out in further replies to the circular sent out by the United States department of labor, asking the views of bankers, business men and editors as to the probable course of prices in the near future. The following are a few selections from some of these letters:

T. Oregon Lawton, president, Southeastern Life Insurance Co., Greenville, S. C.:

"I do not look for prices generally to fall. I expect to see the cost of labor remain high. The war has made many millionaires, and others have accumulated large fortunes, but it has also developed, in America at least, a spirit of generosity never known before. I believe there is abroad in the land a recognition that the man who labors is justly entitled to a larger share of the profits. Of course, if labor is to receive a larger distribution of the profits, the cost of goods will remain high."

J. W. Peeler, president, Rockwell, (N. C.) Bank:

"There is only one thing to do, and that is to get busy. The man who waits on lower prices will be a loser."

Elias Doan, cashier, Bank of Dorchester, Summerville, S. C.:

"I have for some months warned customers that we must get used to a new high level of prices and that the present generation will never witness the pre-war prices."

J. H. Cranford, president, First National Bank, Jasper, Ala.:

"Prices will never decline, at least for a great many years, and even then the decline will not be anything like what has been felt in former years. During the past this country has been subject to panics, but during the last decade some of our wise financiers have worked out a plan that insures our country against these destructive periods.

"Every thoughtful man who has given any subject any consideration knows that labor, as a unit, has never received a fair proportion of what it produced. When I pass through the industrial sections of this country and witness the squalid surroundings of the families of men employed in these places, and contemplate the profits the proprietors are earning, I am not surprised at the presence of unrest. The remedy is a better understanding between capital and labor."

C. G. Padgett, vice president, First National Bank, Walterboro, S. C.:

"It is our opinion that there will be no sudden reduction in prices. We do not think that any operations should be stopped or held up on account of the expectation of lower prices."

BANDITS LOOT BANK AND SECURE $50,000

Cleveland, June 16.—Five armed bandits late this afternoon held up the West Cleveland bank and escaped in stolen automobiles with currency estimated at $50,000. Two of the robbers stood guard over six customers and four clerks outside the bank while two robbed the bank, the fifth remained in the automobile with the engine running.

LT. BROWN'S FIANCEE DECORATES HER HOME

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

London, June 16.—(Special Cable Dispatch.)—Miss Kennedy, who will marry Lieutenant Brown, the American navigator, lives in London at 26 Oakley avenue, and her house is decked with flags. She said to your correspondent:

"The suspense of wating was terrible. I shall sleep sounder tonight. You may be certain I had great confidence in the Vimy machine."

She is a tall, vivacious girl, and wore a cool tennis costume. The first thing Lieutenant Brown did on reaching Ireland was to send her this cablegram from Clifden:

"Landed safely this morning. Will be with you very soon."

(Signed) "TEDDY."

Miss Kennedy is the daughter of a major in the Royal Air force. Lieutenant Brown carried as a mascot an American flag given him by Miss Kennedy. They are to tour the world on their honeymoon and will reside in the United States.

DETENTION HOME WASHINGTON SITE PLAN IS BEATEN

Council Turns Down Request From County Commissioners for the Lot, Owing to Opposition of Property Owners.

SALARIES INCREASES VOTED DESPITE FIGHT

Council Favors Paying Expenses of Officials' Trip to Convention, After Being Warned Action Was Illegal.

City council on Monday afternoon turned down a petition of the Fulton county commissioners requesting the city to donate to the county the lot at the corner of Washington street and Woodward avenue on which it proposed to erect a juvenile detention home and court.

There was some objection from a few members to flatly refusing the request of the county commisioners the opinion being advanced by them that in view of the help being constantly extended to the city by the county, the matter ought to be out of courtesy to the commission referred to a committee for investigation with instructions to report back to council.

Councilman Claude Ashley who at first argued for a motion to refer the petition to a committee later receded from his position upon learning that the citizens of the second ward, in which the proposed new site is located, were holding protest meetings and otherwise conducting an active campaign against it.

Lead the Fight.

Councilman Al Martin, Councilman A. H. Cochran and Alderman Harvey Hatcher, the second ward's representatives in council, led the discussion to oppose the county commissioners' request. They based their objections on the ground that citizens of the ward they represented were up in arms in opposition to the plan to move the juvenile home into the residence section and that property values on Washington street would decline if it were done.

A petition from the Atlanta Federation of Trades signed by their legislative committee, composed of James A. Miller, chairman; Paul Donehoo, William Van Houten, R. F. McKay and Louie Marquardt, requesting council to ask the legislature for a charter amendment to elect the city tax assessors by the people, was referred to the charter revision committee.

Vigorous opposition developed on a resolution by Alderman John McClelland and Alderman I. F. Styron to amend the June apportionment sheet by adding under the head of estimated receipts $975, with which to add $2.50 a week to the pay of fifteen sewer flushers in the sanitary department, the increase to become effective on July 1. The resolution was amended by Councilman Ed Mincey, who ardently supported its purpose, to grant them an increase of $5 a week, taking $1,950 from estimated receipts.

Both the original resolution and Councilman Mincey's amendment drew fire from Councilman J. R. Nutting and Councilman W. F. Buchanan. In explaining why he was asking for an increase for the sewer flushers at this time Alderman McClelland stated that he had "found" the money in recorder's court fines and the finance sheet would not have to suffer by giving the men more money.

No "Finding" Money.

Councilman Buchanan declared in reply that there is no such thing as "finding" money in the city departments; that if the money is there it is there, and ought not to be grabbed up by whoever "finds" it to become his pet appropriation. Mr. Nutting took a similar view and objected to council's adoption on the additional grounds that they were trying to put the matter through without referring it for advice to the board of health.

He took the position that the least council should do ought to be to refer the resolution to the finance committee. Mr. Nutting is a member of this committee. It might be probable that he would favor more money for the flushers in committee, he said, but contended that when funds not previously anticipated become available they should be subject to distribution by the committee and not pounced upon by an individual member of council.

On a division vote Mr. Mincey's amendment got 16 favorable ballots,

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Wilson on the Stump In Support of League As Soon as He Returns

PREACHER URGES 'POOR MAN'S BEER'

Dr. Conwell, Noted Lecturer, Says It Is Unjust to Deny Working Man His Beverage, With Cellars of Rich Stocked.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Philadelphia, June 16.—In a vigorous sermon at the Baptist Temple last night Rev. Dr. Russel H. Conwell, the well known lecturer, denounced in the strongest terms the injustice of the poor man's beer being taken from him, whlie the rich have their cellars filled with all sorts of wines and liquors for many months and perhaps years to come.

Dr. Conwell believes that the Christian church as a whole can unqualifiedly endorse practically every measure passed by the great labor conference which met at Atlantic City last week. With reference to the deprivation of beer from the poor, the doctor said:

"The churches are not opposed to the poor man having his 2¾ per cent beer, if that beer is not intoxicating. The whole question hinges on whether that beer is intoxicating or not. The Christian church should certainly not place itself in a position where it is opposed to the poor man having his beer, if that beer gives him strength and comfort and does him no harm, and the doing away with it on the first of July, in the manner in which it is done, I believe to be one of the greatest evils that ever came to this country. As the church of Christ, we believe in doing away with alcoholic liquors absolutely. We believe in temperance out and out, but we don't believe in this very unjust condition of things when the rich can fill their cellars for months ahead, with all sorts of wines and liquors and the poor man cannot have his 2¾ per cent beer after the first of next July.

"The whole thhing is wrong; it is a very great evil and it will hurt the cause of temperance beyond all measure, by withholding from the workingmen that amount of beer if it is not intoxicating. Remember that I emphasize the fact, 'If it is not intoxicating.' I don't believe in intoxicating liquor being sold to men under any circumstances, unless it is used as a medicine. I have been told by grocery men and others engaged in business that the rich have filled their cellars, many of them with all the liquors they will want for many years to come, but the poor are not so fortunately situated that they can lay in their supply of 2¾ per cent beer, and Christ's church does not believe in giving rights to one man that are denied to another."

GOOD BEER IS MEDICINE, ACCORDING TO DOCTORS

New York, June 16.—The Allied Medical association of America, comprising all the various schools of medicine in the country, today adopted a resolution at its convention here declaring that properly brewed lager beer was absolutely essential in the treatment of certain cases and favoring the manufacture of beer containing not to exceed 2¾ per cent of alcohol. Light wine, if pure, was endorsed as beneficial in certain medical cases.

The resolution declared that "2¾ per cent beer" was not only beneficial to humanity at large when drank in moderation but also admirable as a substitute for stronger alcoholic drinks and as a variant for many kinds of so-called drinks.

WOMAN ROUTS THIEF

Bloodstains Found After a Volley of Shots.

An effort to break into the home of Policeman W. A. Buck, at 40 Whitehall Terrace, Monday night proved unsuccessful when Mrs. Buck fired a volley of shots at the burglar as he attempted to gain entrance to the house through the rear door.

Mrs. Buck strtes that she heard the man attempting to open the door and she rushed back, revolver in hand. She stated that a negro was making an effort to enter the house, and she fired point blank at him. Investigation of the premises showed blood stains. The negro is being sought by the police.

Tentative Itinerary Already Arranged and Early in July He Will Be on Road Defending Work at Peace Conference.

OPPONENTS OF LEAGUE TO FOLLOW PRESIDENT

And Counter His Speeches—President Refuses Text of Treaty to the Senate — Fight Begins Today on the Knox Resolution.

By Robert T. Small.
(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Washington, June 16.—President Wilson will not tarry long in the white house when he returns from Europe, but with virtually no rest at all from his ardudous labors in Paris, will start a tour of the country to place the league of nations issue before the people.

It was stated at the white house today that a tentative itinerary already has been arranged for the president, and July 15 probably will find him "on the road." The tour will take the president all the way to the Pacific coast, but his speaking dates will be limited to comparatively few cities.

It is understood the president will carry his fight straight into "the enemy country' by invading the states where senators are the most bitterly opposed to the covenant of the league.

The opposition senators are threatening to counter the president's attack by following him wherever he goes, making speeches in each of the cities he visits within a very few days after his appearance. Thus it seems that for a time, at least, the league debate will be transferred from the senate chamber to the wider forum of the hustings.

Great Flood of Invitations.

A great flood of invitations have reached the white house urging Mr. Wilson to make Fourth of July addresses, but there still is some doubt whether he will be able to get home by that time. It unquestionably is his hope to get here by July 1 so that he can promptly sign the many government appropriation bills which will have passed congress by that time poviding moneys to carry on the business of the government during the next fiscal year. The time limit given the Germans in which to sign or reject the treaty of peace will expire June 23. A quick trip home on the George Washington immediately after that date would bring the president to Washington by the first of the coming month. It would apear, from these plans, the president will not be present at the signing of the Austrian treaty, and that the American mission may not participate officially in the framing of the Bulgarian and Turkish treaties, inasmuch as we have never been at war with the two latter nations. The president has discussed the Bulgarian and the Turkish situation, however, in the council of four, and his views generally toward those nations are, perhaps, well known to the men who will have the actual writing of the treaty texts.

It has been understood for some time that the president would go before the people with the league of nations plan in an endeavor to mould sentiment in favor of it, but it was not definitely known until today that he would take up the cudgels with the opposing senators as early as July.

To Inform the People.

News of the president's plans became public when Senator Swanson, of Virginia, received a cablegram from him in reply to an invitation to visit Richmond on July 30. The president said he could not give a definite answer as that date might interfere with the itinerary being prepared for his speaking tour. He also said that nothing must be allowed to interfere with his purpose of giving the people of the country a proper understanding of the treaty of peace and the covenant of the league of nations.

The assumption here is that the president will go first of all to New York, where Senators Calder and Wadsworth oppose the league, and that his next stop will be Boston

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ULTIMATUM SENT BY ALLIED POWERS WITH NEW TREATY

Germans Must Say "Yes" or "No" by June 23, and If the Answer Is "No," Armistice Will Be Declared Off and Armies Put in Motion.

GERMANY CASTIGATED IN COVERING LETTER

This Letter Was Written by Clemenceau and Was Sent With the New Terms — Outline of the Concessions That Have Been Made by the Allies.

Versailles, June 16.—The reply of the allied and associated governments to Germany's counterproposals to the peace treaty and a revised copy of the peace treaty tonight are in the hands of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, who is on his way to Weimar, there to present to the German national assembly the final word of the victors in the war.

Few changes have been made in the revised peace treaty. The original contentions of the allied and associated powers have virtually been maintained intact. Five days was the allotted period originally fixed for the Germans to answer yes or no to the demands of the allies. But two days additional have been granted because of the insistence of the German delegation that not sufficient time had been allowed for proper consideration of the revised terms. This will extend the time limitation to Monday, June 23.

If Germany's reply is yes the treaty will be immediately signed; if Germany declines to accede to the demands the armistice will be automatically terminated and the allied armed forces will take whatever steps they deem requisite to the occasion.

Germany Is Castigated.

With the revised treaty, containing interlineations in red ink, where changes had been made in it, was a covering note, written by Premier Clemenceau, president of the peace conference. It had been impossible to reprint the treaty in time for its presentation today.

The covering note severely castigates Germany for protesting against the treaty on the ground that the treaty conflicts with the terms of the armistice. M. Clemenceau says Germany fails to understand the positions she occupies today in the estimation of the world for being responsible for a war which was "the greatest crime against humanity and the freedom of the people that any nation, calling itself civilized, has ever consciously committed."

Without ostentation Paul Dutasta, general secretary of the peace conference, at 6:49 o'clock this evening placed the revised draft of the treaty and the note in the hands of German Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loersner, with whom M. Dutasta held a conversation lasting for several minutes, explaining the nature of the instrument and the length of time allotted for the Germans to reply. Herr Simon protested against the short time given Germany to make known her intentions.

M. Dutasta arrived in Versailles by automobile from Paris at 6:20 o'clock, carrying the momentous

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Weather Prophecy
PARTLY CLOUDY.

Washington, Forecast.
GEORGIA—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; local showers Tuesday south portion.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	92
Lowest temperature	69
Mean temperature	80
Normal temperature	76
Rainfall in past 24 hours, ins.	.00
Excess since 1st of mo., inches.	1.77
Deficiency since January 1, ins.	.54

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High.	Rain 24 hrs Inches
ATLANTA, clear	77	92	.00
Birmingham, p c	76	96	.10
Boston, pt. cldy.	64	70	.00
Buffalo, cldy ...	80	84	.00
Charleston, pt cy	78	84	.00
Chicago, cldy ..	74	82	.01
Denver(pt cldy.	86	88	.00
Galveston, clear.	78	78	2.24
Hatteras, cldy ..	70	76	.00
Havre, clear	88	..	.00
Jacksonville, cdy	80	90	.00
Kansas City, cdy	80	92	.00
Memphis, cldy ..	84	94	.00
Miami, pt cldy ..	80	84	.00
Mobile, cldy ...	84	96	.00
Montgomery, clr	92	94	.00
New Orleans, cdy	86	92	.00
New York, clear	72	76	.00
N. Platte, clear.	80	84	.00
Oklahoma, cldy.	78	80	.00
Phoenix, clear ..	102	102	.00
Pittsburg, cldy.	82	84	.00
Raleigh, cldy ..	80	84	.00
S. Francisco, clr	58	60	.00
St. Louis, cldy ..	76	92	1.14
S. Lake City, clr	86	88	.00
Shreveport, cldy	88	92	.00
Toledo, cldy ..	76	86	.24
Vicksburg, clear	92	94	.00
Washington, clr	78	82	.28

C. F. von HERRMANN.
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

NAVY MEASURE PASSED WITH AIR MONEY CUT

Washington, June 16.—With authorization for a new three-year building program eliminated and the fund for naval aviation reduced to $15,000,000, the 1920 naval appropriation bill was passed today by the house and sent to the senate. The measure carries approximately $600,000,000 and was passed in virtually the form it came from the naval committee.

Recommending the abandonment of the new building program, Secretary Daniels vigorously opposed the cut in naval aviation, for which he had asked $45,000,000.

Of the total to be appropriated, $133,000,000 is for continuation of the 1916 building program.

AMERICAN TROOPS GET OUT OF MEXICO

Continued from First Page.

the Villa forces who held the strongest position, as the negro troops were forced to advance across a comparatively open plain. The first volleys from the riflemen were answered, shot for shot, by the Villa troops, who seemed to realize they were trapped by the cavalry in the rear and the infantry in front.

United States Machine Guns.

American machine guns started sputtering from adobe houses near the race track and the preponderance of rifle fire was soon with the American forces. The preliminary artillery preparing having been completed, the shrapnel guns became silent as the rifles took up the work. The explosion of Mauser and American cartridges could be plainly distinguished from military headquarters in the Mills building in El Paso, where General Erwin was an interested spectator from his tenth-story window.

As the American cavalry maneuvered over the Juarez plains their positions were marked by green rocket flares and were answered by similar star shells from the top of the Mills building. At 2:30 o'clock the rifle firing had died down, indicating the Villa forces were defeated and were being driven into the hills or pursued by the United States cavalry.

The American artillery was stationed in positions from which the Juarez race track, where the Villa rebels were quartered, could be shelled with shrapnel. A flanking movement was begun in an effort to prevent the escape of the rebels.

In announcing his action in ordering Americans into Mexico, General Erwin in a formal statement said he had done so to prevent the indiscriminate firing into El Paso by rebel soldiers, endangering the lives of Americans. "But on no account were they to undertake an invasion into Mexico," continued the statement. "As soon as the Villistas have been dispersed and the safety of the citizens of El Paso has been assured the troops of my command will be withdrawn to the American side of the border.

An American soldier shot and killed a Mexican sniper who fired on him from the top of an adobe house at the intersection of Ninth and Stanton streets this morning. Orders have been given for the American soldiers to shoot all snipers. A woman and another Mexican who were on the roof with the sniper were captured.

AMERICAN TROOPS BEGIN TO RETURN; GONZALES ANGRY

Juarez, Mexico, June 16.—United States infantry troops started withdrawing from Juarez to El Paso at 10:30 a. m. today in obedience to orders by Major General de Rosey C. Cabell, commander of the southern department, who arrived from San Antonio early today and crossed the international bridge for a conference with General Francisco Gonzales, supreme commander of the Juarez troops.

General Gonzales requested General Cabell, during their conference, to make it known through the Associated Press to the people of the United States that he, General Gonzales, had not requested assistance from the United States in handling the situation.

"I told General Gonzales that there was no idea of invading Mexican sovereignty and that the infantry would withdraw as soon as possible," General Cabell announced, following the interview.

By 11 a. m. the 24th infantry was back on the American side after having spent exactly eleven hours on Mexican soil.

Negro Troops Held Juarez.

Juarez was in control of the 24th (negro) United States infantry early today. Around the four sides of the Plaza de Pas and in front of the ancient mission the infantrymen had set up a temporary bivouack and early today were cooking coffee and frying bacon in the shadow of the Sixteenth Century church. Infantrymen, wearing their trench helmets and complete field equipment, guarded street intersections and bridge approaches.

Major General Francisco Gonzales returned to Juarez today and resumed command of the federal troops which remained after American soldiers entered. Upon the occupation of Juarez by the Americans, General Gonzales withdrew in the direction of Samalayuca to prevent any clashes between the American and Mexican government troops, because of mistaken identy or purpose.

General Gonzales was assured by Lieutenant Cox, aide de camp to General Erwin, that he would be given every consideration and was handed a sealed communication from General Erwin, believed to express these same sentiments. After the visits of Lieutenant Cox and after reading General Erwin's letter, General Gonzales announced he would remain at Fort Hidalgo and asked permission to go to different parts of the town now under control of the American troops. He also asked that his officers and men who had been temporarily detained at the United States immigration station be released. This was ordered done.

Gonzales Not Pleased.

"This is a matter for my superior officers, and for my president to consider," General Gonzales said at Fort Hidalgo.

"I am not in position to impose my own views upon the situation, although I did not and do not yet think the crossing of the American forces was necessary for the defeat of the Villa forces as my forces defended the town most bravely."

At the fort it was announced that the seventy Villa prisoners had been taken south with General Gonzales' column and that eight of Villa's officers made prisoner had been executed. It was also stated by Major Hernandez that the body of Manuel Castro, a Villa general, had been found in the trenches east of town.

The number of rebels killed during the engagement was placed at 200 by the federals, while seventy were wounded, they said. They had no estimate of their own losses.

The American troops, mostly 24th infantry men, guard the American approaches to the international bridge today, while Mexican soldiers watch the Mexican end of the bridge. The Chinese and Mexican refugees who were detained at the United States immigration station during the night, were permitted to return to Juarez, where everything was quiet. Customs inspection was suspended at the Mexican end of the bridges.

One American officer in command of a negro infantry company, told of his experience during the fighting with the rebels last night. He said one band of rebels held up their hands in token of surrender, then opened fire on the Americans at close range. All the rebels were killed.

First American Fatality.

Private San Tusco, headquarters company, 82d field artillery, was the first fatality in the American force which crossed to Mexico near Juarez late last night. He was killed by a sniper while on the American side. Private Burchard Casey, of the same unit, was shot through the chest. One sergeant of the Seventh cavalry was seriously wounded by rebel rifle fire after the American cavalry crossed last night and two members of the 24th (negro) infantry were less seriously wounded.

After Private Tusco was killed and Private Casey wounded, a detachment of cavalry charged a small adobe pill-box fortress and machine gun nest on the south bank of the Rio Grande opposite the stock yards, where rebel snipers had found concealment. The rebels were killed or driven out.

The sniping in the lower part of El Paso was under control soon after it started last night, it was announced at military headquarters today.

BAKER EXPLAINS WHY U. S. TROOPS CROSSED BORDER

Washington, June 16.—American troops which crossed the Rio Grande under agreement with the Mexican government for the purpose of protecting life on the American side, will be withdrawn as soon as the rebel bands near Juarez are dispersed, but the United States will continue to maintain a watchful eye over the border.

Secretary Baker, in a formal statement late today, said the withdrawal of the American troops, which crossed the border last night under orders from Major General DeRosey C. Cabell, commander of the border forces, would be completed as soon as the menace to American life and property along the Rio Grande had been removed. Press dispatches said the withdrawal was under way this afternoon, but the war department had no information to that effect, communication with the border being greatly delayed.

Following the announcement by the secretary, the war department made public orders issued by Major General Menoher, director of air service, directing eighteen airplanes be sent from Ellington and Kelly fields, Texas, to El Paso immediately. The planes, it was said, will be used along the border for observation purposes.

The director of air service also issued an order for the twelfth aero squadron, which will arrive tomorrow at New York from France, where its members saw considerable service at the front, to go direct to El Paso. Crews for the 18 planes will be provided from the personnel of the twelfth squadron.

Secretary Baker, in announcing that American troops had crossed the border, said the operation was with the agreement of the Mexican government and there could be no misunderstanding between the two governments. The movement, he said, was entirely in the interest of protection to life on the American side.

The statement follows:

"There is no possibility of a misunderstanding between the republic of Mexico and the United States with regard to the protection of life on the American side. In many instances previously it has been necessary for the American forces very briefly to cross the border to disperse bandit forces. The sole purpose of the American soldier is to protect life on the American side."

EL PASO MAYOR REGRETS CROSSING.

El Paso, Texas, June 16.—Mayor Charles Davis, of El Paso, issued a statement this afternoon saying he regretted the expedition to Juarez last night because of the bad effect it would have upon the situation in Mexico where Americans owned large interests in districts frequented by Villa.

LAURENS MOB HUNTS FOR NEGRO SLAYER

Dublin, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—A mob, estiamted at from 300 to 600 men, is searching for Huber Cummings, a negro who shot and killed Raymond Cannon, about 12 miles from Dublin, Sunday afternoon. Cummings was last seen when he plunged into Chappell's millpond, 6 miles from the scene of the killing, and there most of the mob has been for nearly 24 hours. He either drowned, escaped or is still hiding in some of the clumps of bushes in the pond, which is large and old.

Sunday afternoon Mr. Cannon was driving his car just a short distance behind the car of Buster Wells, a negro. Wells suddenly stoped and, before Mr. Cannon could stop his car, he bumped into Wells', making a small dent on the gas tank. He and Wells had a short argument about the accident, and had reached an agreement when Cummings came up and advised Wells not to make any agreement. Mr. Cannon immediately told Cummings to "keep his mouth out of it," which enraged Cummings, who ran into his house, just opposite where the accident happened, secured a shotgun and covered Mr. Cannon with it.

Witnesses state that he held the gun on Mr. Cannon for about half a minute, when Mr. Cannon suddenly jerked his pistol and fired at Cummings. The negro fired at the same instant, sending a load of buckshot into Mr. Cannon's face and breast, killing him on the spot. Cummings left at once.

If captured by the mob now hunting him, there is little chance for Cummings to escape lynching. Mr. Cannon was about 30 years of age, and had been back from the army only a short time. He leaves a widow, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Cannon.

MAN WHO KILLED LESTER CLIFTON IS RUSHED AWAY

Lyons, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Lester Clifton, former sheriff of Toombs county, who was stabbed by Joe Elmore near here on the night of May 30, died yesterday morning at the home of his mother. Since he was stabbed he has been lingering between life and death. He was 28 years of age and was one of Toombs county's most popular young men. He was sheriff of Toombs county in 1916, having been elected to fill out the unexpired term of R. J. Partin. He was the son of the late Peter Clifton, who was the representative from Tattnall county when Toombs was created, and who was mayor of Lyons and representati e from Toombs for a number of years.

Feeling against Elmore, the farmhand who stabbed Mr. Clifton, is running high, and in order to avoid the possibility of a lynching he was carried to Savannah last night by Sheriff McLeod.

VALDOSTA TO FINANCE GEORGIA-FLORIDA FAIR

Valdosta, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) One of the most important of the numerous drives the people of Valdosta have participated in will be started on Tuesday morning, when the chamber of commerce and the Rotary club propose to put the Georgia-Florida fair on its feet financially speaking. The fair association needs between $8,000 and $10,000 to properly finance the fair to be held this fall, and it is proposed to raise this sum by stock subscriptions. The Rotarians and the members of the chamber of commerce believe they will be able to distribute this stock in an hour or so Tuesday morning.

NEGROES PLANNING NATIONAL CONVENTION

New Orleans, June 16.—Roscoe Conklin Simmons, of Chicago, was named chairman of a national negro conference which opened here late today to plan a national convention. Equal voting privileges with the white man, federal trial of lynchers and Pullman and better hotel accommodations in the south without intermingling with the whites were among the voiced pleas of several negro speakers.

Decision on the national conference is expected to be made tomorrow.

Ginners to Meet.

Fitzgerald, June 16.—(Special.)—The Ginners' association for the eleventh district will hold their convention in this city June 24. President J. H. Hayes, of the chamber of commerce, will make the address of welcome at the courthouse, and Melvin Paulk, of Ocilla, manager of the Ocilla Cotton Oil mill, will make the response. Honorable Wright T. Paulk, of the Fitzgerald Cotton Oil company, will address the convention on "Co-operation With the Farmers."

MEXICAN AFFAIR STIRS CONGRESS

Some Members Think U. S. Troops Acted to Aid Carranza and That the Americans in Villa Territory Will Be Endangered.

Washington, June 16.—Discussion of Mexican affairs was evoked today in both houses of congress by the crossing of the Rio Grande by American troops.

The subject was brought up in the senate by Senator Watson, republican, of Indiana, who asked whether the sending of troops into Mexico amounted to an invasion of that country ,and whether it was ordered by the president or by the war department. Senator King, democrat, of Utah, joined in the discussion to urge action by the foreign relations committee on pendng resolutions requiring settlement by Mexico of Amercan damage claims, and Senator Falls, republican, of New Mexico, spoke at length on border affairs.

In the house, Representative Gould, republican, of New York, charged that the crossing of the border by American troops "constituted a tacit offensive military alliance btween the United States and Mexico, of which congress had not been apprised."

"If our troops were sent in to protect American citizens and property, I thank God and welcome it," said Senator Fall. "If that was the purpose of invading Mexico, I congratulate the war department. If the purpose was to protect the Carranza garrison in Juarez, then there is no defense for the war department."

Senator Pomerene interrupted to state that he was advised by Secretary Baker that the American objectives was protection of Americans from firing by the Villistas.

In Aid of Carranza.

Senator Fall read a telegram from R. M. Dudley, state senator of El Paso, Texas, stating that the American movement was in aid of Carranza and placed in jeopardy every American in Mexico.

The New Mexico senator declared that President Carranza was unable to protect Americans in Mexico, and charged that news regarding Mexican affairs had been suppressed by the American press at the request of Secretary Lansing.

"Ask for American consular reports in the state department," said Senator Fall. "Ask who murdered Americans at Tampico, whether it was Carranza forces. The state department is full of information from Mexico which should be given publicity. The state department policy is to suppress every particle of news coming from Mexico. Every newspaper has virtually a command—a request from the state department—to suppress Mexican news."

In this connection Senator Fall read a note from the state department, transmitted through the press associations to the newspapers of the country requesting that the newspapers "refrain" from discussing events in Mexico which are calculated to make bad feeling between the two countries.

The New Mexico senator charged that within the last thirty days two Americans were rescued from Acapulco on the west Mexican coast by a British war vessel. Reports from American consuls at Tampico and Tuxpan, he asserted, have been suppressed or given scant publication.

U. S. PROTECTORATE FOR NORTH MEXICO.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Washington, June 16.—Establishment of an American protectorate in Northern Mexico was advocated today by Representative Claude Hudspeth, who represents the El Paso, Texas district. The Texas member will endeavor tomorrow to persuade Acting Secretary of State Polk that such a step is necessary on the ground that the Villista troops will retaliate upon American lives and property for the intervention at Juarez yesterday.

A demand for an explanation of the constitutional authority for the sending of American troops into Mexico was made on the floor of the house by Representatives Gould, republican, of New York, who attacked the administration policy with respect to Mexico, citing facts in the relations with that nation during a period of four years.

When Mr. Gould arose to address the house he was asked by Minority Leader Clark if he had any private information on conditions in Mexico, and the member from New York replied that he had very little.

Hudspeth's Statement.

The statement of Representative Hudspeth follows:

"Now that American troops have occupied Juarez they should remain in Mexico until absolute protection for American lives and property is assured. It is more essential now for Americans to continue in Mexico than it was before General Erwin's troops crossed the border at El Paso Sunday, for the reason that the Villista troops now will endeavor to retaliate and any such attempt will mean the further loss of American lives and property. We have gone into Mexico again, and we should remain there until the job of restoring order in that country is absolutely complete.

"An American protectorate over northern Mexico will have to come eventually and now is the time to start. The protectorate should start from Juarez and gradually extend to all of North Mexico, including all border states. It will be a mistake for the government to show any haste in withdrawing the troops that are now in Mexico."

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days

"LAS-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly and should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.—(adv.)

SHORTER TO HAVE NEW LABORATORIES AND NATATORIUM

Rome, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Contract was given by President Van Hoose, of Shorter college, yesterday for the enlargement of the physical laboratories of the college and for the building of a splendid swimming pool, all work to be finished by the opening of the season in September.

The scientific laboratories of Shorter surprise every visitor to the college; splendid work is being done in physics, chemistry, biology, bacteriology and psychology. As proof of this, Miss Eleanor Willcox, of Rome, who graduated from Shorter at the recent commencement, has been received as a student of the college and physicians and surgeons of New York, the most difficult institution in the country for a woman to gain admission, without any condition whatever, full credit being given for the pre-medical work that she has been able to do at Shorter. The enlargement of these laboratories and the installation of several thousand dollars' new apparatus, means that Shorter will extend its usefulness in the departments of science and that every facility will be afforded for women who attend the college of doing the best work in the various branches of science.

The trustees at their last meeting authorized Dr. Van Hoose to build the swimming pool this summer, and work upon it will be begun next week.

Dean Hickson is spending his summer at the college, superintending the enlargement of the laboratories and the installation of new apparatus.

INDIGESTION LOSS OF APPETITE

And Similar Troubles Helped by Ziron Iron Tonic, Says Alabamian.

"I got a bottle of Ziron," writes Marshall Rhordes, of Eufaula, Ala., "and took it for indigestion, nervousness, loss of appetite and similar troubles. It helped me very much. My mother-in-law suffered with the same troubles, so I gave her a dose or two of Ziron, and she says it helped her greatly. I will always keep a bottle of Ziron in the house and will speak a good word for it, whenever I have the opportunity."

Ziron is a new combination of Iron, with the hypophosphites of lime and soda, and other valuable tonic ingredients, which have been found to build up the enemic, weak, wornout system. Ziron puts iron into your blood when you need it. If you are pale, weak, nervous, depressed, have no appetite, it is probably a sign that your blood needs Iron. Take Ziron.

Your druggist sells it, on a guarantee. See him about it. ZN 6—(adv.)

Your Blood Needs ZIRON



"Same old bus—but I gave it a coat of Berry Brothers *Automobile Color Varnish!"*

Good dealers can supply it



Sanitary MARKET CO. RETAIL AT WHOLESALE

TUESDAY

Veal	7½	Stew
Beef	7½	Stew
Veal	12½	Roast
Beef	12½	Roast
Loin	25	Steak
Round	25	Steak

Sanitary MARKET CO

BUEHLER BROS.

114 Whitehall St.
64 N. Forsyth.

Choice Western Meats

Small Sugar Cured Hams	32c
Picnic Hams	28c
Sliced B. Bacon	45c
Chuck Rib	15c
Beef Pot Roast	12c
Chuck Steak	18c
Veal Roast	12c
Veal Stew	10c
Beef Stew	10c
Mixed Sausage	12½c
Hamburger	15c



BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

WEAR HUFF'S EYEGLASSES

When Baby is Teething

GROVE'S BABY BOWEL MEDICINE will correct the Stomach and Bowel troubles. Perfectly harmless. See directions on the bottle. Price 30c.—(adv.)

The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak

Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the depressing heat of summer by taking GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.—(adv.)

Canning Clubs Meet.

Sylvester, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) Yesterday was the occasion of a large gathering of Worth County Canning club girls and boys and girls pig clubs in convention at the city park here. An interesting program was carried out in the morning, dinner was served on the ground, and various athletic games were enjoyed in the afternoon.



The DICTAPHONE a Great Time-Saver — Says Surety Company

The American Surety Company of New York, writes:

"As a large user of The Dictaphone we are more than pleased to add our testimonial.

"Having installed The Dictaphone in nearly all our agencies throughout the United States, we are led to say that they have proven themselves great time-savers. We cheerfully recommend The Dictaphone to all busy concerns."

Phone or write for a 15-minute demonstration in *your* office, on *your* work.

THE DICTAPHONE

Registered in the U. S. and Foreign Countries

Phone Ivy 286. Call 63 N. Pryor street, Atlanta.

Branch offices also located in the following cities:

Tampa, Jacksonville, Montgomery, Columbus, Brunswick, Valdosta, Savannah, Charleston, Birmingham, Chattanooga, Charlotte, Burlington, Wilmington, Nashville, Knoxville, Memphis

There is but one Dictaphone, trade-marked "The Dictaphone," made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Company

"The Shortest Route to the Mail Chute"

By Request

We will include in our Three Days' Special Sale

Bronze Beaded Black Satin

Genuine Skinner Satin

Hand-turned soles and full Louis Heels—None larger size 5—

Ask your neighbor—she has a pair.



French Bronze—Hand-Beaded

$2.89 $5 and $6 Values.

COME EARLY.

TUESDAY ONLY

Brown Calfskin *As Pictured*

White St. Regis Cloth

$3.89 $6 and $7 Values.



Mail Orders Filled

Turn Soles and full Louis heels.

Signet Shoe Shop

13 Peachtree

What Kind of Quinine Do You Take?

The Quinine used in **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** possesses more Tonic and Strength-Building Qualities than ordinary Quinine.

All Quinine is derived from Cinchona Bark or what is generally known as Peruvian Bark. There are two kinds of Cinchona or Peruvian Bark. The yellow bark and the red bark. The ordinary quinine which is used by physicians and used in the home is made from the yellow Peruvian Bark.

Some 35 years ago, we discovered that the quinine obtained from red Cinchona Bark or red Peruvian Bark contained more tonic and strength-building properties than the quinine obtained from the yellow Peruvian Bark; also that the quinine obtained from the red Peruvian Bark does not cause nervousness or ringing in the head or disturb the stomach like the ordinary quinine obtained from the yellow bark, making it especially adapted to children and delicate adults who cannot retain anything of a nauseating nature.

The quinine obtained from the red bark is very bitter, but by a special process of our own, we have rendered it unsoluble in syrup and, therefore, practically tasteless as is shown in **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic.**

What Kind of Iron Do You Take?

The Iron used in **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** is Specially Treated and does not discolor the Teeth or Injure the Enamel.

It is not in liquid form, but is simply suspended in Syrup and does not dissolve or become a liquid until it is dissolved by the stomach.

Take a look at **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** before you shake the bottle and you will see that all the Iron has settled at the bottom and the Quinine is at the top. If the ordinary Quinine and the ordinary Iron were placed in Syrup, they would dissolve and mix with the Syrup, but in **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** you can see both the Quinine and Iron undissolved.

The Quinine and Iron used in **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** are specially prepared in order to make a tonic in a highly concentrated form which at the same time will be pleasant to take.

Your system needs Quinine to Purify the Blood and Iron to Enrich it. These reliable tonic properties never fail to drive out impurities in the blood.

The Strength-Creating Power of **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** has made it the favorite tonic in thousands of homes.

Your neighbors who have used **Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic** will be glad to tell you just how much they value it as a General Strengthening Tonic.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

destroys Malarial Germs in the Blood and removes the Impurities. It restores Energy and Vitality by creating new, healthy blood. When you feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect, see how it brings Color to the Cheeks and how it Improves the Appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. 60c.

If your skin itches just use



Resinol

For trial free, write Dept. 7-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Resinol Ointment, with Resinol Soap, usually stops itching *instantly*. Unless the trouble is due to some serious internal disorder, it quickly and easily heals most cases of eczema, rash, or similar tormenting skin or scalp eruption, even when other treatments have given little relief. Physicians *prescribe* Resinol extensively. Sold by all druggists.

89 BOYS AT TECH RECEIVE DIPLOMAS

A. D. Sessions, of Marietta, and C. L. Jones, of Arkansas, Receive Medals at Commencement Exercises.

Eighty-nine graduates received diplomas at the commencement exercises of Georgia Tech Monday morning on the Tech campus when Dr. Allen Prosser, director of the federal board for vocational training, made the principal address. The exercises on Monday marked the close of the thirty-first year of the institution, which has been the most successful in the history of the school.

Dr. Prosser, who is directing the training of 100,000 disabled soldiers so that they will be able to earn a livelihood in civil life, made a stirring appeal to the graduates "to play the game according to rules when they started out."

The registrar read the military record of the school which disclosed the fact 166 Tech men were in the service other than the S. A. T. C., and of this number 54 were commissioned officers. In the senior class 30 men enlisted and 14 of these held commissions.

Medals Are Delivered.

The Rev. W. W. Memminger, pastor of All Saints' church, pronounced the invocation, and afterwards delivered the Walter P. Andrews oratorical medal and the Scottish Rite medal. The former was awarded to A. D. Sessions, of Marietta, Ga., and the latter to C. L. Jones, of Arkansas.

Chancellor Barrow, of the University of Georgia, spoke in behalf of that institution of which Tech is a part.

Ex-Governor Nat E. Harris, president of the board of trustees, in a short address bid Godspeed to the graduated.

The exercises closed with the baccalaureate address by the president, Dr. K. G. Matheson and the conferring of degrees. The Tech band furnished music for the occasion.

Governor Hugh M. Dorsey was present and sat on the platform with the faculty.

Sixteen seniors were elected members of the Honor Society of Phi Kappa Phi. They are: A. W. Baker, J. F. Carreker, T. T. Cole, Jr., L. E. Crook, Jr., J. S. Frankel, M. A. Herzog, H. C. Hickenlooper, A. J. MacKay, J. K. Paisley, W. W. Robinson, J. C. Rogers, H. E. Scarborough, B. B. Williams, J. H. Skeen, T. B. Williams, E. G. Zacharias.

List of Graduates.

The list of graduates follows:

Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering—George Washington Blackwell, Jr., Thomas Harper Brittingham, Francis Sibley Bryan, Samuel Kemp Burford, Wilfred Edward Gross, Albert Barnett Hill, Fletcher Lee Holliday, Burnham Brooks Holst, William Loam Market, John Kent Paisley, William Anderson Parker, Jr., Harvey Jordan Powell, Paul Prather, John Cobb Rogers, William Hodnett Saunders, Harry Esmond Scarbrough, Thomas Jenkins Semmes, Benjamin Strauss, Lewis Edgus Wallis, Benjamin Barron Williams.

Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering—Aquilla Woodfin Baker, Richmond Harold Biggers, Jesse Frank Carreker, Howell Nesmith Cobb, Franklin Augustus Cowan, Alfred Carter Crymble, Henry Grady Dickson, William Wendell Duson, Jr., William Wallace Godard, Robert Sherrell Griffith, Thomas Henry Hall, Harlan Coffee Hickenlooper, George Lee Jones, Henry Heiman Lewin, William Leuton McEver, Jess Almond McMurray, Paul Hooper Nichols, Frank Camden Owens, Herbert Lee Richards, Walter Wade Robinson, Clarence Albert Ruggles, Richard Gordon Sanders, John H. Simmons, John Hall Skeen, Wallace Duncan Smith, Francisco Xavier de Souza, Netto; Thomas Brooks Williams, Raleigh Johnson Wise, Warren Gardner Young.

Co-operative—Thomas Roe Curtis, Henry Cleveland Davis, Jr.

Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering—John Neil Bohannon, Howard Davis Cutter, Jr., Albert Ernest Dowman, Jr., Ferrel Hightower Frasuer, Julius Fredrich Hanneman, Jr., Alfred James MacKay, Daniel Laug Scharff, Clayton Perry Smith, Eugene Gans Zacharias.

Bachelor of Science in Textile Engineering—Frank Boykin Bradley, Joe Slaughter Frankel, Charles Harold Simon, William Archibald Wilcox.

Bachelor of Science in Engineering Chemistry—Clifford Edwin Alden, Tom Cole, Jr., Louis Milton Gill, Max Albert Herzog, William Richard Hucks, Kendrick Crow Jackson, George Dewey King, Max Kuniansky.

Bachelor of Science in Architecture—Tilden DuBignon Adkins, Cletus William Bergen, Lewis Edmund Crook, Jr., Harry Isadore Mirsch, Joseph Williams Kreis, Jr.

Bachelor of Science in Commerce—George Pinkney Howard, Jr., Leonard Booker Pattillo.

Bachelor of Commercial Science—Hal Shipley Daniell, James Martin Fraser, Charles Hill Gordon, John Clement Russell, James Waddell Setze, Jr., Annie Teitlebaum Wise.

Certificate in Two-Year Textile Course—Alden McLellan, III., Rowland Knox Rudicil.

Certificate in Two-Year Architecture Course—Charles Lewis Armsby, McKendree Augustus Tucker.

BOY SCOUT CAMPAIGN NOW NEARING SUCCESS

Telegrams from all sections of the state are pouring into the Georgia headquarters for the boy scout drive from the various chairmen, and indicate that the drive, although lagging for the first few days, will end in success.

Ely R. Callaway, chairman of the Georgia campaign committee, urges that all reports be sent to him by mail.

"Every indication points to Georgia being over the top in the boy scout campaign," said Mr. Callaway. "From the reports that I have received over the week-end, it shows that probably by Wednesday night every county in Georgia will have attained its quota.

"It is true that the campaign for the first part of the week was very slow, owing to the lack of workers and lack of communication. These causes have been remedies and the campaign is in very good shape.

"With Atlanta over the top and acting as an inspiration for the entire state, the boy scout movement received great encouragement. On Flag day it is almost a certainty that there was as large a number of associate memberships received as during the first days of the campaign."

In many of th counties the campaign did not actively begin until Wednesday or Thursday, and in these places reports will not be made until Wednesday. Mr. Callaway is leaving it to the discretion of his chairmen to continue the drive in those places where the figures are not in keeping with the allotted quota.

INCREASE IS SHOWN IN RETURNS MADE BY SOUTHERN BELL

An increase in the value of the physical property of the Southern Bell Telephone company of $280,000 is shown in their tax returns made to Comptroller General Wright. The total valuation of the company, according to the 1919 figures, is $7,175,905.

Last year returns were made on $6,895,886. Of this amount $1,737,409 was given as franchise value, and the rest as the worth of the physical property.

The physical property valuation for this year is set at $5,438,496, while the franchise value remains the same. The company will have to pay in state taxes alone, which has the lowest rate of any collected, $35,879.53, against about $34,000 last year.

THREE MORE MACHINES STOLEN HERE MONDAY

Automobile thieves have resumed their activities in Atlanta during the last 24 hours, three automobiles being reported stolen, according to the police. A. J. Ivey, who lives on the Mason and Turner road, reported early Monday night that his large Sutz car, valued at $3,000, had been stolen. The car was painted red and was practically new.

J. E. Kilby, of 279 North Moreland avenue, reported the loss of a Ford car, which was stolen in front of his home. F. O. Truitt, of 93 Peachtree place, notified the police that his eight-cylinder Oldsmobile touring car had been stolen. The car was a seven-passenger.

Oil Mill Destroyed.

Sylvester, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) About 3 o'clock this morning, fire was discovered in the oil mill of the Sylvester Oil and Fertilizer company of this place, and the fire was under such headway when the fire department reached the scene that practically the entire mill except the seed house was destroyed, including two freight cars loaded with peanut meal. The damage is estimated anywhere from $25,000 to $40,000.

MANY GEORGIA BOYS ARRIVE IN NEW YORK

New York, June 16.—(Special.)—United States transports arriving here have brought the following Georgians from overseas:

Lieutenant Edward H. Anchors, Warrenton; Private Lyman A. Dunn, Route 2, Devereaux; Private Clarence Wilson, 57 Chattanooga avenue, Dalton; Private Samuel Patton, 862 Third street, Macon; Private Frank Skinner, Norcross; Private Paul L. Williams, Metter; Private Henry C. Preston, 112 Hazel street, Macon; Corporal Maurice M. Acree, Wrightsville; Private Walter H. Smith, Sargent; Private Allen B. Ivey, 345 Habersham street, Savannah; Private John E. Harrison, Vaudelt; Private James H. Goldsmith, Stone Mountain; Private Joe B. Stevens, Camilla; Private Frank B. Hathcock, Canton; Corporal John L. Rogers, Tunnel Hill; Private Marvin Worthy, Route 1, Grayson; Private James C. Anderson, 706 Virginia avenue, College Park; Sergeant John F. McGlaughlin, 13 Vania street, Atlanta; Private Solomon G. Cohen, 211 Fourth street, Augusta; Private John W. Johnson, Juniper; Lieutenant Coke R. Connally, Molena; Sergeant William R. Gibson, 515 West Eleventh street, Rome; Private William H. Merritt, Route 1, Conyers; Captain Alexander R. Fawcett, 202 Bolton, West Savannah; Lieutenant Roland Wickham, West Point; Private Solomon Deich, Waynesboro; Private Charles F. Lyles, Cochran; Corporal Charlie A. Harrell, Quitman; Private Charlie T. Wicker, Route 3, Lovette; Private Frank M. Mills, Route 2, Pennville; Captain Alfred H. Crovatt, Brunswick; Private Walter S. Bailey, 2068 Ellis avenue, Augusta.

Sergeant Tom W. Parker, Statesboro; Private Stanton L. Hamer, 2119 Second avenue, Columbus; Private Robert L. F. Fuller, 435 Broad street, Columbus; Private Frank J. Chambley, 3064 Sixth avenue, Columbus; Private Walter Webb, Route 1, Chickamauga; Lieutenant Gordon L. Burke, Macon; Private Otto L. Avery, Route 1, Marietta; Musician John G. Hardwick, 60 Alexander street, Atlanta; Musician Jerry Kodatt, Bainbridge; Private Bernard E. Williamson, Farmsdale; Private Daniel D. Nix, 1813 Nix street, Augusta; Private Carlos C. Branch, Blakely; Cook John J. Gaddis, Calhoun; Private John Glover, Spread; Captain George R. Brown, 53 Cedar street, Carrollton; Lieutenant Reuben Tuck, Loganville; Wagoner Ezra Carpenter, Eston street, Atlanta; Wagoner Allen G. Jeffer, Route 1, Ogeechee; Corporal James A. Hurley, 128 Juniper street, LaGrange; Wagoner John W. Ruddock, Route 1, Box 80, Thomson; Private Corbert J. Smith, Route 1, Lexington; Corporal Lester G. Shearouse, Marlow; Wagoner Jack J. Richardson, Adel; Captain Richard H. Johnston, 871 Mulberry street, Macon; Private Clyde H. Haynes, Villa Rica; Private Charles M. Hawkins, Ashburn; Private Fred A. Johnson, Ocilla; Corporal Herman T. Johnson, Sylvester; Private James E. Hearn, Route 4, McDonough; Private Joe O. White, Route 1, Maysville; Private Stanley I. Lappa, 116 West Twelfth street, Rome; Private John D. Harris, Rome; Sergeant Bennie A. Akins, Union Point; Private Loomond S. Henley, Holly Springs; Private Charles N. Holmes, LaGrange; Private Ottis R. Weatherford, Route 3, Athens; Private Fred Levin, 115 East Ellis street, Atlanta; Sergeant Walter R. Reynolds, Newnan.

Corporal William H. Rosler, Route 5, Sylvania; Private Grady R. Seaborn, Hephzibah; Corporal William B. Estes, Atlanta; Lieutenant Vernon M. Wimberly, 109 Washington avenue, Macon; Sergeant Hightower Rainey, 122 Cleveland avenue, Macon; Private Charlie H. Williams, Route 1, Box 4, Brownwood; Corporal John T. Tucker, 23 York street, Atlanta; Private George P. Charping, Route 4, Monticello; Private Excell E. Prescott, 506 Pine street, Dublin; Private William L. Richmond, Route 2, Varnell; Private James W. Cook, 412 Fourteenth street, Columbus; Private William L. Fordham, Wigham; Sergeant Howard R. Duvall, 152 Davis street, Atlanta; Private Horace Jackson, Stephans; Private John A. Cook, Attapulgia; Private William E. Richardson, Canton; Private Clark T. Spratlin, Lincolnton; Private Neal L. Brown, Cannon; Private George B. Stanford, 23 Ebberheart street, Atlanta; Private Edward T. Jackson, Route 1, Ashland; Sergeant Claude E. Brooks, Oconee street, Athens; Sergeant James F. Mashburn, Route 4, Doerun; Sergeant Allen T. Bell, Maxeys; Private William A. Russell, Fourth street, Gadsen; Private Russell S. Dixon, Duffy street, Savannah; Corporal Ben F. Hilliard, Bristol; Private Henry A. Jones, Elm street, Calhoun; Corporal Amos B. Adams, Route A, Hazelhurst; Private Willis F. Livingston, Columbus; Private Henry F. Chaplin, Route B, Savannah; Corporal George P. McEntire, Adairsville; Cook James W. Harper, Route 3, Griffin; Mechanic Harrison C. Godfrey, Ranger; Mechanic Martin L. Griner, 1414 Green street, Augusta; Sergeant John W. Ellis, Route 1, Denton; Private Joe K. Martin, Ellijay; Private Milton E. Caldwell, Box 97, Austell; Private Jonah S. Davis, Danielsville; Mechanic William McCard, Thomaston; Corporal Hugh W. Middleton Byronville.

Private Alman Clement, Cummings; Private Charlie Marler, 252 Roswell street, Marietta; Private William H. White, Lindale; Private Benjamin B. Eckles, Eastman; Private Dove H. Richardson, Hogansville; Private Preston R. Chaffin, Barnesville; Corporal Orren J. North, Dupont; Private Howard A. Holton, Sale City; Private William S. Hunnicutt, Route 3, Macon; Private Charles A. Coley, Ray City; Sergeant Willie L. Lassetter, Carrollton; Private Claude Anderson, Route 2, Grovetown; Sergeant Layman Cathern, Denton; Corporal Buren Coleman, Metter; Private Henry B. Dykes, Hazelhurst; Private Wallace E. Eddenfield, Route 1, Stillmore; Corporal Thomas J. Gleaton, Route 2, Warwick; Private Elmer V. James, Route 5, Cordele; Private Jesse D. Mitchell, Route 4, Marietta; Private Non F. Prosser, 17 Jackson street, Milledgeville; Private John P. Reardon, Stone Mountain; Private Archie Kendall, 180 East Pine street, Atlanta; Private Bernie C. Henderson, Alma; Corporal William E. Parrish, Route 2, Summitt; Private William M. Cofield, Domestic; Private Clark R. Wilcox, North Main street, Statesboro; Private Remus Reeves, Culloden; Private Richard J. Richardson, Route 2, Smithville; Private John G. Bishop, Ty Ty; Private Sam T. Hudson, 824 Second avenue, Columbus; Corporal Charlie O. Spann, Dalton; Private Thadeys F. Brigham, Gerard; Private John M. Whittle, Fitzgerald; Private Mack D. Hewitt, Alpaha; Corporal George W. Hamby, Cochran; Private Abraham Mercer, Quitman; Captain Albert E. Martin, Coosa street, Rome; Captain Charles E. Martin, Culloden; Captain Calvert H. Arnold, Wrightsville; Sergeant Frank Maxey, Lovejoy; Private Allen H. Willingham, Route 8, Rome; Private Ruebush Mitchell, Tifton.

Private Stamat Sampson, 315 Madison street, Thomasville; Private John C. Mansfield, Route 1, Tucker; Corporal Hubert Bolton, Chamblee; Private Leroy Dinkins, 115 Arlington street, East Macon; Private Jack Wilkerson, Morgan; Corporal Ben C. Lynch, Route 1, Box 62, Columbus; Private General Pruitt, Box 8, Eagan; Wagoner Joseph J. Pitts, Norman Park; Wagoner Shelton Beecher, Baxley; Private Christopher R. Stanford, Glenwood; Corporal William E. Boone, 80 Whitehall terrace, Atlanta; Lieutenant John H. Terrell, Lavonia; Cook William H. Brabham, Millhaven; Private William McDonald, Route 2, Ashland; Private Curtis M. Thompson, Baxley; Private Nick Carter, East Point; Private Richard T. Wright, Perkins; Wagoner Richard Lashley, Pelham; Wagoner Ira B. Lewis, Nahunta; Wagoner John G. London, Route 3, Cleveland; Private Charlie A. Knott, Atlanta; Mechanic George D. Davis, Route 1, Milan; Cook Genie R. Morris, Leary; Private Fred Meddley, Route 25, Rosewell; Sergeant Willie M. Berrong, Tiger; Sergeant William Cantrell, 121 Juniper street, Atlanta; Corporal James G. Cooper, Athens; Corporal William M. Cribb, Norman Park; Sergeant Amos Cash, Lindale; Lieutenant Gustavus J. Bass, 354 St. Charles avenue, Atlanta; Private Wiley Boyd, Valdosta; Private Cornelius E. Bryant, 228 Montgomery street, Savannah; Corporal Jack Cook, Rex; Private Ernest Singleton, Ochlochnee; Private James L. Thomas, St. George; Private George Arnold, Route 3. Sergeant Henry G. Pennel, Dalton; Private Walter C. Palmer, Route 3, Summit; Private Dee Anderson, Lafayette.

Private William Wheeler, 45 Edward street, Atlanta; Mechanic Joseph J. Horton, Wrightsville; Lieutenant Edgar A. Rabey, 407 Forty-First street, West, Savannah; Sergeant Raymond T. Pierce, 340½ Hunter street, Atlanta; Sergeant Edward P. Freeman, 15 East avenue, Atlanta; Private Oscar B. Cave, 31 Green street, Augusta; Private John Edelmann, Atlanta; Corporal Bryan Elliott, Orange; Private Charles O. Stone, 923 South Pryor street, Atlanta; Bugler Joe D. Wagoner, Hampton, Private Dave Alsobrook, Herbertsville; Corporal Ernest M. Irwin, 100 West Fair street, Atlanta; Private Newton Shirler, Route 5, Gainesville Hall; Bugler Edward J. Johnston, 702 Moon avenue, Augusta; Lieutenant Malcolm B. Jones, 839 Gordon street, Atlanta; Private Moses Gorseman, Savannah; Private John Watson, 959 Third avenue, Columbus; Private Grady, Graham.

B. H. S. SENIORS

Will Receive Diplomas Tuesday Night.

One of the largest graduating classes in the history of the Boys' High school will receive diplomas at the annual graduating exercises Tuesday night. The commencement program begins at 8:15 o'clock, and hundreds of Atlantans are expected to see the young men win the coveted sheepskins.

This is the sixty-sixth annual commencement of the institution, which numbers among its alumni many of Atlanta's most prominent business and professional men.

Commercial High school's graduating exercises follow Wednesday night at the Auditorium; Tech High on Thursday, and the Girls' High school on Friday night at the Auditorium. Superintendent of Schools W. F. Dykes will preside at the exercises of Boys' High school, and Paul H. Fleming, president of the Atlanta board of education, will deliver the certificates.

A large orchestra has been engaged for the evening, and the announcement of the winners of the many scholarships will be made.

Valedictorian's honor was won by Reid Carlisle, first honor man and president of the senior class. Carlisle is regarded as one of the most brilliant students ever attending the institution. George Bartlett, class orator, will deliver the address of the evening, and his subject is announced as "The Cosmoplitan High School."

Those graduating are:

E. M. Adams, Jr., Ernest Henley, James Alsabrook, George Bartlett, Homer Bond, Reid Carlisle, Albert H. Cochran, Odell Dannenbrink, William E. Dendy, George Echols, Gillespie Enloe, Joe Finklestein, George P. Freeman, Jr., J. D. Garrett, Francis Hammack, Earl Hancock, Bert Harless, S. J. Heiman, Marion Henley, M. L. Holcomb, J. W. Honour, Edmund W. Hurt, Watrous Irons, Herschell Jackson, Oren Jackson, Emory Jenks, Richard D. Keane, William H. Lawson, Jr., Abner Lichtenstein, Tom G. Lintieum, Davis McAdams, Watson Mathews, Harry Markales, Alexis A. Marshall, Ed G. Norris, J. Flynn Nance, Jr., Henry Nevin, Sidney Ney, Eugene Noyes, William Russell Phillips, Prescott Price, Max Ross, Alex Rosenfeld, Earl Sargent, Davis Seaborn, Jr., John Shuey, J. J. Simpson, Milton M. Smith, Douglas Stephens, George Stevens, Troy B. Stone, Charles D. Tuller, Terrell H. Tumlin, Elkin Vogt, Earl Watson, Carlton Whitehead, Edward Wright.

SHEP SAVES CHILDREN FROM DOG'S ATTACK

Cordele, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Shep, a faithful yard dog on the plantation of J. R. Williams, a prominent farmer of this county, is this morning wearing a distinguished service medal with which he has been decorated for unusual presence of mind and heroic action in battle with a mad dog headed toward three little children over whom Shep was keeping guard as they played.

Shep's first act, after scenting the presence somewhere in the neighborhood of the mad animal, was to go to the house and by whining in an unusual manner, make an effort to acquaint the parents of the impending danger to the children. Failing in this he returned to his charge and as the mad dog approached engaged him in a bloody battle which lasted for several minutes, during which the children ran to safety.

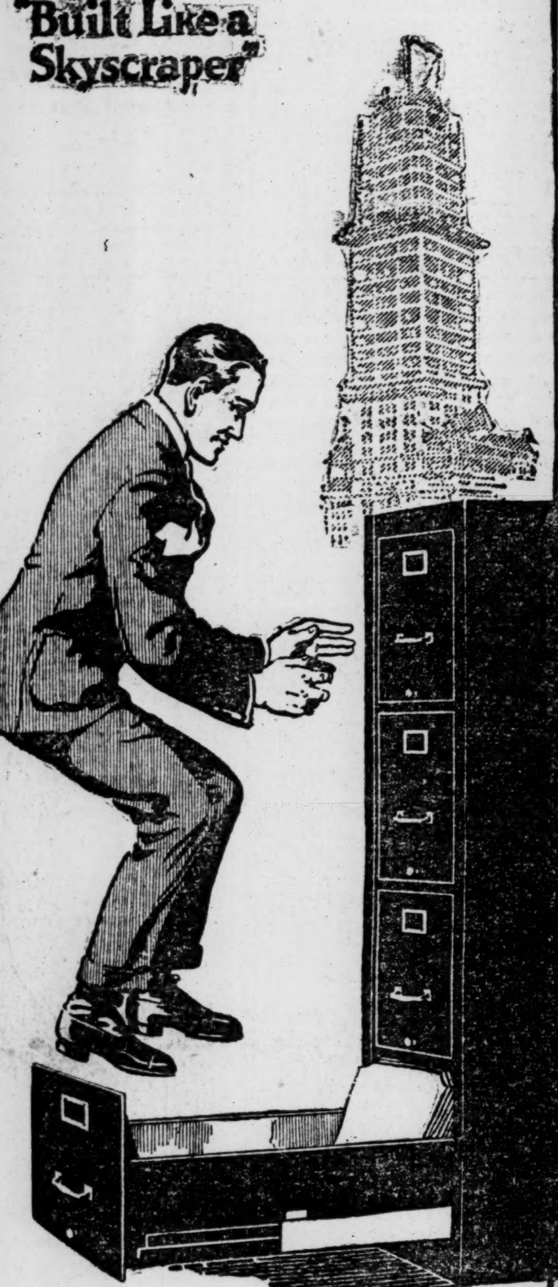
Shep came out victorious in the death grapple but was severely wounded. He is undergoing treatment of skilled physicians to prevent rabies.

Valdosta Doubles Quota.

Valdosta, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) Valdosta more than doubled its quota of associate Boy Scouts in the drive just closed. The city was asked for 150 members, and in one hour more than 300 had been secured. W. M. Oliver was chairman of the movement.

Georgia P. O. Discontinued.

Washington, June 16.—The postoffice at Centaur, Bibb county, Ga., will be discontinued June 30.



Jump into the open drawer. Jump hard! You can't harm it. The drawer will still "coast" in or out at a touch afterward.

SHAW-WALKER STEEL LETTER FILES

RIGID? Yes! A skyscraper won't sag. Or a solid piece of steel won't sag. Shaw-Walker Steel Letter Files are skyscrapers *plus* solid steel.

Electric welding makes the whole file one piece. No nuts—bolts—rivets—rods—screws.

Drawers will run silent, smooth, speedy a hundred years. Non-rebounding, too. *Stay* shut without superfluous mechanism.

Compare a Shaw-Walker with the files in your office. It will show why we say "Money back if you ever used a better file." Phone for one today.

WOOD FILES

Shaw-Walker also manufactures a complete line of filing cabinets in wood; as well as Standardized Supplies for all files.

HORNE DESK & FIXTURE CO.

W. A. HORNE, President — NEWTON C. WING, Sec'y and Treas.

Phone Ivy 1158

Desks, Chairs and Commercial Furniture, Card and Filing Systems, Filing Devices in Wood and Steel. Steel Safes, Lockers and Sectional Office Partitions.

93 N. Pryor St. ATLANTA

Store Opens at Nine. Shop Early in the Day

Why Not Dust and Scrub Efficiently?

Helps are plentiful and we know of no place better to buy them than in our Housewares Shop. There's something here you need—something to make the humble mop or duster a handier thing and hence to relieve you:

Harvard Wall Dusters $1.85
Harvard Floor Dusters $1.85
Harvard Handle Dusters 60c
Harvard Cloth Dusters 35c
O'Cedar Oil Mops 75c, $1.00, $1.50
O'Cedar Oil: 4-oz., 25c; 12-oz., 50c; quart, $1.00
2-qt., $1.50; 4-qt. $2.50
Wall Dusters—10 and 14-inch good heavy thread 50c, 75c
Scrub Mops—fine thread, good quality, medium weight 50c, 75c
14-inch Hair Floor Brush for hardwood floors. $2.00
10-inch Hair Floor Brush to use with dust pan 75c
Long-handle Dust Pans (NO STOOPING) ... 75c
Adjustable Mop Handles (use any cloth in these) 25c
Adjustable Scrub Brush Handles 50c
12-inch Adjustable Fiber House Broom $1.00
14-inch Adjustable Fiber House Broom $1.25
16-inch Adjustable Fiber House Broom $1.50

Broom Special Today

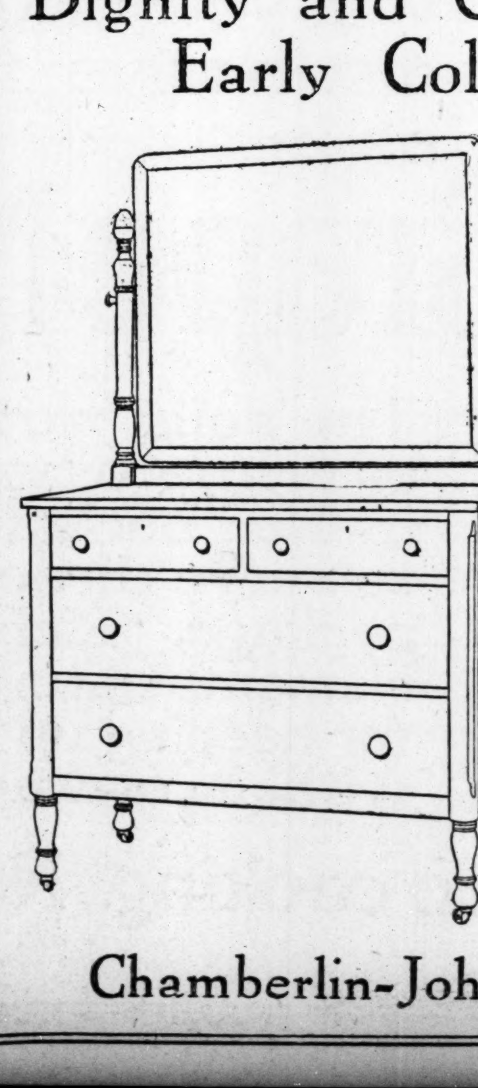
Extra quality all-corn Broom, polished handle 95c
Good qaulity all-corn Broom 50c

—Downstairs—Elevator.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Store Opens at Nine.

Dignity and Comfort in This Early Colonial Suite



The dresser illustrated forms part of a very pleasing early Colonial Bedroom suite finished in dull red mahogany. It consists of

4-Poster Bed, Dresser, Chest of Drawers, Dressing Table With Three Mirrors, Chair Rocker Bench

Comfortableness is a characteristic of the early Colonial period furniture. The practical pioneers made strength and durability essentials in all their building, and their furniture, therefore, shows dignity. It is in striking contrast with some of the European styles designed rather for ornamentation than for practical service.

This suite is a faithful copy of a fine Colonial model.

—Furniture—Fourth Floor.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.



JUNE WHITE SALE of SOROSIS SHOES

The highest standard of quality of the shoemakers' art, have stood—*The* TEST *of* TIME

We have had built into our footwear such merit, such character, such real value, as we have felt would merit us the lasting patronage of the public.

White Oxfords

White Kid Oxfords, with full Louis heels $10.85
White Kid Oxfords, with military heels $9.85
White Canvas Oxfords, with full Louis heels $6.75
White Canvas Oxfords, with military heels $6.75
White Canvas Sport Oxfords, as low in price as $4.85

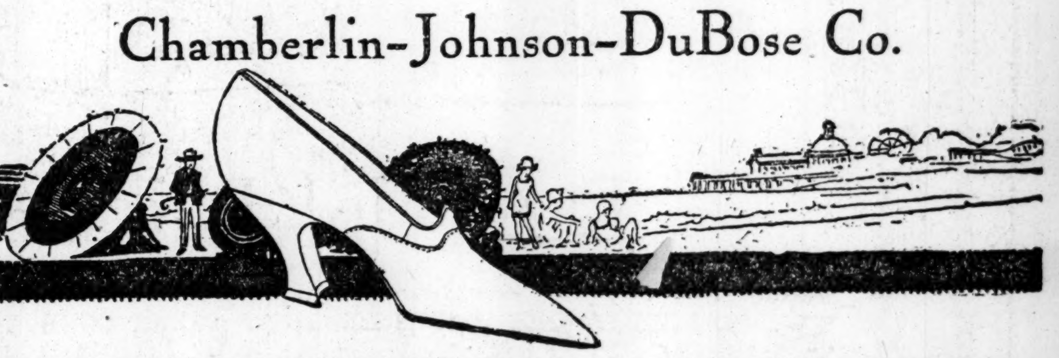
White Canvas Pumps

White Canvas Pumps, with leather soles and leather Cuban heels $4.75
White Canvas Pumps, with military or Louis heels $6.75

New Styles for Summer Arriving Daily

—Shoe Department, Main Floor

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.



Store Opens at Nine

This Corset Fabric "Breathes" and Is Wonderfully Cool



Light and pliable as can be, this Grecian-Treco is the most comfortable corset fabric in the world. Molds perfectly to the figure because of its texture. Its porous construction makes it cool because it admits the air.

Bien-Jolie Grecian-Treco Corsets are masterfully made of this fabric



They do not wrinkle or split—they launder perfectly—they are cut and built on correct lines. Boning positively will not rust. Their fabric and their construction make them the most comfortable corsets you can possibly buy.

Topless, low and medium models with short, medium or long skirts in Front or Back Lace ..... $3.50 to $10.00

Handsomer models in finer quality, including two Silk Jersey Specials $15.00

All models fitted free of charge.

—Corset Shop—Second Floor.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

STRIPPING AMERICA OF MEAT FOR EUROPE

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Washington, June 16.—Increasing reports are reaching Washington that American exporters, particularly the packers, are flooding Europe with American provisions and merchandise, and there is grave danger of serious loss because of inadequate storage. These latest words on the situation, which indicates that the American market is being stripped of meats for export to European countries not able to consume them, comes from Nels A. Rengtson, American trade commission at Christiana, Norway. Mr. Rengtson's report says:

"Large shipments of American goods are continuing to arrive every week. At the present time the piers are overcrowded, and the warehouses are reported full, so that congestion of the docks seems imminent. The practice of consigning great quantities of merchandise is carried to extremes. In this respect the American packing concerns are now the greatest offenders.

Shipments of meat greatly beyond the capacity of the Norwegian market to absorb in the near future are being received and complaints are made by the local interests that not enough attention is paid by exporters to the question of kinds of meat needed for the trade. The excessive shipments and the inadequate storage facilities threaten to cause a loss of merchandise which it seems could be avoided by more careful attention paid to the trade demand. Two or three American firms have also sent lumber consignments here, which are provoking criticism on the part of local importers. It is claimed that the lumber sent is of poor quality, and not the kind needed in the Norwegian trade."

DUSKY WALLINGFORDS GET FARMER'S MONEY

John Campbell, a negro farmer of Haralson county, came to Atlanta Monday morning with visions of eating every fried mullet on Decatur street, but his plans came to nothing when he met two Willingfords of Dusky hue on Marietta street. According to the tale he told the Atlanta police, the sharpers worked the ancient pocket-book game on the unsuspecting John, and as a result of their industry, he is shy the amount of sixty dollars. No arrests as yet have been made, and Campbell has gone back home, a bit poorer, but wise in the lore of city "con" games.



Founded 1886

Daniel Bros. Company

Headquarters for Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

45 to 49 Peachtree

The back looks right

YOUR back is just as important as the front of your clothes; you don't see it, but others do; better have it look right, too.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes have just as good appearance in the back as in front; the lines from shoulder to waist are very important; the curve of the lapel, the setting of the pockets; all are placed for a perfect effect.

Lots of other good points in them

Join the Navy It Pays P.O. Bldg.

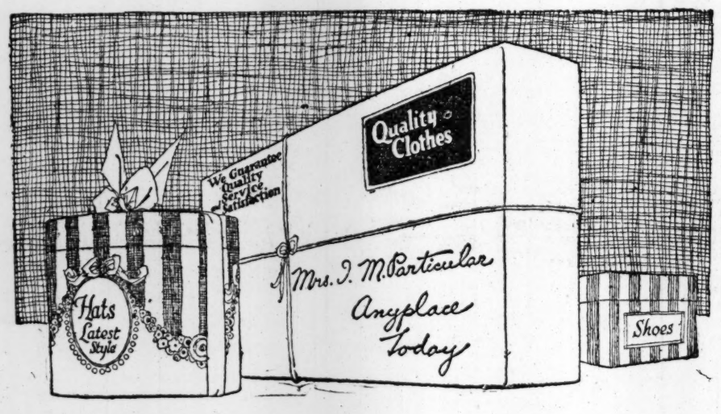
Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Outfitters to all men

Daniel Bros. Company

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

45 to 49 Peachtree



Dress Up---Buy Up

Bed-rock buying means making a dollar count for 100 cents in value. Quality buying means that, too.

Don't think that the finer goods aren't for you. Just because they're fine, just because they're higher priced, doesn't mean they really cost more. Service, satisfaction—these are the true, the only just measure of cost. And style always goes with quality. It surely is worth while to pay enough to get style and comfort and long service in a suit or blouse for instance, even at a seemingly high first cost.

There's "value received" in knowing you have secured an exclusive model, in having a satin lining, in hand tailored details, in that indefinable something that stamps the garment as real.

There is added pleasure, not only in **buying** good merchandise, but in **owning** it.

One is never haunted by an apologetic feeling while wearing the obviously good. One is always appraising oneself at a higher value because of it—and naturally so is the world.

If you are denying yourself quality and style, the chances are you're doing it at the expense of your pocketbook as well as of your peace of mind. It's a good idea to insure yourself against future disappointment by paying enough to obtain real quality, and a good way to begin is to

SHOP FIRST in

THE CONSTITUTION

BRITAIN SOUNDS WITH HURRAHS FOR AIR KINGS

Great Reception Planned in London for Alcock and Brown Who Crossed Atlantic in an Airplane.

EXPERIENCES TOLD BY THE TWO AIRMEN

Only Once in Real Danger—They Did Not Feel Hungry During Flight, But Were Extremely Thirsty.

London, June 16.—London celebrated today the achievement of the two British airmen who yesterday completed the first non-stop transatlantic flight, meanwhile preparing for a formal reception to the air victors, Captain John Alcock and Lieutenant Arthur W. Brown.

Formal examination of the Vickers-Vimy bombing type airplane in which the two men flew 1,650 nautical miles in 16 hours and 12 minutes from St. John's, N. F., to Clifden, near Galway, Ireland, has been completed by Aero club officials, who found the seals intact on the marked parts of the airplane, thus officially establishing the authenticity of the flight.

Meanwhile, the aviators, tired, but happy, are on their way to London, and may reach here tomorrow. Both are well, but Lieutenant Brown, the navigator of the plane, suffered bruises on the nose and face when the machine landed in a bog. The bilane was badly damaged and may have to be dismantled.

Dog and Cat as Mascots.

Features of the trip were the carrying of the first aerial mail across the Atlantic, and the transportation of two mascots—a dog and a cat.

Captain Alcock, describing his experiences while flying at an altitude of 11,000 feet, said:

"It was hailing and snowing. The machine became covered with ice by 6 o'clock in the morning and remained so until an hour before we landed. My radio shutter and water temperature andicator were covered with ice four or five hours. Lieutenant Brown continually had to climb up in the fuselage to chip off the ice with a knife. The air speed indicator also gave trouble, being full of frozen particles which came out when we descended to a lower altitude an hour before landing."

The aviators said they did not feel hungry during the flight, but were extremely thirsty.

'For a time," Captain Alcock said, "we spoke to each other through the communication telephones, but these broke down after four hours, and we had to discard them. Then I had to shout to Lieutenant Brown. Most of our 'conversectino, as well as the main spar of other on the shoulder and going through the motions of drinking."

Seals Were Intact.

Major Mayo, of the Aero club, inspected the Vickers-Vimy machine in which Captain Alcock and Lieutenant Brown crossed the Atlantic and found the seals on the marked parts of the biplane intact. In landing, the pylons of the center section, as wel las the main spar of the lower plane, were broken, but the steel construction of the fusilage saved the machine from further damage. The two engines and smoothly throughout the flight, and when the airplane landed there were still 290 gallons of petrol left in the tank, sufficient for a further flight of ten hours.

The arrival of the machine, the dispatch states, caused tremendous excitement among the soldiers, wireless operators and others at the Clifden wireless station. Dressed mainly in pajamas and coats, the men rushed to the spot where the machine landed, which was about a mile from the station, and got wet to the skin in the swampy bog.

The Aero club is making plans for a reception and banquet for Captain John Alcock on his arrival in London. It is expected that he may participate in the victory aerial derby around London next Saturday and, if possible, drive the machine in which he crossed the Atlantic.

When the Vickers-Vimy biplane, driven by Captain John Alcock, was first sighted crossing the Irish coast, says a dispatch to The Daily Mail from Clifden, Galway, an airplane flew out from the Oranmore airdrome to render assistance. This machine landed near the Vimy but, unfortunately, was wrecked, owing to the softness of the ground.

What Brown Said to Alcock.

When the Vickers-Vimy machine landed, Lieutenant Arthur W. Brown, the navigator, said to Captain Alcock:

"What do you think of that for fancy navigating?" And the pilot of the machine responded: "Very good." The two men who had just completed an epoch-making voyage then shook hands.

When assistance reached the machine, the two aviators were helped to the ground and it was found that Lieutenant Brown was slightly injured on the nose and mouth by the jolt given the machine when it struck the ground. Both men were deaf and dazed and were unable to walk steadily for some minutes. They quickly recovered, however, and were escorted to the wireless station in triumph, being given the best hospitality available. They distributed cigarettes as souvenirs, and gave away the small dog and cat which were mascots during the journey. The entire equipment was rain-soaked by the downpour during the journey.

Describing the trip, the aviators said they had a very trying ordel, Captain Alcock saying that the sun came out only once when the biplane had attained a height of 11,000 feet. Only three astronomical observations were possible during the vooge. The altitude of the machine varied from a few feet from the water to 13,000 feet, and the fliers never sighted a single ship.

"I did not know once during the night whether I was upside down or not," said Captain Alcock. "Once we ascended hurriedly when we saw the green Atlantic only thirty feet below."

The breaking away of the propeller generating current for the wireless apparatus soon after the start prevented the men from communicating with the shore.

Didn't Tell Alcock of Accident.

When it happened Lieutenant Brown noticed that the propeller had carried away with it one of the stay wires, but he did not tell Captain Alcock until after they had landed at Clifden. When Alcock learned of the incident, he said: "I would have turned back had I known."

Weather conditions were very bad during the trip and Lieutenant Brown had to climb from his seat to clear the ice away from the petrol guage.

After breakfast, Lieutenant Brown went to bed, while Captain Alcock inspected the machine. The lieutenant, however, was unable to sleep and soon got up. By noon both were looking perfectly well and willingly distributed autographs to admirers. Captain Alcock wanted to fly to England in a borrowed plane, but his companion observed: "I have had enough flying for a bit."

Captain Alcock exhibited a rain-soaked letter which he had been asked to mail if the flight was successful, saying: "I am the first trans-Atlantic postman."

The two aviators said they were only once in real danger, when the machine went into a flat spin, owing to the pilot being unable to tell how the machine was moving. Lieutenant Brown, noticing that the compass needle was swinging from side to side—the first indication that something was wrong—managed to get Captain Alcock to understand the difficulty. The machine traveled at a rate of 140 miles an hour at times and the pilot once found himself diving straight toward the surface of the ocean. He was so near the water that he had to "snatch" the machine from its dive so quickly that it almost looped the loop. He says the machine would have crumped up had it touched the water at the speed was then traveling.

Alcock's Mother Had Faith.

The Manchester home of John Alcock, pilot of the Vickers-Vimy biplane, which on Sunday morning completed its flight across the Atlantic from New Foundland by landing at Clifden, Ireland, was besieged by visitors yesterday, the callers standing in line to shake hands with Captain Alcock's mother. She said, during the day:

"I had faith in my son. He told me he would make the flight safely."

Captain Sexton, chief of the United States naval staff in London, commenting on Captain Alcock's flight today, said:

"It was a very fine performance. The United States navy will be only too pleased to extend congratulations."

Major Murray, of the United States army service, has telegraphed the following message to Captain John Alcock at Clifden, Ireland:

"As the representative of the United States army air service in Great Britain, I take great pleasure in extending to you and your splendid crew heartest congratulations on your brilliant achievement."

JOLLY WELL PLEASED WHEN THEY SAW COAST.

The correspondent endeavored to get Alcock to describe the impressions he had during the flight, while the aviator was at Clifden today.

"It is difficult to sum them up," said Alcock. "It is curious to be able to say that I had no sense of remoteness. I have done considerable night flying and any sense of loneliness has worn off long ago. I do not think that either of us had any thought of what we were flying over, being merely intent on getting across.

"We wanted to get the job done and I can tell you we were jolly well pleased when we saw the coast."

"I believe the great secret of long distance flying under such condi tions as we experienced is to nurse your engine," he continued. "I never opened the throttle once. The machine itself has a speed of ninety miles an hour, but without opening the throttle and with a following wind we averaged 120."

Emphasizing the bodily comfort of the passage, Captain Alcock said: "I wore electrically heated clothes as an experiment, but the machine itself was so snug that it was unnecessary to switch on the current."

The correspondent asked Captain Alcock whether he regarded his flight as having beaten that of the American seaplane NC-4. To this Alcock replied:

"I could not say anything but what is good of the Americans. I have been treated very kindly by the Americans since I have been over there." (Meaning in New Foundland.)

DANIELS SENDS CABLE TO AIRMEN.

Washington, June 16.—Secretary Daniels sent the following message of congratulations today to the British airmen who successfully completed yesterday the first nonstop transatlantic flight:

"Captain John Alcock and Lieutenant Arthur W. Brown: Heartiest congratulations from the American Nnlvay on your splendid achievement."

DR. ROBERT FORT, FORMER ATLANTAN, DIES IN NEW YORK

A message telling of the death in New York Sunday night of his son, Dr. Robert W. Fort, former Atlantan, has been received by Charles M. Fort, 307 Juniper street. Cause of the death, which came suddenly, had not been learned Monday.

Dr. Fort was 40 years old. Born in Rome, he came to Atlanta to practice medicine. He graduated at the Atlanta Medical college. During the war with Spain he served in the medical department of the army at Manila for two years. He went to New York after practicing in Atlanta for some years. Besides his father, he is survived by one brother, Carl W. Fort, and five sisters: Mrs. T. B. Norris, Mrs. Frank Whiteside and Misses Estelle, Katie and Mary C. Fort. Funeral arrangements Monday were incomplete.

Sleuth's Wife Sent To Asylum Following Arrest of Husband

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Said to have been driven insane by the arrest of her husband, J. E. Bunch, one of the Macon city detectives, on a charge of accessory to murder, Mrs. J. E. Bunch was today taken to the state sanitarium at Milledgeville.

Mrs. Bunch had been in poor health for some time, but it was not until her husband, along with five other detectives, was arrested following the killing of two alleged holdup men several weeks ago, that she lost her mind.

Bunch and Chief McLendon are alleged to have framed up the holdup with Emmett Finney, a taxicab driver, in order that they might "pull a big one." The entire detective force was arrested, three on charges of murder and three as accessory. All are now out on bond."

VIOLATORS OF TRAFFIC LAWS GIVEN WARNING

Atlanta violators of the traffic ordinances were again warned Monday in a special order issued to the patrolmen by Chief of Police James L. Beavers. According to Chief Beavers numerous complaints have been made to headquarters concerning the utter disregard some vehicle drivers are showing of the traffic regulations, and his department is determined to put a stop to it.

In Summer, Eat The Meat Of The Grains

In no other cereal will you find such distinctive flavor as in

Grape-Nuts

The solid nutrition of prime wheat and malted barley, ready to serve direct from package. Rich in the elements nature needs for keeping up vitality, without overheating.

No cooking. No waste.

U. S. NAVY DIVIDED INTO THREE FLEETS

One Will Operate on Atlantic Coast, Another on the Pacific Coast and the Third in Asiatic Waters.

Washington, June 16.—Orders making effective the proposed division of the United States naval forces into two fleets of equal strength, one to be called the Atlantic and the other the Pacific fleet were issued tonight by the navy department. Admiral Henry B. Wilson will command the Atlantic, and Admiral Hugh Rodman the Pacific fleet.

Each of the two fleets will be composed of four divisions of battleships and dreadnaughts, two divisions of cruisers, eighteen divisions of destroyers, three divisions of submarines and two divisions of mine layers.

Supply, repair, fuel and hospital ships, tugs and other auxiliaries will be equally divided between the two fleets. As the Pacific fleet heretofore has consisted of only a few battleships and some armored and light cruisers and destroyers, docking facilities and naval bases on the Pacific coast probably will have to be greatly enlarged.

No Change in Asiatic Fleet.

There probably will be no change in the Asiatic fleet, the third component force of the navy, except that Vice Admiral Albert C. Gleaves, commander of the cruiser and transport force since the United States began sending men overseas, will become commander of that fleet with the rank of admiral.

Vice Admirals for the Atlantic and Pacific fleets will be announced next week. Vice Admiral W. L. Rogers, now in command of the Asiatic fleet, will be the vice [illegible]al of that fleet, but will remain in command until Admiral Gleaves completes the work of returning the American soldiers from France. Higher ranks for the three fleet commanders have been approved by President Wilson.

Admiral Henry T. Mayo, now commanding the United States fleet, will be chairman of the navy selection board charged with selecting officers for promotion and at the expiration of that service will become a member of the navy general board until his retirement. He has commanded the Atlantic fleet since before the United States entered the war.

The date on which the division of the main fleet into the two units for the Atlantic and Pacific has not yet been fixed. Secretary Daniels will take up division plans with Admiral William S. Benson, chief of operators, when the admiral returns from Paris this week, and will then give the final approvement of assignment of ships.

Statement by Daniels.

In issuing the order dividing the fleet, Secretary Daniels made this statement:

"The principal activities of the American navy in the great war have been completed and it now becomes necessary to put the ships of the navy in such effective organizations where their training will be carried on during time of peace as to always keep the navy as a whole ready for any military duty which may arise.

"During the war the one mission of the navy was to operate against the common enemy of America and allied nations of Europe. In carrying out this policy the ships of the navy were so organized and distributed as to best accomplish the purpose. The peace-time training of the navy requires an organization whereby the units are well balanced and of proper size to permit the most efficient administration. The interests of the personnel must be kept keen and alive and the ships must be so distributed as to meet this condition. The units of the organization have been so disposed when the entire navy is called upon to operate as a whole, requirements of fleet tactics and maneuvers can be properly worked out."

Combined Maneuvers.

It is planned to hold combined maneuvers in the Atlantic and Pacific under a single commanding officer at least once a year and possibly to unite the two fleets with the Asiatic fleet for extensive battle work at stated times."

Naval officers said tonight that the six great battle cruisers now under construction, the fastest and most powerfully armed vessels of their class authorized by any nation, would be permanently attached to the Pacific fleet. These vessels will have a speed of 35 knots and will be armed with 16-inch guns.

Admiral Wilson, who is to command the Atlantic fleet, was in command of American naval forces in France during the war and was charged with protecting convoys entering French ports.

Admiral Rodman goes to the command of the Pacific fleet after having commanded the sixth battle squadron, composed of American dreadnaughts operating with the British grand fleet during the war.

PSI OMEGA FRAT TO HOLD MEETING TUESDAY EVENING

The Atlanta Alumni association of the Psi Omega Dental fraternity will hold its regular meeting tonight at the Georgian Terrace hotel. Dr. Claude Hughes will be the principal speaker of the meeting. The association will be called to order at 7 o'clock.

Lieut. Carroll Hurt When Auto Collides With His Motorcycle

As the result of a head-on collision of an automobile and a motorcycle, Lieutenant Frank Carroll, of the county police, was seriously injured early Monday night at the intersection of Howell mill and Collier roads, just outside of the city limits.

Lieutenant Carroll was thrown from the motorcycle and suffered bruises and concussions all over the body. He was rushed to the Grady hosiptal, where physicians said no bones were broken. He was later removed to his home.

The automobile was driven by W. H. Heath, of White, Ga., who claimed that the accident was unavoidable. He said he was driving out Howell mill road, when the officer turned the corner, and he could not stop his car in time to prevent the accident. Walter White, also of White, Ga., was riding in the car at the time.

Both machines were slightly damaged. At the request of Lieutenant Carroll no case as yet has been made against Heath. An investigation of the accident will be held at the county police headquarters next Thursday morning.

WOODMAN WANTS MATCH FOR LANGFORD

Announcement has been made that Joe Woodman, manager of Sam Langford, celebrated negro fighter, would like to match his man against Harry Wills, another negro boxer, at any date and anywhere.

According to the statement, Barman also would like to match Barney Schnider, a bantamweight, with Bernie Hahn, who won a ten-round decision over Earl Puryear here some time ago. Schnider is said to be a fast little boxer, and a go with Hahn would doubtless prove interesting, since Schnider has fought battles with such men as Earl Puryear, Pal Moore, Kid Williams, Joe Lynch and Jack Sharkye.

GERMAN CABINET TO DEBATE TERMS

Answer to Allies Depends Upon Public Sentiment. Berlin Believes Treaty Will Be Rejected Unless Radical Changes Have Been Made.

Berlin, June 16.—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, chief of the German peace delegation at Versailles, has informed the Berlin government that immediately after receiving the allied reply to the German counter proposals, he will leave for Weimar, arriving Tuesday afternoon. This information has been received from official sources.

Immediately after the count's arrival at Weimar, the cabinet will hold a meeting and the terms will be sent to shipping, financial and economic experts who will report to the cabinet. The situation will be laid before the national assembly Wednesday and will be discussed so that the cabinet will be able to ascertain the st[illegible] of public sentiment.

With exper[illegible] opinions and the assembly's attitude before it, the cabinet will hold a final meeting probably Friday and will submit the German ans[illegible] to the national assembl[illegible] Saturday for ratification.

Doubt About Signing.

A canvass of official quarters qualified to speak for absent government advanced the blunt, positive statement that unless the revised proposals of the entente contain most radical modifications in spirit and in letter, Germany would not sign the peace treaty.

While the postponed delivery of the entente reply was looked upon as a favorable omen, although one dangling from the most slender thread, it may be said tonight that the government, so far as it is still represented in Berlin, is not indulging in undue illusions as to what the next 48 hours will bring forth.

Alleged modifications in the draft of the treaty, as reported to Berlin through neutral news sources, are rejected in official quarters here as wholly insufficient to warrant the prediction that the government will be inclined to subject them to closer scrutiny.

Emphasis was also placed on the statement that the cabinet, which now is fully represented at Weimar, was absolutely united in its attitude and that there was no prospects of an internal division which might break up the present government and produce a new ministry.

Erzberger and Peace Job.

The latter declaration appears to have been prompted by the recurring reports that Mathias Erzberger, chairman of the German armistice commission, was willing to take over the job of concluding peace. It was also pointed out that the peace commission of the national assembly which took an active part in the formulation of the German counter proposals, was solidly backing up the cabinet in its determination to refuse to sign any pact not representing the greatest possible divergence from the original proposals.

In view of this alleged solidarity, political onlookers here are unable to figure out how Erzberger can possibly create an unexpectedly new situation. Erzberger has been brushing aside these rumors, disposing of them by referring to the fact that the present coalition government is not only intact, but holds an undisputed mandate from the German people and from the national assembly, which is thoroughly representative of the people's will. On the other hand, he has not as yet made an unequivocal denial of the rumor that he is contemplating quitting the cabinet, nor has he definitely declared that he is in complete harmony with the cabinet's peace policies.

LAST WORD SPOKEN TO THE GERMANS

Continued from First Page.

documents in two parcels wrapped in prosaic brown paper. He was received by Colonel Henry, master of ceremonies at Versailles, and officers of the allied missions, and conducted to the reading room of the Hotel Reservoirs.

Kept Waiting by Germans.

Here the party was grouped along one side of the room. In front of M. Dutasta was a large marble-topped table, upon which the documents were placed in two piles. There was a considerable wait before Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loersner arrived, escorted by two French officers. The Germans took their place at the other side of the table.

At 6:49 o'clock Herr Simon informally reached across the table and took the documents and handed them to Baron von Loersner, this actually constituting the formal receipt of the treaty and the ultimatum. A receipt from the Germans for the documents was required by M. Dutasta.

After the brief conversation between M. Dutasta and Herr Simon, the Germans returned to their apartment in the hotel, Von Loersner carrying the documents under his arm in a green portfolio. Later Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau boarded the train for Weimar, taking the papers with him.

The intercourse between the two groups was rather confused. No provisions for an interpreter had been made. Secretary Dutasta spoke in French, and Herr Simon replied in German. Neither of the principals apparently was aware of just what the other said. So it seemed fortunate that the details as to the period allowed and the nature of the reply expected were indicated clearly in the covering letter.

The Germans plainly intimated their intention to demand an extension of time. On receiving the treaty, Herr Simon said:

"I must observe, on behalf of my government, that the time allowed in which to answer is rather short."

Modifications Outlined.

The principles of the original conditions have been vigorously upheld, as establishing a peace of justice, but certain modifications in detail and many explanations of the effect of execution are made. The reply is in two parts—a general covering letter and seriatim discussions of the general counter proposals. The changes include:

A plebiscite for upper Silesia, with guarantees of coal from that territory.

Frontier rectifications in West Prussia.

Omission of the third zone in the Schleswig plebiscite.

Temporary increase of the German army from 100,000 to 200,000 men.

Declaration of the intention to submit within a month of signature a list of those accused of violation of the laws and customs of war.

Offer to co-operate with a German commission on reparations and to receive suggestions for discharging the obligation.

Certain detailed modifications in the finance, economic and ports and waterways clauses, including abolition of the proposed Kiel canal commission.

Assurance of membership in the league of nations in the early future if Germany fulfills her obligations.

Letter From Clemenceau.

The covering letter is from M. Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, president of the German delegation. In this letter, M. Clemenceau says:

"The allied and associated powers have given the most earnest consideration to the observation of the German delegates on the draft of the treaty of peace. The reply protests against the peace on the ground that it conflicts with the terms upon which the armistice of November 11, 1918, was signed and that it is a peace of violence, and not a peace of justice. The protest of the German delegation shows that they fail to understand the position in which Germany stands today. They seem to think that Germany has only to 'make sacrifices in order to attain peace,' as if this were but the end of some mere struggle for territory and power. The allied and associated powers, therefore, feel it necessary to begin their reply by a clear statement of the judgment of the world, which has been forged by practically the whole of civilized mankind.

"In view of the allied and associated powers, the war which began on August 1, 1914, was the greatest crime against humanity and freedom of the people that any nation calling itself civilized has ever consciously committed. For many years the rulers of Germany, true to the Prussian tradition, strove for a position of dominance in Europe. They were not satisfied with that growing prosperity and influence to which Germany was entitled and which all other nations were willing to accord her; they require that they should be able to dictate and tyrannize over a subservient Europe, as they dictated and tyrannized over a subservient Germany.

Germans Taught Might Was Right.

"In order to attain their ends they used every channel through which to educate their own subjects in the doctrine that might was right in international affairs. They never ceased to expand German armaments by land and sea and to propagandate the falsehood that it was necessary because Germany's neighbors were jealous of her prosperity and power.

"They sought to sow hostility and suspicion, instead of friendship, between nations. The Germans developed a system of espionage and intrigue through which they were enabled to stir up international rebellion and even to make secret offensive preparations within the territory of their neighbors, whereby they might, when the moment came, strike them down with greater certainty and ease. They kept Europe in a ferment by threats of violence and when they found that their neighbors were resolved to resist their arrogant will, they determined to assert their predominance in Europe by force.

"As soon as their preparations were complete they encouraged a subservient ally to declare war on Serbia on forty-eight hours notice a war involving the control of the Balkans, which they knew could not be localized and which was bound to unchain a general war.

"In order to make doubly sure, they refused every attempt at conciliation and conference, until it was too late and the world war was inevitable, for which they had plotted and for which, alone among the nations, they were adequately equipped and prepared.

Terrorism Charged to Germany.

"Germany's responsibility, however, is not confined to having planned and started the war. She is no less responsible for the savage and inhuman manner in which it was conducted. Though Germany was herself the guaranty of Belgium, Germany violated the rules after a solemn promise to respect the neutrality of this unoffending people.

"Not content with this, they deliberately carried out a series of promiscuous shootings and burnings with the sole object of terrifying the inhabitants into submission by the very frightfulness of their action. They were the first to use poisonous gas, knowing the appalling suffering it entailed. They began the bombing and long distance shelling of towns, for no military object, but solely for the purpose of reducing the morale of their opponents by striking at their women and children.

"They commenced the submarine campaign, with its piratical challenge to international law and its destruction of great numbers of innocent passengers and sailors in mid-ocean, far from succor, at the mercy of the winds and the waves and the yet more ruthless submarine crews. They drove thousands of women and children with brutal savagery into slavery in foreign lands; they allowed barbarities to be practiced against their prisoners of war, from which the most uncivilized people would have recoiled.

"The conduct of Germany is almost unexampled in human history. The terrible responsibility which lies at her doors can be seen by the fact that not less than seven million dead lie buried in Europe, while more than twenty million others carry upon them the evidence of wounds and suffering, because Germany saw fit to gratify her lust for tyranny by resort to war.

War Crime Against Humanity.

"The allied and associated powers believe that they will be false to those who have given their all to save the freedom of the world, if they consent to treat war on any other basis than as a crime against humanity and right.

"This attitude of the allied and associated powers was made perfectly clear to Germany during the war by their principal statesmen. It was defined by President Wilson in his speech of April 6, 1918, and explicitly and categorically accepted by the German people as a principle covering the peace—'let everything that we say, my fellow countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response, till the majesty and might of our concerted power shall fill the thought and utterly defeat the force of those who flout and misprize what we honor and hold dear. Germany has once more said that force, and force alone, shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men, whether right, as America conceives it, or dominion, as she conceives it, shall determine the destinies of mankind. There is, therefore force without stint or limit, the us: Force, force to the utmost; force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make the law of the world and cast every selfish dominion down in the dust.'"

Just Punishment Necessary.

M. Clemenceau in the letter also quotes from speeches delivered by Premier Lloyd-George of Great Britain, himself as premier of of France, and Premier Orlando of Italy, in which it was specifically declared that when victory was won, compromise as to peace terms was impossible and just punishment should meted out and continues:

"Justice, therefore, is the only possible basis for the settlements of the accounts of this terrible war. Justice is what the German delegation asks for and says that Germany has been promised. But it must be justice for all. There must be justice for the dead and wounded and for those who have been made orphans and bereaved that Europe might be free from Prussian depotism. There must be justice for the peoples who now stagger under war debts, which exceed thirty billion, that liberty might be saved. There must be justice for those millions whose homes and lands, ships and property, German savagery has spoliated and destroyed.

"That is why the allied and associated powers have insisted as a cardinal feature of the treaty that Germany must undertake to make reparation to the very uttermost of her power, for reparation for wrongs inflicted is of the essence of justice."

That is why they insist that those individuals who are most clearly responsible for German aggression and for those acts of barbarism and inhumanity which have disgraced the German conduct of the war must be handed over to justice, which has not been meted out to them at home.

That is why they insist that those submit for a few years to certain special disabilities and arrangements. Germany has ruined the industries, the mines and the machinery of neighboring countries, not during battle, but with the deliberate and calculated purpose of enabling her own industries to seize their markets before their industries could recover from the devastation thus wantonly inflicted upon them.

Germany Despoiled Neighbors.

"Germany has despoiled her neighbors of everything she could make use of or carry away. Germany has destroyed the shipping of all nations on the high seas, where there was no chance of rescue for their passengers and crews.

"It is only justice that restitution should be made and that these wronged peoples should be safeguarded for a time from the competition of a nation whose industries are intact and have even been fortified by machinery stolen from occupied territories. If these things are hardships for Germany they are hardships which Germany has brought upon herself. Somebody must suffer for the consequences of the war. Is it to be Germany or the peoples she has wronged?

"Not to do justice to all concerned would only leave the world open to fresh calamities. If the German people themselves, or any other nation, are to be deterred from following the footsteps of Prussia; if mankind is to be lifted out of the belief that war for selfish ends is legitimate to any state; if the old era is to be left behind, and nations, as well as individuals, are to be brought beneath the reign of law; even if there is to be early reconciliation and appeasement, it will be because those responsible for concluding the war have had the courage to see that justice is not deflected for the sake of a convenient peace.

The German Revolution.

"It is said that the German revolution ought to make a difference and that the German people are not responsible for the policy of the rulers whom they have thrown from power. The allied and associated powers recognize and welcome the change. It represents a great hope for peace and a new European order in the future.

"But it cannot affect the settlement of the war itself. The German revolution has stayed until the German armies had been defeated in the field and all hope of profiting by war of conquest had vanished. Throughout the war, as before the war, the German people and their representatives supported the war, voted the credits, subscribed to the war loans, obeyed every order, however savage, of their government. They shared the responsibility for the policy of the government, for at any moment, had they willed it, they could have reversed it. Had that policy succeeded, they would have acclaimed it with the same enthusiasm with which they welcomed the outbreak of the war. They can not now pretend, having changed their rulers after the war was lost, that it is justice that they should escape the consequences of their deeds.

"The allied and associated powers therefore believe that the peace they have proposed is fundamentally a peace of justice. They are no less certain that it is a peace of right on the terms agreed. There can be no doubt as to the intentions of the allied and associated powers to base the settlement of Europe on the principle of freeing oppressed peoples and re-drawing national boundaries as far as possible, in accordance with the will of the peoples concerned, while giving to each the facilities to live an independent national and economic life.

Made Clear By Wilson.

"These intentions were made clear not only in President Wilson's address to congress of January 8, 1918, but in 'the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses,' which was the agreed basis of the peace. A memorandum on this point is attached to this letter.

"Accordingly, the allied and associated powers have provided for the reconstitution of Poland as an independent state with 'free and secure access to the sea.' All 'territories inhabited by indubitably Polish populations' have been accorded to Poland. All territories inhabited by German majorities, save for a few isolated towns and for colonies established on land recently forcibly expropriated and situated in the midst of indubitably Polish territory have been left Germany. Wherever the will of the people is in doubt, a plebiscite has been provided for.

"Danzig has been constituted as a free city, so that the inhabitants will be autonomous, and do not come under Polish rule or form any part of the Polish state. Poland has been given certain economic rights in Danzig and the city itself has been severed from Germany, because in no other way was it possible to provide for that 'free and secure access to the set' which Germany has promised to concede."

Germany and the League.

Clause VI of the treaty says the allied and associated powers have given careful consideration to the request of the German delegation that Germany be admitted to the league of nations as one of the conditions of peace, but that the allies are unable to accede to this request. It adds that the German revolution was postponed to the last moment of the war and that there is no guarantee that it represents a permanent change, and that it is impossible in the present temper of international feeling "to expect the free nations of the world to sit down immediately in equal association with those by whom they have been so grieviously wronged."

It is added that the allied and associated powers believe, if the German people prove that they intend to fulfill the conditions of the peace and that they have abandoned forever those aggressive and estranging policies which cause the war "and have now become a people with whom it is possible to live in neighborly good fellowship, the memories of these past years will speedily fade and it will be possible at an early date to complete the league of nations by the admission of Germany thereto."

Clause VII refers to the denunciation by Germany of the blockade of the allies. It declares that the blockade always has been a legal and recognized method of war. It adds that if the allies impose a blockade of exceptional severity on Germany it was "because of the criminal character of the war initiated by Germany and of the barbarous methods adopted by her in prosecuting it."

Last Word of Allies.

Clause VIII. says: "In conclusion, the allied and associated powers must make it clear that this letter and the memorandum attached constitute their last word. They have examined the German observations and counter proposals with earnest attention and care. They have, in consequence, made important modifications in the draft treaty. But, in its principles, they stand by it.

"They believe that it is not only a just settlement of the great war, but that it provides the basis upon which the peoples of Europe can live together in friendship and equality."

The clause adds that the treaty creates the machinery for the peaceful adjustment of all international problems by discussion and consent and represents a sincere and deliberate attempt to establish "that reign of law, based upon the consent of the governed, and sustained by organized opinion of mankind" which was the agreed basis of the peace.

It is added that the treaty in its present form must be accepted or rejected.

"The allied and associated powers," it continues, "therefore require a declaration from the German delegation withjn five days that they are prepared to sign the treaty as now amended. If they declare within the period that they are prepared to sign the treaty as it stands, arrangements will be made for the immediate signature of the peace at Versailles. In default of such a declaration, this communication constitutes the modification provided for in article eleven of the convention of the 16th of February, 1919, prolonging the armistice signed on the 11th of November, 1918, and again prolonged by the agreement of the 13th of December, 1918, and the 16th of January, 1919, and the said armistice will then terminate and the allied and associated powers will take such steps as they think needful to force their terms."

FALL OF KRONSTADT REPORTED IMMINENT

Helsingfors, June 16.—The fall of Kronstadt, the naval base of Petrograd, is imminent, according to reports received by naval circles here from Reval, the capital of Esthonia. The reports say that a white flag has been hoisted over the fortress several times by its Bolshevik defenders.

Stockholm, June 16.—White guards have captured the important fort of Kresnayagorka, across the Bay of Kronstadt, from the fortress of Kronstadt, the chief seaward defense fense of Petrograd, according to an official statement issued from Esthonian headquarters. It is said that the White guards won their success after the garrison of the fort had mutinied against the Bolsheviki.

HAVE FIXED INDEMNITY FOR AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

By. Dr. E. J. Dillon.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright. 1919)

Paris, June 16.—(Special Cable Dispatch.)—The amount of the Austro-Hungarian war liabilities for which the emancipated states of the former Hapsburg monarchy will be made responsible, is nearly determined. The commission on reparations proposed that each state shall pay not more than twenty-five per cent, and not less than 15 per cent of the value of all war bonds in the annexed provinces into the allied fund as the cost for emancipation. The objections of the representatives of the lesser states having been over-ruled, they asked that the minimum be reduced to ten per cent. This proposal will be accepted.

WOMAN CATCHES LINER BY USING AIRPLANE

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright. 1919)

London, June 16.—(Special Cable.) After missing boat and train to Southampton yesterday for the Cunard liner Aquitania, Mrs. Leon Errol adopted the novel method of flying by aeroplane to the port of embarkaton. She obtained an aeroplane at Hounslow, from where ascent was made, and after a flight of an hour and 15 minutes, descended 5 miles from Southampton, where she was met by the captain of the ship, who motored her to the docks, catching the boat.

SEWANEE CANVASS WILL OPEN TODAY

Organization for Drive Completed by Campaign Leaders Monday—Many Teams Will Be at Work During Week.

Leaders in the campaign for the University of the South at Sewanee spent Monday in completing the organization for the drive, preparatory to the announcement of all committees at the meeting of the executive committee of the Atlanta diocese of the Episcopal church Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock in the office of Milton Dargan in the Hurt building.

Each Episcopal church in the city will have ten teams or more composed of two men to receive funds among the members. These will comprise some of the leading business and professional men of the city.

In addition to these, Joseph Raine will organize a committee, made up principally of alumni of the institution, to secure subscriptions among the non-Episcopalian residents. All of the committees, subcommittees and teams will get to work after the plans for the drive are fixed at the morning meeting.

If any individual member of a committee has received funds this will be reported at that time, also. The quota of the Atlanta diocese for Sewanee is $75,000. However, $25,000 has already been pledged, so that only $50,000 will have to be raised this week in order to meet the allotment.

Milton Dargan is general chairman for the city. Representatives from each church on the executive committee are: S. N. Evins and P. G. Hanahan, of St. Luke's; Beverly DuBose, of All Saint's; H. E. Stockbridge, of St. Philip's; R. J. Spratley, of Epifhany; O. N. Dana, of Incarnation, and H. E. White, of the Holy Comforter. Leland Rankin, of Nashville, is in Atlanta assisting in the campaign.

Those who wish to subscribe are being urged to give Liberty Bonds if it is more convenient, with the assurance that the bonds will not be sold. The directors of the campaign feel that it would be unpatriotic to secure bonds simply to put them on the market. But they say that many people have saved enough for Liberty Bonds out of their earnings, which otherwise would all have been spent. Now that they have these funds by giving them to the university the bonds will do double service.

The Atlanta alumni are expected to take a prominent part in the drive, and they will probably hold a Sewanee rally during the week, with a view to perfecting plans for helping on the campaign.

COATS ARE DISCARDED WITH MERCURY AT 92

Atlanta went coatless yesterday and sweltered in the hottest weather of the summer. Widespread discomfort was caused when the mercury climbed to 92 degree. Downtown shoppers were the chief sufferers. Whatever breezes might have been abroad during the day were denied those who appeared on the main thoroughfares.

Summer furs were conspicuous by their absence, and all custom and social form were disregarded by men pedestrians, who discarded coats and unfastened collars in efforts to keep cool.

A light thunderstorm at night brought showers and temporary relief from the heat wave. Indications at late hour were that the shpwers would continue through the night, in spite of the local weather bureau's prediction that fair weather will prevail. The official Washington bureau predicts that Tuesday will be cloudy, while rain probably will fall in the south portion Wednesday.

The excessive heat came after the weather had wavered for several days between advising the populace to wear palm beaches or carry umbrellas. The mean temperature was 80 degrees. The thermometer during the morning hovered in the comfortable bounds of 69 and 73 degrees, but began a rapid ascent just before noon.

In other portions of the south the heat was even more intense. Birmingham was the warmest point in the south, with 96 degrees. At Phoenix, Ariz., the warmest place in the nation, the populace suffered with the temperature of above 100 degrees. There has been very little rainfall at any point. Fair weather prevails throughout the cotton belt.

Says Anglo-American Harmony Is Hinging On Irish Question

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright. 1919)

London, June 16.—(Special Cable Dispatch.)—An editorial in The Weekly Dispatch, speaking of the relations between America and the British empire, says:

"There sprung from common stock two mighty and puissant nations, sharing common spiritual inheritance. They have the same political, social and religious ideals. They offer allegiance to the same standard of justice, probity and truth. They speak alike the language of Shakespeare and Milton; Cromwell and Chatham, equally with Washington and Lincon are venerated upon both sides of the Atlantic. Our failure to settle the Irish question has been the main obstacle to an Anglo-American friendship. An early solution of this long-standing trouble will remove the chief stumbling block to future harmony."

ARMY OF 509,000 URGED BY BAKER

Secretary Says 200,000 Force Proposed in House Bill Is Inadequate—General March Also Urges Big Army.

Washington, June 16.—Secretary Baker, appearing today before the senate military committee, insisted that congress make provision for an army of 509,000 men until a permanent military policy can be adopted. He declared 300,000, the force proposed in the annual army appropriation bill, as passed by the house, was "inadequate."

Secretary Baker told the committee that in addition to the army of occupation in Germany, a sufficient force must be maintained for Mexican border duty and to take care of vast stores of government supplies, both in France and in this country.

Every effort is being made, he said, to dispose of all supplies and other holdings in France, so as to relieve about 100,000 men from duty. At present the government has $1,500,000,000 invested in supplies overseas, but at the request of the French government these will not be dumped on the market.

Secretary Baker asked the committee to dissent from the house rider prohibiting the department from buying real estate. He said the amendment would "embarrass the department and cause loss to the government which would be simply prodigious."

Elimination by the house of funds for educational and recreation facilities in the army also was opposed by Mr. Baker.

March Sounds Warning.

If the army reverts to 230,000 men, as it must under the law, unless special provision is made before July 1, 1920, General March said the air service, motor transport corps and other auxiliary services must be abolished.

"It would be a very great misfortune," interjected Senator Chamberlain, "to scrap the chemical warfare or the aviation bureau. As I read between the lines I think the bill provided for the elimination of the latter department."

"I am very much amazed at that statement," said Secretary Baker.

Attention was called to the fact that the house bill provided $15,000,000 for the air service, to which Senator Thomas, democrat, of Colorado, asserted: "If it isn't scrapped, it will be under that appropriation."

General March said he thought the study of gases should continue under the engineer corps and everything be held in readiness to manufacture them if the occasion should arise.

England will maintain an army of about 900,000 men, General March said.

"England then has nearly a million men, despite the league of nations," said Senator Sutherland, republican, of West Virginia.

"Do you believe we will have a sufficient army to fulfill the obligations imposed by section ten of the league of nations covenant?" asked Senator Frelinghuysen, republican, of New Jersey.

"If all the nations united in force they could raise an adequate army," General March replied.

The Mutiny at Archangel.

Questioned regarding the mutiny of a company of Americans at Archangel, General March said so far as he knew no one had been punished.

Questioned by Senator New, republican, Indiana, General Menoher, director of the air service, said he recently had ordered the purchase of 1,050 new planes, including a large number of single and double-seated pursuit planes.

"Does you continue with this order," Senator New said, "the army will be without airplane equipment other than De Haviland planes?"

"Yes," said General Menoher, adding that even if the order went through, it would be impossible to have pursuit planes within a year.

"From the signing of the armistice," Senator New said, "or shortly after, we have been standing still in the production of planes."

General Menoher said air service planes call for 24,000 officers and men organized into fifty-seven squadrons and a number of balloon companies.

Plans for the establishment of two stations for lighter-than-air machines were presented by General Menoher, who said it was proposed to have one near Camp Dix, N. J., and another at Camp Crook.

Air Department Urged.

Establishment of a separate department of aeronautics and the development of the present resources of the country for the promotion of aviation was urged before the committee by Brigadier General W. S. Mitchell, of the air service. Despite the stimulus which the war gave aircraft production in this country, General Mitchell said development since the armistice was signed has practically been suspended and unless stimulated threatens a serious situation.

The United States, with its manufacturing establishments growing out of the war for the production of aircraft, he said, has a "wonderful asset," but he added he did not believe an adequate air force ever would be obtained until the army and navy air services are combined.

PRESIDENT WILSON GOING TO BELGIUM

Paris, June 16.—President Wilson will leave Paris for his visit to Belgium at 10 o'clock Tuesday night, it was announced this evening.

Geologists have discovered large deposits of iron ore, equal or superior in quality to the best Swedish, in Finnish Lapland.

Border Fighting Proves Incentive For Volunteers

Men Who Join Now Have Chance to Be Sent to Texas to Join Patrols There With General Erwin in Command.

Belief that the fighting between United States troops and Villa's forces on the Mexican border would be an incentive to recruiting, was expressed by Colonel Wright, officer in charge of the Atlanta recruiting station, with offices in the Transportation building, Monday afternoon.

Perhaps the knowledge that Brigadier General Erwin, a native Georgian, is in command of the United States forces on the border will be an incentive to recruiting in Georgia. General Erwin is well-known in Georgia and ranks high in military circles as a strategist and fighter.

"Some young fellows are restrained from entering the army," said Colonel Wright, "because they fear the life will be somewhat monotonous, but the chances are that those who enter the service immediately will be permitted to serve on the border patrol. Many bright young men are enlisting every day for overseas service, and many are signing up for home duty."

The educational branches of the army are being better organized all the time, and, according to the local recruiting officers, it is the purpose of the government to see that no man is discharged from the army without having a thorough knowledge of some trade. Schools are being established in every camp and fort, and the time not devoted to military training will be devoted to instruction in these departments. They do not hesitate to state that the first few months will be intensive, but after that, when the man is well versed in the school of a soldier, more time will be found for studying and instruction.

Local recruiting headquarters are in receipt of an order from the war department calling for seven competent radio operators, to be sent to Siberia at once for duty with the American expeditionary forces stationed there. Five experienced gasoline engine men are also needed for duty in the land of the Bolsheviks.

The following men joined the various branches of the service Monday:

Motor Transport Corps—Emmit B. Hyde, Hollis Gasoway, Robinson Moore, Henry M. Spratlin, Cecil R. Jones, Rayford C. Williams, Clayton H. Harris and Homer L. Harris.

Air Service—Paul Steinberg, Jesse G. Sanders, Charles H. Byers, Thelma R. Wiggins, William R. Harper, John H. Adams and Preston M. Mosteller.

Infantry—Ira O. Burnside, Hurley Williams, Lewis P. Seibel, Bancroft S. Steedman, Harry C. Matchett, Stewart M. Fergus, William H. Williams, Vance C. Vanhook, Will Seaborn and Fred A. Whitehead.

Quartermaster Corps—Willie E. Morgan, Harold W. Johnson and Claude R. Moore.

Cavalry—John Bell.

Fanny Ward in London Looking After Affairs Of Widowed Daughter

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service.—Copyright, 1919.)

London, June 16.—The Weekly Dispatch says that Fanny Ward, the well-known actress in motion pictures, has arrived in London from America for the purpose of looking after interests of her daughter, Dorothy Barnato, the girl-widow of Captain Isaac Barnato, the son of the late Barney Barnato, South African diamond merchant. Behind this announcement is the romantic story, never before disclosed, of a school girl's marriage, which brought with it a brief spell of happiness followed by a great sorrow and incidentally two million five hundred thousand dollars in money to the grief-stricken girl bride. The widow says:

"I was 17 and Jack 23 when we were married. He was in the Royal Air Forces that bombarded Adrianople and Constantinople and then he came home. We had just one Christmas together when Jack got influenza and died. Money, yes, I believe there is an awful lot of it, but I hate to speak of it. If I had Jack back I would give it all for him."

Military Policeman Jails Provost Guard; Suffers Broken Wrist

Sergeant Robert Stanley, a military policeman, stationed at police headquarters, sustained a broken wrist in a fight early last night with Joseph Dube, Camp Gordon provost guard, and L. R. Connally, son of Police Sergeant C. P. Connally. The fight occurred, Stanley said, when Dube resisted arrest on the charge of being absent from post without leave.

Dube is held at police headquarters under three charges, resisting arrest, absent without leave and not wearing the prescribed uniform. Following the fight, Connally, a 16-year-old youth, reported the police that Stanley had beaten him over the head with a gun without provocation.

Stanley said he struck Connally with the gun after the latter cursed him and took the part of the man he attempted to arrest. Stanley's wrist was treated at Grady hospital.

For the comfort of occupants of back seats of automobiles, windshields have been patented, formed of wings of glass that can be adjusted in any desired position.

PUBLIC NOW TOLD ALL ABOUT TANLAC

World's Leading Authorities Are Quoted, and They Show Conclusively Just What This Medicine Really Is.

In a recent issue of this paper announcement was made that Tanlac now has the largest sale of any medicine of its kind in the world, and that more than twelve million bottles had been sold during the past four years.

These are unusual figures, and the question naturally arises in the mind of the reader why this phenomenal success and why has this preparation so far outstripped all other medicines of its kind. It is only natural therefore that the manufacturers should offer some explanation to satisfy public interest.

In the first place, Tanlac is manufactured in one of the largest and most modernly-equipped laboratories in this country. Its formula is purely ethical and complies with all national and state pure food and drug laws. Altogether there are ten ingredients in Tanlac, each of which is of recognized therapeutic value.

Many of these ingredients have been individually known and used since civilization first began, and some of them have been used and prescribed by leading physicians everywhere, but until they were brought together in proper proportion and association as in the Tanlac formula, humanity had not heretofore realized their full value and effect.

In referring to one of the more important ingredients of Tanlac, the Encyclopedia Britannica says: "It has long been the source of the most valuable tonic medicines that have ever been discovered." In referring to others of the general tonic drugs contained in Tanlac the 13th Edition of Potter's Therapeutics, a standard medical text-book, states that—"they impart general tone and strength to the entire system, including all organs and tissues."

This same well-known authority in describing the physiological action of still another of the ingredients of Tanlac, which is of value in treating what is commonly known as "a run-down condition," uses the following expression: "It is highly esteemed in loss of appetite during convalescence from acute diseases."

There are certain other elements in Tanlac which, because of their influence upon the appetite, digestion, assimilation and elimination, improve the nutrition and vital activity of all the tissues and organs of the body, and produce that state of general tonicity which is called health.

In discussing another ingredient, the Encyclopedia Britannica says: "It is one of the most efficient of that class of substances which act upon the stomach so as to invigorate digestion and thereby increase the general nutrition. It is used in dyspepsia, chlorosis, anemia and various other diseases in which the tone of the stomach and alimentary canal is deficient." Concerning still another ingredient this same standard authority says: "It causes dilation of the gastric blood vessels, increases secretion of the gastric juice and causes greater activity in the movements of the muscular layers in the walls of the stomach. It also tends to lessen the sensibility of the stomach, and so may relieve gastric pain."

The United States Dispensatory makes the following comment regarding another ingredient: "It may be used in all cases of pure debility of the digestive organs or where a general tonic impression is required. Dyspepsia, atonic gout, hysteria and intermittent fever are among the many affections in which it has proven useful."

There are certain other ingredients described in the Dispensatory and in other standard medical text-books as having a beneficial action upon the organs of secretion, whose proper functioning results in the purification of the blood streams passing through them. In this manner objectionable and poisoning ingredients of the blood are removed and the entire system is invigorated and vitalized.

Tanlac was designed primarily for the correction of disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. At the same time, however, it is a powerful reconstructive tonic and body builder, for it naturally follows that any medicine that brings about proper assimilation of the food and the thorough elimination of the waste products must therefore have a far-reaching and most beneficial effect upon the entire system.

Although Tanlac's claims for supremacy are abundantly supported by the world's leading authorities, it is the people themselves who have really made Tanlac what it is. Millions upon millions have used it, and have told other millions what it has done for them. That is why Tanlac has become the real sensation of the drug trade in this country, and that is also why it is the most widely talked-of medicine in the world today.

Tanlac is sold by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co. and all other good druggists. —(adv.)

Daniel's straws

STAND foremost for style, fit, quality and variety with all the new shapes, in the best braids and all sizes; there's one to suit you.



Daniel Bros. Co.

45 to 49 Peachtree

A GOOD WAY TO SAVE IS TO

Owe This Bank

a certain, definite amount every week. Consider yourself in debt to our Savings Department. Make it an obligation—and pay promptly.

You can't accumulate wealth without sacrifice. The man who spends all he makes is following a path that leads to certain want and distress.

The man who saves is the man who succeeds. One dollar is all you need to open a Savings Account here, and your money will draw 4 per cent interest. We act as executors of wills

Georgia Savings Bank & Trust Company

ATLANTA'S OLDEST SAVINGS BANK

GRANT BUILDING

Open Saturday Afternoons from 4 to 6 in Addition to Morning Hours.

You can feel the breeze

trickle through these light suits

How delightful it is on a hot summer day to stand in the open and feel the cool air pour through the meshes of the fabric.

They are loosely woven materials, very porous and made without lining, but very durable, well fitting and stylish.

Palm Beach, Mohair, Wool Crash and Tropical Worsteds.

$15 to $35



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Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.

36 Whitehall St.

IN THE REALM OF WOMAN'S AFFAIRS

:: SOCIETY ::

Mr. S. A. Johnson Weds Mrs. T. H. Bartlett.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Helms, of Decatur, Ga., announce the marriage of their daughter, Mrs. Trummie Helms Bartlett, to Mr. Samuel A. Johnson, of Atlanta, on Saturday, June 14, in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson will tour New England by automobile, returning to Atlanta about July 1.

The bride is one of the prettiest young women in Atlanta and has a character and charm which hold her in the admiration of many friends. Mr. Johnson, who holds a responsible position with John Silvey & Co., has a large acquaintance to congratulate him.

Porch Tea.

The end of the ballroom porch at the Piedmont Driving club was the setting for the daintily appointed table, when Mrs. Emily Grant Collier, of St. Louis, entertained yesterday a small group of friends at afternoon tea.

Flowers and June foliage decorated the table, and through the flowering vines that frame the porch were beautiful glimpses of the tennis courts and the hills beyond.

The soft summer costumes of the tea party made another pretty detail of the happily informal occasion, which was in the nature of an au revoir, Mrs. Collier leaving Wednesday after a visit with Mrs. Henry L. Collier.

The hostess wore a dainty gown of pale grey organdie over flesh-colored satin, and her white hat trimmed with Dresden flowers, had a border of pale gray.

The guests were Mrs. H. L. Collier, Mrs. Robert Davis, Mrs. Logan Williamson, Mrs. Charles Collier, Mrs. Frank Boland, Mrs. Howard Hall, Miss Louise Dooly.

Dr. Hauck to Speak.

Dr. Lydia Hauck, of the United States federal health board, will speak this afternoon at 4:30 in the Sunday school auditorium of the First Presbyterian church. Her talk will be on social hygiene, and all mothers and other ladies interested are cordially invited.

Prominent Georgians At Atlantic Beach.

Governor and Mrs. Hugh Dorsey with their two sons, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Howell, Jr., Miss Janet and Miss Colette Howell, form a congenial party from Atlanta, spending several weeks at the hotel. Governor Dorsey and Mr. Howell have just returned from a fishing trip to Blackbeard Island.

Mrs. B. L. Willingham, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Willingham, B. H. Willingham, Miss Anne Willingham, of Macon and her guest, Miss Nora Anderson of Springfield, Ohio, arrived Thursday and will spend two weeks at the hotel.

Mrs. Harrison Jones and Miss Helen McCarty, of Atlanta, two attractive guests at the hotel, leave tomorrow for home.

J. R. Bowder, Jr., of Macon, has joined Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Willingham at the Atlantic Beach hotel.

Lieutenant J. H. Hunter, of Savannah, who has just returned from overseas, is a guest at the hotel.

Mrs. E. A. Jones and Mrs. O. S. Nunnally are recent arrivals from Atlanta at the Atlantic Beach hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Osborne, of Montezuma, and Miss Winnie Perry, of Atlanta, after spending ten days at the hotel left Saturday for Savannah, where they will visit relatives before returning.

Mrs. Jackson P. Dick and her interesting little son, P. J., Jr., are spending the summer at the Atlantic Beach hotel.

Lieutenant Robert O. Clarke, Dr. R. L. Palmer and Mr. R. S. Lang, of Atlanta, are registered at the Atlantic Beach hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Heinz and Miss Owen, of Atlanta, arrived Friday in their car, they will remain several weeks at the hotel.

Mrs. R. C. Jordan and family, of Columbus, are guests at the hotel. Mr. Jordan will join Mrs. Jordan here next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanton C. Therrel, of Atlanta, are spending the summer at the Atlantic Beach hotel.

Women Golfers' Meeting.

The Atlanta Woman's Golf association will hold a business meeting at the Capital City club this morning at 11 o'clock.

GIVE CHINA

See Our Open Stock



Sets or Single Pieces

Over 70 Active Patterns

For Wedding Gifts

Select here from the largest and most attractive stock in the Southeast, of Haviland, Doulton, Coalport and Royal Worcester. Dinner Sets, Breakfast Sets, Guest Sets and a full line of handsome odd pieces, all MODERATELY PRICED.

Dobbs & Wey Co.

57 N. PRYOR ST. ATLANTA.

Near Lowry National Bank.



Removal Notice

On July 1st we leave our present location, 85 Peachtree St.

Through the courtesy of the Dahl Floral Co., 103 Peachtree St., we will use a portion of their store during the time we are remodeling our new store, which is next door to Dahl's—opposite the Piedmont Hotel. Our usual prompt service will go on the same as heretofore.

Keep your eyes on our new exclusive optical store, 105 Peachtree Street.

Walter Ballard Optical Company

ATLANTA



Out Goes the Fan

There's no need for it when you have an iced cold pitcher of Tetley's. A tinkling, refreshing glass of Tetley's iced Tea makes you forget the heat!

Tetley's Teas are selected from the world's finest tea gardens—skilfully blended from 15 or more teas—then carefully packed to protect the flavor.

Use Tetley's Orange Pekoe Tea, clear and amber-colored for making iced tea.

TETLEY'S TEA

A Vital Question to Women Answered by Clergyman's Wife

By Isma Dooly.

To that oft asked question women are asking each other in Atlanta today: "Have you registered?" there are answers coming which are stirring in their spirit and expression. The question has been put to a group of prominent women, and it is significant that the first one to reply is Mrs. Ashby Jones, the wife of one of the best known clergymen in the south. Mrs. Jones answers the question from the standpoint of its deep and spiritual import.

"Are we mothers of our children only in our homes?" she asks.

"'Mrs. Smith, have you registered?"

"'No; I am not a suffragist, and shall not register.'

"The above question and answer reveals the attitude of some very good women I meet. At first glance their reasoning seems just and right. But a closer analysis of the matter makes us wish they might come to feel that when the government places a responsibility upon its citizens, there should be born within them a responsive sense of duty to shoulder that responsibility and do even the distasteful things necessary for its accomplishment.

"When this country entered the war, our sons were not military exponents—not fighting men, aviators, machine gunners, artillery men, truck drivers, hospital assistants, cooks, muleteers.

"Suppose when called upon to register they had answered I am not a believer in war; I shall not answer my country's call to enter the army, but let those who are army men carry on the war. We would now be entering upon an existence of semi-slavery, together with all the other nations of the world, with no splendid army returning whose war record places it at the head, with the truly great nations of the earth.

The Municipal Call.

"Our municipal government has placed upon us the new duty of voting in its fall election. In order to vote then we must register before the 5th of August. To me this is just as sacred a duty as voting in club or church society. Because we should use our votes to further the kingdom of Christ on earth. After all our great work in hospitals, camps, Red Cross workrooms, canteens, munition factories, canneries, shipyards, and so forth, are we to become slackers in the every-day duties that devolve upon us? The election of honest aldermen, members of the school board, mayors and councilmen, are matters of incalculable inmportance to the education and development of our children and the general health and welfare of Atlanta. Our men are so absorbed in business that they leave politics to those who chose that as their profession, to a large extent. They leave nearly all matters pertaining to the interest of the children to the mothers. Are we mothers of our children only in our homes, leaving them to be unmothered out of the home?

School Conditions.

"Does any mother consider our school conditions satisfactory?" asks Mrs. Jones.

"If so, visit all of our schools! Do the women think the sanitary conditions of Atlanta ideal? Again, visit our schools.

"Look into the housing conditions in large areas of our beautiful city. 'The home is woman's sphere!' It is! But so long as our daughters and sons find much of their life outside the four walls of our houses, home includes every spot they visit, every phase of their environment, in its influence upon their morals, manners and ideals.

"Women were so interested in cultural studies of the past that we do not know our own surroundings. If we do not wake up and become interested in the pest houses of Atlanta, the miasma which flows from them will—nay, does—have its inevitable influence upon those dearest to us.

"How many know or care that in our stockade young girls, wayward and misdirected, serving their first term for infringement of law, are herded together with women old in sin, and hopeless and careless? These girls are having a most liberal education in vice and filth from the women who have lost all womanliness and sense of protection of the young. Women who are there for third and fourth terms, whose words and acts would blast the least chance for a girl's salvation from degradation? Or that there is no woman in charge of these girls and women? Only men as officials in this prison? Or that these women and girls have no helpful influences about them; are not even allowed to have books and magazines carried them by welfare workers.

"Because if the stockade is made attractive to them all the bad women of Atlanta would be coming out here.

"Would it were true! We would so crowd that place with charm that Atlanta would be an Eden!

Is It Womanliness?

"Our school buildings shock every mother who goes to place a daughter in high school, and yet we are so womanly that we permit these fair daughthers to lose health and live in danger rather than make an effort to correct conditions. Other buildings are a menace to the health and safety of the children. Some of our very best and most capable women think all of this is no business of theirs! Is outside the home! It is almost the center of the home!

"I believe there is nothing clearer than that there is dire need in the world for its best women to rise above their own preferences and help with their might to make the world safe for children! For this reason every woman with an earnest desire to make the world better should register promptly, inform herself carefully, as to the career and character of every candidate for office, and vote according to her honest conviction. Let us help 'the little children to come unto Me' and help the fallen to walk upright, using our influence in every just way—including the ballot—to make conditions conducive to growth in right living.

"To me sounds in no uncertain tones the voice of our Master saying: 'But these ye ought to have done, and not to have left the other undone.'"

HOME COOKING

By MRS. M. A. WILSON

Queen Victoria's Former Cuisiniere

(Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution.)

TO CAN PEAS.

Peas contain a vegetable protein somewhat similar to the casein in milk. This vegetable substance spoils and deteriorates very quickly if the peas are permitted to stand in the sun, in piles to ever heat or in a warm kitchen. Little evidence of this trouble can be found while the peas are being canned. Frequently it is not discovered until the product is opened some time later. Then they are found to be in a soft, mushy condition and very sour, this makes them unfit for food.

This sour-flat or thermophyle is also caused by two other conditions, namely: First, if the jars are unduly slow in process—that is, if too large a number are under process at the same time. This prolongs the period of time in the kitchen. Second, leaving jars to cool in the bath or in the hot kitchen, or storing them in a warm place.

How to Prevent This Trouble.

Peas must be fresh, not more than six hours in transit from field to the kitchen. They must be picked early in the morning and then spread out in a single layer. If they are dumped into baskets or other containers they are very apt to heat. You can easily tell this condition by running your hand down in a pile of the peas; if they are cool and moist, then they are all right; if they are are warm and dry, don't can them. You will only have a failure on your hands. Unless the peas are grown near by it is a mistake to can them. Don't depend on your trucker or produce dealer; he means well, but he doesn't understand conditions, and the result will be a total loss of product and a disappointment to you.

Granted now that the peas are freshly picked from a nearby farm; that they are spread out in thin layers to cool, in an airy place—under no condition in the kitchen. Shell the peas, then place them in a deep saucepan covered with a cloth wrung from cold water to prevent drying out. When ready blanch by placing about one quart of shelled peas in a square of cheesecloth, dip into a saucepan containing boiling water and cook for ten minutes. Lift out and plunge into cold water. Spread out flat while filling into the jars. Fill the jars to overflowing with boiling water that contains one teaspoon of salt to each quart of water. Wipe off the top of jar and then adjust the rubber lid, partially tighten the lid and then place in a hot-water bath immediately. Work as quickly as possible. Have the water in the bath about 165 degrees Fahrenheit, or just at the simmering point.

Do not let anything interrupt you. The loss of just a few minutes may ruin the entire lot. Now bring the water bath quickly to a boil and then boil continually for three hours.

Remove at once and seal securely. Test for leaks and then remove to a cool room away from the kitchen and free from draughts. Just as soon as you can hold the jars in your hand place them on their sides in a large pan of cold water containing one-quarter cup of salt to ten quarts of water. Let them stay in the water until cold. Eight pint jars is plenty to do at one time.

The water should be at least three inches above the top of the jar while in the hot water bath. Store in a cool, dry place.

The professional canner has the peas gathered just at the break of day. They are then removed to the sheller, which is in a cool, shady spot out of doors. The peas are shelled and then graded for size—large, medium and small, or petite pea. Each size is canned separately. So you, too, must separate the large-sized peas from the others. The easiest way to do this is take a wire strainer, costing about 15 cents, and punch several holes a little larger than the medium size peas; they will then roll through the sieve, while the large ones will stay in the strainer. If each handful of peas is thrown in the strainer as they are shelled this will not delay the process.

How to Prevent Leaky Jars.

Fill the jars before using them with water and then adjust the rubber, and fasten the lid securely. Invert and test for leaks. Jars that are not absolutely airtight will spoil the contents, no matter how long you process them, so be very particular about this point. If you have bent the edges of the jar lids by using a knife to open them you must either use a block of wood in the hammer and hammer them flat or use new lids. Don't use old rubbers; they will cause the product to spoil. Purchase a good grade of rubber. Poor ones will blow out during the processing period and cause the loss of time in reprocessing.

Fancy Packing.

Place one layer of the prepared peas one and one-half inches deep in the bottom of quart jar; then add a one-inch layer of young carrots, cut in dice and parboiled as for peas. Repeat this process until the jar is filled and then proceed in the usual manner. If you have any doubt about your lids fitting closely, so as to be absolutely airtight, dip the tops of the jars to one inch below the lids in melted paraffin just before storing.

Hot Water Bath.

The jars must be placed on a rack, then in either a regular water bath canner or in a wash boiler. This water should be below the boiling point, preferably about 165 degrees Fahrenheit. Have the water at least three inches above the top of the jars.

Cover the boiler closely and then bring quickly to a boil. Let boil for two minutes and then count the time from this moment for the processing period. It is important that the fire be kept up so that the water does not stop boiling. Careless preserving will ruin the contents of the jars and thus cause a waste of materials, time and fuel.



Best Light Food For Summer Bobby

POST TOASTIES

Best of corn flakes

FASHION HINT



Paris, Tuesday.—A new Virot model sketched at the Longchaps race course. It is of brown tulle over green leaves, with a pale pink rose on one side. The leaves are held in place between two pieces of tulle.

My Dear Mrs. Wilson—In preparing the Caledonian whip will you please say what kind of jelly to use, whether you mean gelatine or any fruit jelly? Thanking you for your many useful hints, I am,

INQUIRER.

Use any kind of jelly that is made from pure fruit juice and sugar. Gelatine will not do. Just place the white of egg in the bowl and add a scant half glass of jelly and then beat this with a dover egg beater until the mixture holds its shape. Do not beat the white of egg or the jelly separately.

Apple, crabapple, quince, apple and strawberry, apple and currant, gooseberry all make a white meringue. Currant, grape, plum and the dark fruit make a beautiful pinkish color.

My Dear Mrs. Wilson—I wish you could know just how much pleasure your part of the paper gives me and what joy I have in always being sure your recipes will be correct. Kindly tell me if in making the Caledonian cream you beat the egg white first, or do you put jelly into it unbeaten and beat both together.

J. M. T.

See reply to Inquirer.

Mr. Dear Mrs. Wilson—Was that a misprint in Saturday's paper in preserving eggs? It calls for ten gallons of water to one quart of water glass. M. O.

Ten quarts of water to one quart of water glass is the correct formula.

My Dear Mrs. Wilson—Kindly give me through the column of your paper a recipe for corn beef brine. I have tried a great many of your recipes and find them all right.

MRS. J. S.

Corn Beef Brine.

Use
Twenty-five pounds of salt
Two ounces of saltpeter
to 100 pounds of water for making large quantities. One quart of water weighs two pounds.
For small quantities
Four quarts of water.
Two teaspoons of saltpeter,
Two cups of pickling salt.
Bring to a boil, cool and then add
Two bay leaves,
Four cloves,
Three allspice,
Two peppers, long red dried ones.

MACON SUFFRAGISTS DENIED "Y. W." ROOMS

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—The local suffrage fight, took a new turn today when the executive board of the Young Woman's Christian association issued an order prohibiting the holding of a meeting by the equal suffrage party in the association rooms Thursday evening. The members of the Georgia association opposed to woman suffrage, who are also members of the Young Women's Christian association, made a protest against using the rooms for political purposes and their objection was sustained, the suffragists being notified today they will have to find another meeting place.

Swift & Company's sales of beef in Atlanta, Ga., for the week ending Saturday, June 14, 1919, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, .1742 cents per lb.—(adv.)

STODDARDIZE



Summer sports certainly afford great pleasure and exercise, but my! how it does tell on one's clothes.

However, you needn't mind that so much, for we are handy, and all you have to do is call us on the phone. The clothes come back as clean and fresh as when new.

We pay return charges on out-of-town orders of $2 or more.

STODDARD 126 Peachtree

Phones: Ivy 43, Atl. 43

"The Store of Dependability"

DISTINCTIVE DIAMONDS

ALL women have an instinctive appreciation of the real beauty of a perfect Diamond. The luster and brilliant iridescence of Davis & Freeman Diamonds give them the distinction of being desired by people of discrimination.

DAVIS & FREEMAN

Jewelers

47 Whitehall St.

"The Store of Dependability"

Karo

Nature's Own Syrup—Karo

Preferred everywhere by those who demand pure, thick and wholesome syrup for pancakes, waffles, biscuits and muffins.

There Are Three Kinds of Karo

"Crystal White"—*in the Red Can;* "Golden Brown"—*in the Blue Can;* "Maple Flavor"—is the new Karo with plenty of substance and a rich Maple Taste—*in the Green Can.*

IMPORTANT TO YOU—Every can of Karo is marked with exact weight in pounds of syrup contained. Do not be misled by packages of similar size bearing numbers only and having no relation to weight of contents.

Be Sure of Perfect Preserves This Year

FREE Send for the wonderful 68-page handsomely illustrated Corn Products Cook Book. All carefully tested recipes—and easy to follow. It is free. Write us today.

Corn Products Refining Company
P. O. Box 161, New York City

T. B. NORRIS, *Sales Representative*
Hurt Building Atlanta, Ga.

Society

O. E. S. Activities.

An interesting event among the Eastern Star chapters of Atlanta will be the constituting ceremonies of Decatur chapter this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock at the Eastern Star hall in Decatur. Mrs. Rose M. Ashby, past grand matron, will be the constituting officer, assisted by Mrs. Carrie T. Maxwell, deputy grand matron, acting grand marshal and Mrs. Harriet Carpenter, grand chaplain.

The ceremonies will be beautiful and instructive, and all qualified members of the order are cordially invited.

Flags Presented Patriotic Society.

Flag day was observed by the Joseph Habersham chapter, D. A. R., on Saturday, June 14, with beautiful and appropriate exercises.

The meeting was held at 3 p. m. in the Sunday school room of St. Mark's M. E. church, which was decorated with flags and flowers. Mrs. Henry Bernard Scott the newly-elected regent presided.

After a short business session the flag day exercises began with the escorting to the platform, by members of the Boy Scouts, of a beautiful American flag, the gift of Mr. F. J. Paxon. Miss Martha Bartholomew at the piano, played the "Star Spangled Banner," and the audience stood while the scouts repeated their allegiance to the flag.

General Romberger, of Camp Gordon, spoke most effectively of what the American flag had come to mean to our European allies.

Then were presented to the chapter the flags of the allied nations. These will be kept later in their chapter house and soldiers' memorial.

Miss Alexa Stirling, as the daughter of British parents, presented the English flag with a few well-chosen remarks. Mr. Charles Loridans presented the French flag, dwelling on the meaning of the inscription "Liberty, Equality, Fraternity," in a most impressive manner. The Belgian flag, given by Mr. DeGive, was next shown, while Mrs. W. F. Dykes praised the bravery of the little nation that held the Huns at bay.

The audience stood while the Red Cross banner, given by Mrs. Lee Ashcraft, was displayed and Miss Louise Hazelhurst, Red Cross nurse, told in poetic form what the society does to aid humanity. She was followed by Mr. Fornara, who presented the Italian flag with a few appropriate remarks. Mr. Ed. J. Cocalis then presented the Greek flag and explained its symbolism, and Mr. Joege Jung presented the flag of the youngest republic, China, with a brief speech.

The beautiful service flag of the chapter with its 56 stars, of which three are gold, was next displayed, being the artistic work of Mrs. E. G. Black.

The chaplain, Rev. J. Sprole Lyon, closed the exercises with an eloquent plea for patriotism.

The meeting ended with the singing of "America." A large audience was present of chapter members, their friends and representatives from other societies.

Mrs. Mullin to Entertain.

Mrs. John H. Mullin will give a luncheon Wednesday at East Lake Country club in compliment to the wives of the shriner chanters. Her guests will be: Mrs. W. E. Quillian, Mrs. E. M. Willingham, Mrs. Frank Burr, Mrs. George Grant, Mrs. E. T. Booth, Mrs. Frank Cundell, Mrs. Clarence Aldred, Mrs. W. J. Hubbard, Mrs. Curtis Buford, Mrs. Perry Blackshear, Mrs. J. H. L. Janson, Mrs. George Beck, Mrs. T. H. Martin, Mrs. Howard Davis, Mrs. John Martin.

For Miss Carr.

Mrs. Newton Craig entertained at a buffet supper and dancing afterwards last night at her home on Mucogee avenue in compliment to her guest, Miss Margaret Louise Carr, of Durham, N. C.

There were twenty-five guests, including members of the younger college set, and the occasion was a very happy one.

Mrs. Charles Boynton entertains at luncheon today, and this afternoon Miss Carr shares honors with Miss Louise Inman and her guests at a heart-dice party given by Miss Rebecca Harman.

Miss Mary Sheddin entertains at a luncheon Thursday at the Capital City club for Miss Inman's guests and Miss Carr, and Thursday afternoon Miss Martha Boynton entertains for Miss Carr and Miss Inman's guests.

The Woman Hater
Chapter V
The Dance

"Now young people," abruptly announced Aunt Mary as we lingered over our dinner, "at precisely nine o'clock Merry's orchestra will commence playing on the veranda."

Immediately we were in a flurry of gay excitement. A dance on the veranda—what could be more fun? And Merry's orchestra from the city—we could feel the rhythm even now! Really Aunt Mary is a peeress at springing lovely surprises.

We all rushed upstairs to get ready. As I was dressing, I wondered whether Dave would enjoy the dance. A week ago I should have said that he wouldn't, but tonight, as I considered the radical change that had come over him, I was in a quandary.

It was a most "pepful" party and the girls did look lovely with their partners as they glided around the spacious veranda. Barbara was especially attractive, and, of course, very popular, I think that she danced every dance, but never during the evening did the charm of her velvety skin depart.

That, by the way, is the splendid and unique quality of Hagan's Magnolia Balm, which Barbara uses—to impart charm without harm. So easy to apply, since it is a liquid powder, and so perfect in its results. Sunburn, tan and freckles are banished by it and a is done in such a soothing and delightful manner. Yet it never produces hair growth. Magnolia Balm costs only 75 cents and is made in three colors—white, pink and rose red. It can be obtained from dealers or postpaid at the same price from the Lyon Manufacturing Co., 100 So. Fifth St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dave never sat out a single dance. Besides, over half of his dances were with Barbara. I ventured to ask during his dance with me if he was having a good time, but I never got an answer—except a brotherly smile.

To be continued. (adv.)



HID

A Dainty Toilet Requisite



Every lady should always have HID on her toilet table This preparation completely and pleasantly destroys all body odors due to perspiration. Used after the bath it is most refreshing. In cream or liquid form..25c

Postpaid on receipt of 26c, which includes War Tax.

JACOBS' PHARMACY CO., Atlanta, Ga

DR. JOS. G. HEARD, JR.
DENTAL SURGEON
311 CANDLER BUILDING

Barber Gives Recipe For Gray Hair

Mr. A. E. O'Brien, who has been a barber in New York city for many years, made the following statement: "Gray, streaked or faded hair can be immediately made black, brown or light brown, whichever shade you desire, by the use of the following remedy that you can make at home:

"Merely get a small box of Orlex powder at any drug store. It costs very little and no extras to buy. Dissolve it in water and comb it through the hair. Full directions for mixing and use and a gold bond guarantee comes in each box. One box will last you for months.

"It is perfectly safe, it does not rub off, is not stick or gummy and leaves the hair fluffy. It will make a gray haired person look twenty years younger."—(adv.)

To Remove First Signs of Old Age

"The infallible first sign of age is the sagging cheek muscles," says Mme. Cavalieri, whose fame as a beauty culturist is scarcely less than that of a songstress. "These are more difficult and serious to treat than wrinkles," she continues. "The sagging muscles indicate they have grown too weak to remain in place; they must be assisted, strengthened."

The best way to strengthen them is by bathing the face in a lotion made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint witch hazel. This creates a freer circulation to the parts, besides causing muscles and skin to contract. Saxolite, procurable at every drug store, has long been known by complexion specialists to possess remarkable tonic and astringent properties, valuable in treating flabby tissue and wrinkles.—(adv.)

The Man Who Lost Himself

BY H. DEVERE STACPOOLE

A Novel of Fascinating Situations

(Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution.)

CHAPTER XVIII.

The Mental Trap.

It was a beautiful night, warm and starlit, the waning moon had just begun to rise in the east and as he turned into the green park a breath of tepid wind, grass-scented and balmy, blew in his face.

He walked in the direction of Buckingham palace.

Where was he to go? He had no ideas, no plans.

He had failed in performing the duty that fate had arranged for him not through cowardice, or at least not through fear of consequencees to himself.

The man who refuses to cut a lamb's throat, even though duty calls him to the act, has many things to be said for him.

His distracted mind was not dealing with this matter, however. What held him entirely was the thought of her waiting for him and how she would feel when she found he had deserted her. He had acted like a brute and she would hate him accordingly. Not him, but Rochester.

It was the same thing. The old story. Hatred, obloquy, disdain leveled against Rochester affected him as though it were leveled against himself. He could not take refuge in his own personality. Even on the first day of his new life he had found that out at the club. Since then the struggle to maintain his position and the battles he had fought had steadily weakened his mental position as Jones, strengthened his position as Rochester.

The strange psychological fact was becoming plain, though not to him, that the jealousy he ought to have felt on account of this woman's love for Rochester was not there.

This woman had fascinated him, as women had perhaps never fascinated a man before; she had kissed him, she loved him, and though his reason told him quite plainly that he was Victor Jones and that she loved and had kissed another man, his heart did not resent that fact.

Rochester was dead. It seemed to him that Rochester had never lived.

He left the park and came along Knightsbridge still thinking of her sitting there waiting for him, his mind straying from that to the kiss, the dinner, the bowl of roses that stood between them—her voice.

Then all at once these considerations vanished, all at once, and like an extinguisher, fell on him that awful sensation of negation.

His mind pulled this way and that between contending forces, became a blank written across with letters of fire forming the question:

"Who am I?"

The acutest physical suffering could not have been worse than that torture of the over-taxed brain, that feeling that if he did not clutch at himself he would become nothing.

He ran for a few yards—then it passed and he found himself beneath a lamppost recovering and muttering his own name rapidly to himself like a charm of exorcise evil.

"Jones—Jones—Jones."

He looked around.

There were not many people to be seen, but a man and woman a few yards away were standing and looking at him. They had evidently stopped and turned to see what he was about and they went on when they saw him observing them. They must have thought him mad

The hot shame of the idea was a better stimulant than brandy. He walked on. He was no longer thinking of the woman he had just left. He was thinking of himself.

He had been false to himself.

The greatest possession any man can have in the world is himself. Some men let that priceless property depreciate, some improve it, it is given to few men to tamper with it after the fashion of Jones.

He saw this now, and just as though a pit had opened before him he drew back. He must stop this double life at once and become his own self in reality; failing to do that he would meet madness. He recognized this. No man's brain could stand what he had been going through for long; had he been left to himself he might have adapted his mind gradually to the perpetual shifting from Jones to Rochester and vice versa. The woman had brought things to a crisis. The horror that had now suddenly fallen on him, the horror of the return of that awful feeling of negation, the horror of losing himself, cast all other considerations from his mind.

He must stop this business at once.

He would go away, return straight to America.

That was easy to be done—but would that save him? Would that free him from this horrible clinging personality that he had so lightly cast around himself?

Nothing is stranger than mind. From the depth of his mind came the whisper, "No." Intuition told him that were he to go to Timbuctoo, Rochester would cling to him, that he would wake up from sleep fancying himself Rochester and then that feeling would return. What he required was the recognition by other people that he was himself, Jones, that the whole of this business was a deception, a stage play in real life. Their abuse, their threats would not matter, their blows would be welcome, so he thought. Anything that would hit back firmly into his real position in the scheme of things and save him from the dread of some day losing himself.

After a while the exercise and night air calmed his mind. He had come to the great decision. A decision immutable now, since it had to do with the very core of his being. He would tell her everything. Tomorrow morning he would confess all. Her fascination upon him had loosened its hold, the terror had done that. He no longer loved her. Had he ever loved her? That was an open question, or in other words, a question no man could answer. He only knew now that he did not crave for her regard, only for her recognition of himself as Jones.

She was the door out of the mental trap into which his mind has blundered.

These considerations had carried him far into a region of mean streets and suburban houses. It was long after 12 o'clock and he fell to thinking what he should do with himself for the rest of the night. It was impossible to walk about till morning and he determined to return to Carlton House Terrace, let himself in with his latch key and slip upstairs to his room. If by any chance she had not retired for the night and he chanced to meet her on the stairs or in the hall then the confession must be made forthwith.

It was after 2 o'clock when he reached the house. He opened the door with his key and closing it softly, crossed the hall and went up the stairs. One of the hall lamps had been left burning, evidently for him: a lamp was burning also, in the corridor. He switched on the electric light in his room and closed the door.

Then he heaved a sigh of relief, undressed and got into bed.

All across the hall, up the stairs, and along the corridor he had been followed by the dread of meeting her and having to enter on that terrible explanation right away.

The craving to tell her all had been supplanted for the moment by the dread of the act.

In the morning it would be different. He would be rested and have more command over himself, so he fancied.

(CONTINUED TOMORROW.)

"HERE'S LOOKING AT YOU" :: :: :: :: By Batchelor.



SHOPPING DEPARTMENT of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Conducted by MRS MYRTLE SUMMERS

The Constitution conducts a department for the convenience of its out-of-town patrons. If there is anything you wish in Atlanta, The Constitution will take pleasure in doing your shopping.

This department will be in charge of Mrs. Myrtle Summers, who is thoroughly trained and competent in her work. She will give prompt and efficient service and act as your purchasing agent without expense to you. Mrs. Summers' services are paid for by The Constitution and, under no circumstances, will she accept remuneration from any other source. She will follow your instructions implicitly as to WHERE TO BUY, WHAT TO BUY, AND THE PRICE TO BE PAID. The Constitution stands behind her purchases and guarantees you satisfaction in every transaction.

We cordially invite you to read the advertising columns closely and write us your wants.

Enclose P. O. money order, certified checks or instructions to charge. Address all communications to "Constitution Shopping Department," care Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.



Common Sense

You never knew a dentist to use a drugged dentifrice to clean or treat your teeth. But every year dentists in the United States use tons of Dr. Lyon's in their practice for cleaning and polishing teeth.

Isn't it safer to follow the practice of the dentist than the theory of the drugged dentifrice? The one knows your need, the other is guesswork. Dr. Lyon's, the dentifrice of refined people for over fifty years, contains no drugs and hence no possibility of the *misapplication* of drugs. It is *safe* for everybody and always has been.



Dr. Lyon's

The Dentifrice that made fine teeth Fashionable

Powder *Cream*



I. W. LYON & SONS, Inc. 550 West 27th St., New York

MISS EMMA TULLER DIES IN BROOKLYNE

Word was received Monday of the death at Brooklyne, Mass., of Miss Emma Tuller, daughter of the late William H. Tuller, and one of the best known educators of Atlanta. Death came Sunday night as a shock to many friends. She lived at 450 Peachtree street, and for several years conducted a private school here. She was prominent in the activities of the Christian Science church. Besides her mother, Mrs. William H. Tuller, she is survived by three sisters, Mrs. George Kendall, of Ann Arbor, Mich.; Mrs. Milton Orr, of New York city, and Miss Lelia Tuller, of Atlanta. Funeral arrangements were incomplete Monday.



Every Sale Made Will Be Considered Final

Rich's

No Garments Will Be Exchanged; None Taken Back

52-54-56 Whitehall St. News for Tuesday, June 17. Phone M. 3132

All Colored Suits and All Capes and Coats Reduced to ½ Price

SALE starts promptly at nine o'clock this morning. The season is getting well along. We wish to close out these capes and coats and colored suits at once. Hence the reduction to half price. Styles? Among the last to be created before designers switched to their models for fall. This is the finest kind of an opportunity for women to add to their wardrobes for the remainder of the summer and early fall. Prices are down to half—in many instances, even less than half.

The Suits in the Sale

—23 suits of serge or wool poplin, in tailored and belted styles. Navy, black and colors. $29.75 and $35 grades **$12.95**

—30 suits of serge or wool poplin, in black, colors and a few in navy. Good run of styles. $37.50 and $39.75 grades **$18.75**

—25 tailored, belted and novelty suits of French serge, gabardine and Poiret twill. $45 to $55 grades **$21.95**

—Fine novelty suits of gabardine, serge, Poiret twill and fancy velour. Light colors. $70 to $75 grades..... **$34.95**

—Remainder of our finest suits in sport and novelty styles. These are $87.50 to $97.50 grades. Now..... **$43.95**

The Coats and Capes

—11 wool capes and dolmans in dark colors. Full prices for these would be $19.75 to $29.75. Now..... **$ 9.85**

—13 wool and 5 silk dolmans and capes in the most wanted colors. These are $40 to $49.50 grades. Now..... **$19.95**

—16 capes and dolmans of French serge, velour and a few of silk, in the wanted colors. $55 to $65 grades..... **$26.75**

—17 coats of silk and wool materials, in good styles and fashionable colors. $69.50 to $75 grades for..... **$32.75**

—15 wool street coats and a few silk coats and capes in light and dark colors. $75 and $79.50 grades..... **$36.75**

—Silk and wool street, afternoon and evening coats in fashionable colors. $87.50 to $97.50 grades..... **$42.75**

—Street and evening coats of wool and silk in a fine range of styles and colors. $95 and $97.50 grades **$47.75**

—Coats and capes of the best-liked wool and silk materials in street and evening colors. Were $110 to $115. Now **$54.75**

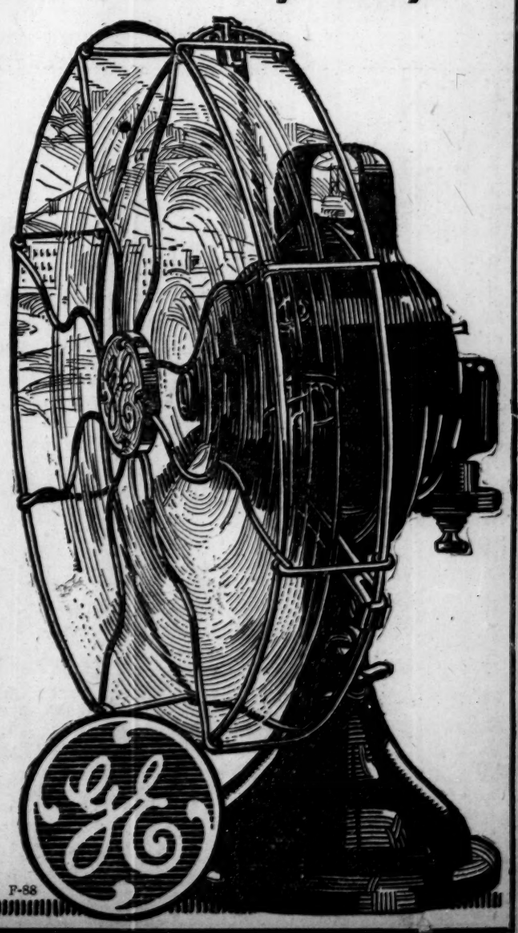
—Model coats of fine duvetyne, velour and tricotine; also silk evening coats. Were $137.50 to $150. Now..... **$68.75**

At the End of a Busy Day

are your employees fagged out, ill-tempered and discouraged? Or do they end the day's work with the same snap and vigor with which they started?

G-E Fans keep office and factory workers comfortable and efficient. They pay for themselves in improved spirit and mistakes saved.

Let us show you how little it will cost to equip your office with G-E Fans.



Carter Elec. Co.

63 Peachtree - Atlanta

Distributors for the General Electric Company

The following dealers in this zone can supply you:

Walker Electric & Plumbing Co., Atlanta.
Queen Mantle & Tile Co., Atlanta.
McGaughey Electric Co., Atlanta.
Hogue Electric Co., Atlanta.
Household Utilities Co., Atlanta.
Gate City Electric Co., Atlanta.
Crumley-Sharp Hardware Co., Atlanta.
Bailey-Oliver Electric Co., Atlanta.
Hogansville Hardware Co., Hogansville, Ga.
Almand Hardware Co., Social Circle, Georgia.
Athens Engineering Co., Athens, Ga.
City of Covington, Covington, Ga.
J. R. Chapman Plumbing & Heating Co., Cedartown, Georgia.
Elberton Machine Works, Elberton, Georgia.
Knight Mercantile Co., Cartersville, Georgia.
H. G. Murphy, Dalton, Ga.
Monroe Auto & Supply Co., Monroe, Georgia.
Persons - Hammond Hardware Co., Griffin, Ga.
Stephenson Hardware Co., Covington, Ga.
City of Thomaston, Thomaston, Ga.
Walker Electric & Plumbing Company, Rome, Ga.

P-88

Society

Young Women to Give Benefit Dance at Georgian Terrace.

The young women members of St. Mary's guild will give a benefit dance at the Georgian Terrace hotel the evening of June 26. Mrs. R. W. Underwood, who is chairman of invitation committee, requests that all responses to invitations be sent to her. There will be excellent orchestra music for the dancing and refreshments will be served.

The patrons of the occasion will be Bishop and Mrs. Mikel, Dr. and Mrs. Memminger, Dean and Mrs. Johnston, Dr. and Mrs. Noe, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cundell, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Stearnes and Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair.

Two hundred guests have been invited.

Hudson-Berkley Wedding.

A series of parties is being given this week in compliment to Miss Edith Hudson, whose marriage to Mr. Howard L. Berkley, of Harrisburg, Pa., will take place June 28.

This afternoon Miss Floride Jones will give a swimming party at East Lake.

Mrs. E. C. Knodle, Jr., will give a bridge party at her home on Peachtree place Wednesday.

Mrs. Nesbit Tilly will entertain at bridge Thursday.

On Tuesday next Miss Dorothy Dillon will entertain at bridge.

Mrs. John Baldwin, Jr., will entertain at bridge Wednesday, the 25th.

Yesterday afternoon Miss Dorothy Douglas gave a matinee party.

The wedding will be a beautiful event at the home of the sister of the bride, Mrs. John Baldwin, Jr., Boulevard Park, taking place in the afternoon at 5:30. Miss Dorothy Dillon will be maid of honor, Mrs. Baldwin matron of honor and Mr. Alan Floyd, of New York, best man.

French Class.

The French class of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage association will meet Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, 11 Whitehall street.

Miss Sawtell urges a full attendance, as the lessons will be discontinued for the present, and plans will be discussed for the fall class.

Original story, Mrs. Sheldon.

Dialogue, Mrs. Bass and Mrs. Morris.

Reading, Mrs. B. R. Stevens.

Senior Hop at East Lake.

One of the brightest events of the Georgia Tech commencement season was the senior hop last night at East Lake Country club.

The club was gaily decorated in the Tech colors and quantities of flowers.

A large orchestra provided the music, and dancing was enjoyed in the club and on the terrace.

Supper was served at 1 o'clock.

There were four hundred guests.

Charter Circle.

The Charter Circle of the new Christian church will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the home of the president, Mrs. J. C. Gentry, 174 St. Charles avenue.

All members of the circle are urged to be present.

To Mrs. Howard.

Mrs. Richard W. Johnston will entertain at luncheon today at Druid Hills club in compliment to Mrs. Troup Howard.

Hawes-Richardson.

Mrs. Agnes W. Hawes announce the marriage of her daughter Julia Marie, to Mr. Fred Carr Richardson, Monday, May 26, 1919, Norwood, Ga.

Curtis-Shipp.

The marriage of Mr. Percy A. Shipp and Miss Elizabeth Curtis, formerly of Denver, Colo., but now of Atlanta, occurred at the home of Colonel and Mrs. B. F. Shipp here this afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Roberts. The wedding came as a pleasant surprise to their many friends. Mr. Shipp has just returned from a year's service overseas, having served with evacuation hospital unit No. 23.

SOCIAL ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Prior are at Atlantic City.

Miss Louise White, of Tallulah Falls, Ga., is spending several weeks at Woodbury Hall.

Mrs. Mary Jarrett White, of Tugalo, Ga., returned home Sunday, after attending the state convention of business and professional women.

Miss Jessie V. Freeman, of Social Circle, is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. D. B. Freeman, 386 Spring street.

Miss Mammie Lee Elder will leave at an early date for Chicago, where she will take a special course in music, under Mrs. Effa Ellis Perfield.

Miss Mamie Branch Powers has returned to Northampton, Mass., to enjoy the commencement gayeties of Smith college, after a delightful week in New York with her cousins, Misses Edith and Antoinette Kirkpatrick.

The usual week end dinner dance was a delightful occasion of Saturday evening, attended by one hundred and fifty guests.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Winchell leave Wednesday in their private car for Atlantic City, New York and Washington.

Misses Helen and Letha Turman have returned from Barnard college, and are at their home, Hexagon Hall.

Mrs. Wade Langston, of East Orange, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Collier, motored yesterday with her cousin, Mr. Frank Sheffield, Jr to Americus, and with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sheffield they will go to the gulf coast, where Mr. and Mrs. Sheffield have a fishing smack at the mouth of Spring river. Mrs. Langston will return for a week's visit before going to New York, East Orange.

Mrs. John Raine has returned from a three weeks' visit to Kentucky.

Colonel F. L. Woodbury, who has been chief surgeon at Camp Gordon since last summer, leaves this week with Mrs. Woodbury for his new detail at Baltimore.

Mrs. Jerome Jones will go to Cedartown Wednesday to be the guest of Dr. and Mrs. C. V. Wood for the wedding of Miss Sarah Casey Young and Dr. Roy Hand, which takes place Wednesday evening.

Major and Mrs. Malbon Richardson leave this week for a month's visit at their home in Virginia.

Mrs. J. M. High and Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Peteet left Sunday for Linville Falls, N. C., making the trip by automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Krebs, of Asheville, have come to make their home in Atlanta and are at the Georgian Terrace.

Mrs. June Courtney left Saturday for New York.

Mrs. L. P. Blackburn has returned after spending the week-end in Rome.

Mrs. James Wilson and young son, Morton, left Atlanta Thursday to join Captain Wilson in Los Angeles, where they will make their home.

Mr. Augustus Edwards is home for the summer vacation from the University of Virginia.

Mrs. Fair Dodd and Master Dick Dodd leave next week for their summer home in South Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Clower have returned after spending several weeks at Tate Springs.

Mr. Jesse N. Couch has joined Mrs. Couch in New York.

Mr. Charles Sisson, who underwent an operation for appendicitis recently at St. Joseph's Infirmary, has sufficiently recovered to return home.

Miss Laura Beauregard Larendon, of New Orleans, will spend the summer with her cousins, Misses Caroline and Louise Sisson, at their home in Kirkwood.

Miss Emily Wimpy is the guest of relatives in Birmingham.

Mrs. F. C. Strother, Mrs. W. L. Meakin and the Misses Meakin leave next week for their summer home in South Carolina.

Mrs. Turner Carson will entertain informally at a tea this afternoon at East Lake country club in compliment to Miss Vera Strickland, of Los Angeles, Cal., the guest of Miss Mai Horine.

Mrs. B. H. Watkins will entertain at luncheon Wednesday at the Capital City club in compliment to Miss Emmie Durden, of Jackson, Ga., the guest of Miss Georgia Rice.

Mrs. J. O'Keefe Nelson will leave at an early date to make her usual summer stay in the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. George Levick Simpson and six-months-old daughter, of Los Angeles, Cal., are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gehrken, Jr. Mrs. Simpson was Miss Mary Virginia Parks, of Atlanta.

Mrs. Emily Grant Collier will return Wednesday to St. Louis.

FUNDS ARE RAISED TO SEND SOUTHERN HEROES TO DAWSON

Sufficient funds have been raised, it was reported at a meeting of the ways and means committee for Camp 159, U. C. V. on Monday afternoon at the courthouse, to permit all the old soldiers who wish to go to the reunion at Dawson. There will be seventy to make the trip from the four Atlanta camps it is stated, leaving here Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock in a special coach.

The committee which secured subscriptions to send the veterans was composed of Mrs. T. T. Stevens, chairman; Mrs. A. O. Woodward, Mrs. Arthur Hazzard, Mrs. Aurelia Patterson, Mrs. W. M. Crumley, Mrs. Richard Moore, Mrs. W. A. Parker, Mrs. Carpenter Jones, Mrs. C. H. Banks, Mrs. J. A. Manget, Mrs. J. W. McEachern and Mrs. Stafford Seidell.

Mrs. A. O. Woodward will act as matron at the reunion, and the sponsors for the Atlanta veterans will be little Misses Mary Brown Spalding and Helen Newell. Colonel A. J. Thomas, of Dublin, is commander of the Georgia veterans.

Mrs. Stevens in summing up the report of the committee Monday, said: Interest in the Confederate veterans and their reunions has not waned with the years. Instead full of the understanding of the comradeship war brings about, the younger generation now are eager to aid in anyway the assembling of the heroes of Bull Run, of Appomattox and of Atlanta, of whom there are fewer each year to talk over memories of Lee and Jackson and Gordon."

MORE POWER ASKED FOR I. C. COMMISSION

Washington, June 16.—Enactment of legislation designed to give the interstate commerce commission broader regulatory powers over railroad and wire system when those properties are returned to private control was recommended today by the house interstate commerce commission. The recommendation was contained in the committee's report on the bill for immediate return of the telegraph and telephone companies to their owners, which will be taken up by the house tomorrow.

Pointing out that this bill provided for the continuation of government-fixed rates for a period not to exceed six months, the committee said that at the expiration of this time the interstate commerce commission should have "authority to act upon rate and other matters without leaving what might otherwise be an embarrassing and confusing interval."

Sponsor and Her Maids for Veterans' Reunion



Sponsor and maids for reunion of Confederate Veterans of Georgia at Dawson on Wednesday: Lower center, Miss Dorothy Folk, of Waycross, sponsor; upper left, Miss Mary Alice Thomas, of Griffin, maid to sponsor; upper center, Miss Annette Alexander, of Blakely, maid to sponsor; upper right, Mrs. O. L. Chivers, of Dublin, matron to color guard; lower left, Miss Ellen Hillyer Newell, of Atlanta, maid to sponsor; lower right, Miss Emma J. Twiggs, of Augusta, maid to sponsor.

And So They Were Married

Seventh Installment.

(Strategy.)

BY HAZEL DEYO BATCHELOR

(Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution.)

CHAPTER 1.

Ruth could not help contrasting Natalie's wedding with Helen Townsend's and her own. Theirs had both been so simple and Natalie's was so very gorgeous. Chattering people crowded into the ribbon-locked pews of the great dim church, the long line of bridesmaids walking two and two, Natalie herself looking very white and small and childish on the arm of her father, and then she, Ruth, standing very still with the yellow roses lying along her arm listening to the marriage service and watching Jack and Natalie being married.

Under the wide floppiness of her pale yellow hat, Ruth's eyes were thoughtful. She wondered what Natalie was thinking and she could not help wondering what were Jack's thoughts. Did he remember at all those other days? Was he glad or sorry after all that he hadn't waited a little before asking Natalie to marry him?

Jack's face betrayed nothing of what was in his mind. Ruth could see it in profile, and it was gravely serious. Somewhere in the great silent church was Scott, and all these people hushed and silent now, these people who were Natalie's and Jack's friends, what were they thinking? Ruth's thoughts kept leaping ahead in silent inquiries. She wondered why she thought these things, why she couldn't accept life as it was without wondering about it so much. She had had strange thoughts at her own wedding and she wondered suddenly what Natalie was thinking about.

Natalie's mind was almost a blank as far as any deep feeling was concerned. She was thinking of her gown, and how it looked from the back, of the guests and of what her friends were thinking. Natalie's thoughts had gone no further than the ceremony. Her wedding was to her the great culmination of her desires. She had carried off one of the most eligible men in her set, and certainly she ought to be satisfied and happy. Natalie's philosophy of life and happiness was very simple, she had no creed, she just accepted everything.

Ruth stole a glance at Helen, also in yellow, but Helen's face was bent low and was not visible under the large hat. She stole a glance to the right of her where the pink bridesmaids stood. One was smiling introspectively. Ruth knew her slightly, and remembered that she had heard only lately of her engagement.

Then suddenly into the great silence the organ pealed out, and almost immediately everywhere was murmuring again. Ruth felt a great relief; she hated weddings. In sort of a blur she saw Natalie's white little face lifted to Jack's. There was something wonderful in it, almost a look of happy realization. There was a breathless expectancy about it that somehow shocked Ruth a little. She had never imagined Natalie transfigured by love, there wasn't enough to her. Then in that instant of time that should have been for his wife alone, Jack's eyes swept to the left and met Ruth's. The expression in them was unmistakable. Ruth whitened and her eyes dropped. She wondered involuntarily if any one had noticed. She felt suddenly weighed with responsibility; she knew that it was true that Jack still cared for her, and that it lay with her entirely just how things were to proceed.

She thought of this afterward when in the privacy of Natalie's little rose pink bedroom the bridesmaids hovered about like gorgeously hued butterflies.

Natalie looked very small and virginal in her short lacy petticoat and underbodice, and yet she seemed very calm and unflurried, and allowed herself to be dressed without evincing much excitement. Her hair looked unnatural to Ruth, dressed as it was by a fashionable hairdresser; it made her look much older and more like a sophisticated woman. The air of the room was sweet with expensive powder and perfumes and the scent from the bridesmaids' bouquets. Two girls were busy with Natalie's expensive traveling bag that stood upon the bed. Natalie's mother was uselessly standing about dabbing her eyes with a handkerchief and unable to help at all. Ruth herself sat on the floor with Natalie's slim silk stockinged foot in her lap. She was adjusting the little pointed pumps and the black satin spats. When she looked up she met Natalie's eyes and smiled. Natalie smiled back, her little girl smile, and then she was standing up and some one was slipping on the traveling suit and the Russian overblouse stiff with embroidery, and the tight little hat. It was Helen who flung the heavy fur cape over Natalie's shoulders and handed her her gloves and purse, and then she was ready. Even then, she did not look as though she was going away with her lover, and Ruth remembered afterward her thought that perhaps it was better so. Natalie accepting life just as it came would not want so much out of it. As long as she was beautifully dressed, and she had a beautiful home, she would not worry about whether Jack adored her or simply felt platonically toward her. Of course there had been that uplifted look at the altar, but then that might have been caused by almost any feeling, triumph perhaps and satisfaction.

(In the next installment Ruth meets an old acquaintance, who suggests a new idea for spending time.)

SEEK TO COLLECT PAY FOR CHRISTY HEIRS

By J. A. Holloman.
(By The Constitution's Leased Wire.)

Washington, June 16.—Congressmen Bell and Brand, of Georgia, will tomorrow introduce a bill for the payment to the heirs of John H. Christy, of Georgia, the sum of $10,494 for two years' salary as a member of congress, plus the mileage allowed under the federal laws.

The history of the claim of the heirs of John H. Christy is as follows:

In the year 1866 (during the reconstruction period) John H. Christy was elected from the 9th (now 8th) congressional district of Georgia to a seat in the United States congress. During this period no congressmen from the south were allowed to be seated. Mr. Christy went to Washington with certificates of election, etc., but was not allowed to be seated.

Mr. Christy was re-elected in 1868. At the close of the first term, on a day set apart on which all were to draw their pay, Christy started for the national capital, but was delayed by washouts until congress had adjourned. At the end of his second term Christy was sick and could not attend.

Papers setting forth all the facts in the case and explaining in detail why Mr. Christy was never seated, after being duly elected, and why he failed to get his pay, accompanied by a certificate of election, were filed by H. Carlton, congressman from the 9th (now 8th) district of Georgia in either the year 1886 or 1887, said papers being on file in the file room in Washington City. Mr. Carlton introduced a bill, in one of the years above referred to, recommending that the heirs of John H. Christy be paid this back salary.

This bill was referred to a special committee of which Charles Dougherty, of Georgia, was chairman. This committee reported favorably, but for some reason unknown to the heirs, no final action was taken.

Mr. Carlton died during vacation and no further steps were ever taken by the family and heirs of Mr. Christy until about the year 1915, when Samuel J. Tribble, member of congress from Georgia, introduced a bill recommending that the heirs of John H. Christy be paid this back salary. This bill was referred to the committee on claims, in the spring of 1916, and a favorable report made by said committee. No vote was taken on this bill during this session of congress and before they reconvened in December S. J. Tribble died and no further steps have been taken in regard to this claim.

This claim is again being presented to congress and it is the desire of the heirs of John H. Christy that this claim of fifty-three years standing be settled by the present congress. The heirs of John H. Christy are scattered through different states, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Virginia and Oregon. The indications are that the claim will be paid.

106TH ENGINEERS ARE ORDERED RELEASED

By J. A. Holloman.
(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, June 16.—Senator W. J. Harris was today informed that the 106th engineers, composed entirely of Georgia and Florida boys, would be released on June 26, and would embark for America on July 5. This order stated that the marines should arrive in an American port on or before July 20. The facts are, the marines should arrive in the United States by July 15, at the latest.

WOMEN AT WORK

During the war millions of women have been at work in vocations into which they have never before been called—in Munition Factories, Chemical Works, Metal Works, Street Railways and as Ambulance Drivers, Barbers and Elevator Girls. Undoubtedly thousands of others have longed to serve in this way, but because of female ailments, which had fastened upon them, were not able to do so. Women in this condition should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and find health and strength, as thousands of others have so done.—(adv.)

Marriage of Miss Stirling And Lieutenant Davison

Dr. and Mrs. Alex W. Stirling announce the marriage of their daughter, Janet, to Lieutenant Walter Davison, headquarters company, second infantry, United States army, on Saturday afternoon, June 14. The ceremony took place at St. Paul's Episcopal church, Des Moines, Iowa, the Rev. Elmoe Owen officiating. The bride was attended by Miss Grace Wolfe, of Cedar Rapids, the best man being Lieutenant Babbitt, of Cowallis, Ore. Lieutenant and Mrs. Davison will be at home at Camp Dodge, Iowa.

WOMEN OF ANNISTON ARE SEEING SNAKES

Anniston, Ala., June 16.—(Special.)—The killing of a rattlesnake nearly six feet long in her garden by Mrs. C. A. Carroll after the snake had attacked and bitten several chickens, and the finding of a rattlesnake in her bed by a woman of the north end of the county, has caused Calhoun farm women to keep a sharp lookout for the reptiles. More snakes are making their appearance this summer than usual, it is claimed, and reports are made almost daily of the killing of unusually large ones. The two largest reported thus far have been killed by women.

FEELING BLUE? LIVER LAZY? TAKE A CALOTAB

Wonderful How Young and Energetic You Feel After Taking This Nauseless Calomel Tablet.

If you have not tried Calotabs you have a delightful surprise awaiting you. The wonderful liver-cleansing and system-purifying properties of calomel may now be enjoyed without the slightest unpleasantness. A Calotab at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No taste, no salts, nor the slightest unpleasant effects. You wake up in the morning feeling so good that you want to laugh about it. Your liver is clean, your system is purified, your appetite hearty. Eat what you wish—no danger. The next time you feel lazy, mean, nervous, blue or discouraged give your liver a thorough cleansing with a Calotab. They are so perfect that your druggist is authorized to refund the price as a guarantee that you will be delighted.

Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages. Price thirty-five cents. At all drugstores.—(adv.)

How Soldier Dispersed Attacks

"For two years my stomach trouble was very bad, my doctor had to inject morphine on several occasions when I was stricken with these attacks. Since taking 4 bottles of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy I have been entirely well and am serving in the artillery, having been pronounced in perfect health by government physicians." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. Druggists everywhere.—(adv.)

ITCHING BURNING ECZEMA ON CHEST

Also On Face. Lost Rest At Night. Cuticura Healed.

"Eczema started on my chest with itching and burning, and my face was also affected. The eczema was in a rash and the skin was sore, red, and rough. The itching and burning caused me to irritate the affected parts by scratching and I lost my rest at night. This trouble lasted about two years.

"I used several remedies but without help. Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and now I am completely healed." (Signed) J. P. R. Sikes, R. F. D. 3, Glennville, Ga., Aug. 26, 1918.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum are all you need for your skin and all toilet and nursery uses.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. H, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

ENGRAVING
Webb & Vary Co.
Telephones Main 846 and 847
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ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
For Infants and Invalids
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes



Why My Baby Sleeps So Well

At ten o'clock I wake him up just enough to get that warm bottle into his chubby hands—and I have to watch him to see that he doesn't slip back sound asleep over it—and then not a sound out of him except his soft breathing until seven next morning!

Some other babies I have heard of wake up and cry during the night—but not mine, because his little stomach has no trouble with his food.

You see, it's Nestlé's Milk Food. Just a form of milk easier to digest than ordinary milk, because it's in powder form and that breaks up the hard to digest curds. And more nourishing for him, too—because it has in it just the right amount of sugar and cereal.

The Nestlé Company likes to save babies and put them on the road to health. They gave me free a big Mother's Book on baby feeding by specialists, and enough Nestlé's Food for twelve feedings. They will be glad to do this for you, too, if you will send them your name on the coupon below. I know your baby can be as well and strong as mine!

Nestlé's is pure milk in powder form that is already modified and does not require the further addition of milk. Always pure and safe, always uniform, and free from the dangers of home modification, Nestlé's has stood the test of three generations and *has today the largest sale of any baby food in the world.*

FREE! Enough Nestlé's for 12 feedings. Send the coupon!

NESTLÉ'S MILK FOOD

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Please send me free your book and trial package.
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City.....State.....

Lowe's



Corn and paint
How one explains the other

TAKE a peck of shelled corn and spread it out on the floor and you can see the boards between the kernels. Grind that peck up, and it will entirely cover many times the same space. Cover it so you can't see the boards.

It's the same with paint—the finer the solid portions are ground the farther they will spread and the closer they will cover.

It costs money to grind paint fine and rub the oil thoroughly around each paint particle. But it's one of the reasons why Lowe's Paint goes farther, and costs less to make it go.

Talk Lowe's Paint over with the Lowe's man in your town. If none, let us know and we will see there is one. Send for booklet called "Figure Your Paint Cost with a Brush, Not a Pencil."

The Lowe Brothers Company
93 Peters St., Atlanta
Jacob Buchman, 45 South Broad Street.
G. C. Daniel Hardware Co., 778 Marietta St.
Factory—Dayton, Ohio

Paints

Correct the Liver with Lamarine WAFERS

and avoid suffering from constipation, biliousness and sick headache. This delightful laxative is nice to take and is guaranteed to give satisfactory results without griping and nauseating.

30c per box at all drug stores. Insist on Lamarine Wafers. If your druggist can't supply you send order direct. They will be sent prepaid.

LAMARINE LABORATORIES,
Box 11
ATLANTA, GA.

Wash That Itch Away

We know of no sufferer from Eczema who ever used the simple wash D. D. D. and did not feel immediately that wonderfully calm, cool sensation that comes when the itch is taken away. This soothing wash penetrates the pores, giving instant relief from the most distressing skin diseases. Ask us about it today. 35c, 60c and $1.00.

D.D.D.
THE Lotion for Skin Disease
JACOBS' PHARMACY CO.

CAPUDINE



RELIEVES HEADACHE
Also, GRIPP and "FLU"—Try It
Trial Bottle 10c; also larger sizes

Atlanta's Painless Dentist



Gold Crowns, $3, $4, $5
Bridge Work, $4, $5, $6
33½ West Mitchell
Cor. Forsyth
One Block from Depot
Fine Set of Teeth $5 to $10
Phone Main 3853

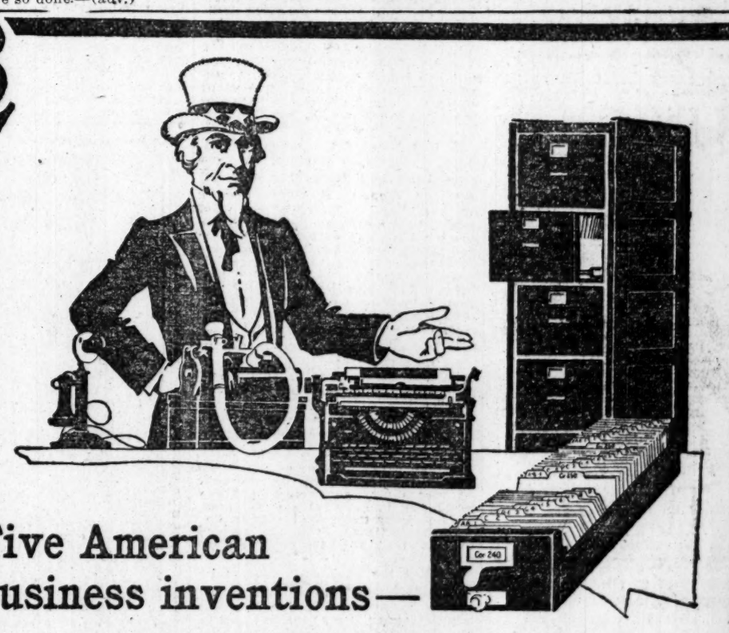
CHRONIC CONSTIPATION

IS A CRIME AGAINST NATURE

Stop it or you never can keep well. If you wake with a bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. A torpid liver deranges the whole system, produces dyspepsia, costiveness and piles. There is no better remedy for these disorders than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS. Try them just once and be eternally convinced. For sale by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

B



Five American business inventions—

"All the appliances of modern business methods—the typewriter, telephone, dictaphone, card index, the filing case—are of American origin." (*The Saturday Evening Post.*)

The card index system referred to was originated and improved by Library Bureau. So was the filing case.

Library Bureau also originated vertical filing. It originated counter-hight units. It originated the L. B. Automatic index.

Library Bureau is not only the world's largest manufacturer of card record and filing equipment but the originator of most of the standard filing systems of today.

For 43 years Library Bureau has been rubbing elbows with practical filing problems. This experience is cumulative. It is a most dependable guide in the present-day transition from war to peace. It is yours for the asking.

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She—I dress to match my complexion.
He — Hand-painted gowns are right exyensive, arn't they?—Nebraska Awgwan.

BLOOD IS YOUR LIFE; YOU MUST KEEP IT PURE

All Impurities Must Be Eliminated.

When your blood becomes foul from the presence of poisonous substances, which the body is unable to throw off, it can no longer supply the nerves, brain and muscles with nourishment and strength. The result is that you are miserable, half sick and feel tired all the time.

If you will cleanse the blood of all impurities, you will find that your work will be a pleasure, you will eat and sleep well and enjoy good health.

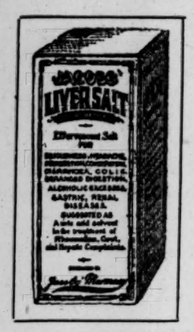
One of the best blood cleansers or purifiers known today is the prescription of a successful physician. He used it for years in his practice for the treatment of disorders of the blood.

You can still get this same splendid prescription, ready prepared, from your druggist. Just call for Prescription C-2223, or the C-2223 Laboratory, Memphis, Tenn., will mail you a $1.50 bottle on receipt of price.

Prescription C-2223 contains no mercury, opium, morphine, chloral or strychnine. While sold in concentrated form, and is to be taken in small doses, its use will not harm the most delicate stomach. Write for literature—C-2223 Laboratory, Memphis, Tenn.—(adv.)

Prescription C-2223 Eczema

Clear Head Alert Eye



Jacobs' Liver Salt

Stops constipation, tones the liver, drives out Uric Acid and relieves Rheumatism. Two teaspoonfuls in hot water, sipped slowly, every morning before breakfast WILL DO IT.

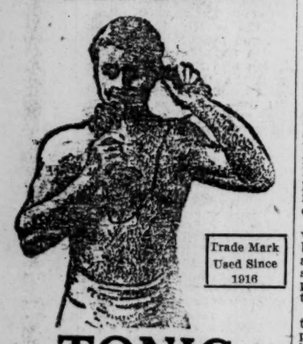
At All Druggists

Generous Packages:

35c and 75c

Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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Trade Mark Used Since 1916

TONIC

With Paw-Paw Added

THREE POWERFUL FORCES IN ONE

PUT UP IN LIQUID FORM

If you desire to preserve your youthful vim and vigor to a ripe old age, you must supply the iron deficiency in your food by using some form of prepared iron, just as you use salt when your food has not enough.

Iron is absolutely necessary to enable your blood to change food into living tissue. Without it, no matter how much or what you eat, your food does you no good. You cannot get the strength out of it, and as a consequence, you become anaemic, weak, pale and sickly looking. If you will use Ironized Paw-Paw, 1 tablespoonful three times a day before meals you will very quickly find returning strength, digestion normal and the nervous system restored.

Everywhere you go some one can be found who has been benefited by its use or knows of a friend who has found the desired relief; all are praising it, and each expresses surprise that cures of the most stubborn cases of indigestion, nervousness and sleeplessness could be brought about so speedily.

A system that is overworked or run down requires a harmless stimulant. Alcohol lifts, but lets you fall. **Ironized Paw-Paw lifts and holds you.** Your druggist probably keeps it; but if he doesn't, it is sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.'s 9 drug stores.

Ironized Paw-Paw, price $1.20. Formula on every bottle. Mail orders promptly attended to. Interstate Drug Co., Inc., New York.—(adv.)

COLUMBUS READY TO CARE FOR ALL

Ohio City Guarantees Ability to Provide Accommodations for Unlimited Number of Visitors to Centenary.

Columbus, Ohio, June 16.—(Special.—That many hundreds of thousands of visitors will attend the huge Methodist centenary celebration to take place in this city between June 20 and July 13, is assured by the number of responses received to letters sent out and also by the thousands of reservations which have already been made at the hotels for that period.

It is equally certain, however, that no matter how many visitors come to the celebration, Columbus will be well able to provide accommodations for them all.

Mayor George Karb today stated that Columbus has always been equal to any situation in the past and is not going to fail the centenary crowds this time, no matter how many thousand they turn out to be.

"Tell them," said Mr. Karb, "to come along to Columbus town. We are ready with open hearts and doors."

The minimum estimate of attendance yet made is 300,000, and Organizing Secretary H. B. Dickinson states that he is confident the city can care for twice that number if necessary.

James I. Daniels, secretary of the chamber of commerce, states that they can easily take care of three hundred thousand and as many more as required, if necessary.

WILSON WILL STUMP FOR LEAGUE SCHEME

Continued from First Page.

where he will take the fight to the home of Mr. Lodge, the republican leader. Whether the president will speak in Philadelphia or Pittsburg as a challenge to Senators Penrose and Knox remains to be seen. He may figure on covering New York and Pennsylvania with the one speech in New York city.

Chicago undoubtedly will be included in the itinerary to reach Senator Sherman and other league opponents in the middle west. On the coast the president will go to strongholds of Senator Hiram Johnson, of California, and Senator Poindexter, of Washington. Whether he will invade the lair of Senator Borah in the Idaho wilds, is not known. As the president travels through the country the demand for car-end speeches will be tremendous and he may in this way make many more addresses than the present white house itinerary calls for.

Wilson Refuses Treaty to Senate.

Mr. Polk, the acting secretary of state, today politely answered the Johnson resolution calling for the immediate submission of the text of the treaty of peace to the senate. This resolution was passed before the draft treaty was obtained by Mr. Borah and placed in the Congressional Record.

Mr. Polk declined on the ground that the real text of the treaty is not yet completed. His message, addressed to the secretary of the senate, reads as follows:

"In the absence of the president and the secretary of state and by the president's direction, the undersigned acting secretary of state, presents his compliments to the honorable, the secretary of the senate, and in response to the senate resolution of June 6, advises that the president states that he would, of course, be very glad to communicate to the senate the full text of the treaty if that text were complete, which is not the case. The acting secretary of state advises further that the president states that the treaty is now in process of negotiation, that many points of great moment are under consideration, that the text will, of course, not be complete until it is finally ready for signature, and he (the president) feels that it would not be in the public interest to communicate officially to the senate a text which is provisional and not definite, and he finds no precedent for such procedure."

Knox Resolution Fight.

The fight for the passage of the Knox resolution separating the league from the treaty of peace will be opened tomorrow in the senate with a speech by the author of the resolution. It is expected then that the further consideration of the minister will go over until later in the week, giving away to the consideration of two appropriations bills which have reached the senate calendar. These are the agriculture bill and the bill providing for the maintenance of the District of Columbia government. It is the republican policy now to let nothing interfere with the prompt passage of the supply bills.

Opposition to the Knox resolution will be opened by Senator McCumber, republican, of North Dakota, and in the debate that will follow scores of members expect to participate. The discussion seems certain to last for many days.

Beyond a determination to fight the resolution at every step, the plans of league supporters is being left largely to be formed by developments. They disclaim any intention to carry their opposition to the point of a filibuster, but it is considered entirely probable that there will be no roll call until after the treaty is sighed.

Williams Scores Republicans.

Issues of the league controversy figured in debate only once during today's session, when Senator Williams, democrat, of Mississippi, made a speech denouncing republican senators for their league opposition. He declared they were encouraging Germany not to sign the treaty, and were using "a little party majority" to work an injustice to millions of people who would benefit by the league.

The Mississippi senator predicted that unless a treaty were signed and ratified soon, the Bolsheviki of Germany, Austria and Russia would combine against the allies.

MORTUARY

Elbert G. Harris.

Elbert G. Harris, 19 years old, died Monday at a local hospital. Besides his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Harris, he is survived by four brothers, J. T., J. F., J. C. and Grady Harris.

D. M. Elliott.

D. M. Elliott, 70 years old, died Monday at the residence, 29 Cleburne terrace. Besides his widow, he is survived by one nephew, H. R. Holmes. The body was removed to the Barclay & Brandon chapel and was sent to Indianapolis Monday afternoon.

Fred Stamps.

Fred Stamps, 7-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Stamps, died Monday morning at the residence, 284 East Georgia avenue. Besides his parents, he is survived by two brothers and two sisters. The body was removed to the Barclay & Brandon chapel.

Steamer Is Floated.

New York, June 16.—The British freighter Iperia, which ran ashore off the Jersey coast on Sunday, was floated tonight by the tugs of a wrecking company. She was anchored off shore on account of the heavy fog.

The bee industry in Switzerland is very large, honey being a part of the daily diet of almost the entire population. An American agent could possibly establish a satisfactory and profitable business here for beekeepers' supplies, if he made a careful study of Swiss methods in apiculture.

Watkins and Cree to Speak To Atlanta Real Estate Men

Former Lieutenant Colonel With Eighty-second Division Will Tell of the Work Accomplished by Americans 'Over There.'

Homer Watkins, prominent Atlanta lawyer who has recently returned from France, where he won the rank of lieutenant colonel, will be one of the principal speakers to address members of the Atlanta real estate board at its next regular monthly luncheon Thursday, at the Piedmont hotel.

He will have some interesting stories to relate of the big battles "over there." Mr. Watkins was wounded in action and was decorated for bravery on the field. He takes great pride in the fine work of American boys in France and will tell the real estate men about it, and also compare America with the European countries from many other angles.

Dr. Howard T. Cree, head of the War Camp Community service in Atlanta, will tell what great success has followed this work and the fact that the government having seen its accomplishments, will continue the work and broaden its scope all over the country. Mr. Cree will speak particularly on playgrounds and park as a necessary adjunct to civil life.

The meeting of the board will be presided over by Benjamin D. Watkins in the absence of President Charles H. Black, who is in New York.



HOMER WATKINS,
who won the rank of lieutenant colonel while with Eighty-second division.

$216,350 SERVICE GIVEN FOR $20,000

Data Compiled by State Board of Health Shows How Efficiently and Economically Money Has Been Spent.

For $20,000 of the year's $60,000 appropriation for the state board of health which was spent in the first four months of the year, the state received $216,350 worth of services, according to a tabulation which has just been prepared at the state health office, of which Dr. T. F. Abercrombie is the director. That is, the work which has been done by the state board in the chemical laboratory, in the division of venereal disease control, and in the interest of rural sanitation, in addition to lectures and inspection, if performed by private agencies would have cost the state $196,350 more.

One of the largest items on the table of laboratory work during the first four months is treatments of influenza-pneumonia vaccine prepared. The number of these came to 20,000. At the average charge made by other laboratories (fifty cents per thousand) the cost of these alone would have amounted to $10,000. These were all issued free, however.

Over 2,000,000 units of diphtheria antitoxin were sent out which at the usual price would have cost over $1,000,000. Of C. C. typhoid vaccine 50,000 treatments were issued, worth commercially $12,500.

Eight clinics for venereal disease control have been in operation; 9,000 school children have been examined, and there have been 4,284 typhoid vaccinations. Hundreds of personal and thousands of circular letters, have been sent out and 15,000 pieces of literature distributed. The department of epidemiology and vital statistics have been established, and are now beginning to get their machinery to operating smoothly.

In addition to what has been done by the various departments the board has been tendered free of charge, the services of the Raoul Foundation, which is spending thousands in the state each year for the control of tuberculosis.

The statistics were compiled by Dr. M. F. Haygood who is in charge of rural sanitation.

DETENTION HOME PLAN IS BEATEN

Continued from First Page.

which was a majority. Mr. Nuting and Mr. Buchanan then joined in notice to council that they would move to reconsider action on the resolution at the next meeting, thereby automatically holding up its passage.

Alderman McClelland was the author or joint author of three more resolutions to grant salary increases out of the same fund he "found" in recorder's court fines.

Council Favors Increase.

One was to restore the salary of Recorder George E. Johnson from $3,000 a year to $3,600 to become effective July 1. This, likewise, brought Mr. Buchanan to his feet in argument against it. However, on vote council favored it. Alderman McClelland, Alderman Styron and Councilman Mincey were co-authors of this resolution.

The second was to amend the June sheet to provide a salary of $115 a month instead of $100 a month for the keeper of the zoo at Grant park. The last of the series was to amend the sheet by which the salary of the foreman at the Rhodes street city stable would be raised from $20.75 to $24 a week. Both were passed by council.

Another effort to retire on pensions four veteran members of the city police force was tabled by council. The officers under discussion were George Steint, J. C. Carlisle, W. F. Harper and J. D. Fincher. It was brought out that none of them wished to be retired on pension. The majority of the members were emphatic in their expressions of opinion that these men who have served the city long and faithfully and are still on active duty, should not be pensioned against their will, but permitted to remain on the pay-roll at full pay as long as they continue able to discharge their duties.

Policemen Get Day Off.

Following action two weeks ago in approving the two-platoon plan in the fire department, which will permit the men to have more leisure at their disposal, council Monday afternoon adopted an ordinance providing that each active patrolman on the police force, where doing continuous service, be given a leave of absence every fourth Sunday with full pay.

The policemen had previously carried their request to the board of police commissioners, but were met with little encouragement, it is said. Councilman J. C. Little moved to refer the petition to the police commission, stating, in this connection, that it was his information the commissioners would not now be averse to acceding to the petition.

Councilman Ashley took the stand that this procedure had been followed by council when the policemen appeared before the body once before asking for the same thing, and that the police commission did not do them the courtesy to even return the paper. He pointed out that council is the governing body of the city and, in view of the police commission's attitude on the former occasion, the matter ought to be disposed of Monday. Councilman Little's motion to refer was lost by a large majority.

There was a persistent fight on the part of Alderman Hatcher to kill a resolution by Alderman W. S. Richardson to pay out of city funds the expenses incurred by W. M. Rapp, superintendent of construction and distribution at the waterworks, for a trip to Buffalo, N. Y., where he went last Saturday as a delegate representing the board of water commissioners, to attend the annual convention of the American Waterworks' association.

Illegal, Says Hatcher.

When the resolution was introduced, Mr. Hatcher quickly declared it would be illegal to appropriate money to reimburse Mr. Rapp, and asked for a ruling from the city attorney on this point. Mr. Mayson ruled that Mr. Hatcher was correct, and Mr. McClelland, the presiding officer, then declared the resolution out of order.

This was during the early part of the session, but later Mr. Richardson re-introduced his resolution, this time arguing that Mr. Rapp was directed by the board of water commissioners to attend the convention; that a refusal on his part might have subjected him to the possibility of losing his job, and that the money he was compelled to spend in necessary expenses should be refunded.

Mr. Hatcher was on the floor again, asking for a ruling from Mr. Mayson. The city attorney repeated his first ruling. Mr. Hatcher asked for the resolution to be declared out of order again, but Mr. McClelland reversed himself and decided against the alderman. Mr. Hatcher then appealed from the decision of the chair and put the question up to council in the following manner:

"It now becomes purely a question as to whether you will sustain the ruling of the city attorney or the chair." The chair was sustained by a vote of 12 to 5, and then, upon the ayes and nays; the resolution passed on a vote of 9 to 3.

Some of the members explained their vote by saying that there are already appropriations in the finance sheet that are illegal and that they were establishing no precedent in their action to reimburse Mr. Rapp.

Non-Parking Ordinance.

An amendment to the present non-parking ordinance introduced by Councilman J. A. Couch and referred to the ordinance committee is designed to free the down-town streets from standing vehicles.

Mr. Couch would begin at the corner of Marietta and Spring street, and go thence northerly along Spring street to Baker, thence easterly along Spring street to Ivy, thence southerly along Ivy to Decatur street, thence westerly along Trinity avenue to Forsyth street, thence northerly along Marietta to Spring street, the starting point, on which streets he would prohibit any vehicle from standing longer than five minutes.

A resolution by Councilman Little to increase the salaries of the first assistant chief of police and the first assistan chief of detectives from $175 to $200 a month, was ruled out of order, but later in the meeting he introduced a resolution to increase the salary of the first assistant chief of police in the amount named above and council passed it.

Council approved the repeal of an ordinance to carry fire insurance on automobiles purchased by the city during the current year.

Councilman Bailey was the author of two resolutions passed by council, one to extend from 25 to 105 days the support of council in maintaining the park swimming pools as open to the public, and the other requesting the Fulton county commissioners to appropriate the sum of $3,000 for the construction of a wall around the big swimming pool at Grant park.

Juniper Street Paving.

Bids were opened and awarded Monday afternoon on the paving of Juniper street from North avenue to Twelfth street. The Meador Construction company was again awarded the contract. It had become necessary to repeal the ordinance and re-advertise for bids to meet a technical objection in the first contract by the county commissioners who are paying the city's part of the paving cost.

Following action of the members on a resolution by Councilman W. L. Carpenter, only the signature of Mayor Key is necessary to change the name of Khuns street to Euclid terrace.

It will soon become necessary to again restrict the latitude in which poodles, terriers and other pet canines in Atlanta are wont to roam, for the dog wagon with its watchful driver and boy helpers are going to begin to round up and carry to the pound the stray dogs. Twelve hundred dollars for this purpose was made available out of a special appportionment in the finance sheet through a resolution by Alderman J. H. Ewing.

Council acted favorably on a resolution by Alderman J. R. Seawright to increase the salary of the city attorney from $3,600 to $4,000.

They referred to the finance committee a petition from the board of health asking an increase from $110 to $125 per month for inspectors in the sanitary department.

Permit Clerk Gets Increase.

A favorable vote was cast on a resolution by Councilman J. N. Landers to raise the salary of the permit clerk in the office of chief of construction from $110 to $125 a month.

City Attorney James L. Mayson directed a communication to council in which he advised the city to take advantage of the offer of Asa G. Candler to convey to the city a strip off of the property which he owns near the corner of Spring street and Carnegie way to widen Spring street with the condition attached that the work be done during the current year. Mr. Mayson said that the city lost a strip from the rear of the property on which the governor's mansion is situated several years ago by reason of delay.

Alderman J. R. Seawright introduced a resolution to increase the salary of the city tax assessors from $3,000 to $3,300. It was referred to the finance committee.

A communication from Superintendent of Schools W. F. Dykes was read by the clerk in which he stated that the board of education at its last meeting voted to request council to ask the county commissioners to pave Frederika street by Greenwood school, extending from Greenwood avenue to St. Charles avenue. Also to grade the Spring street lot, Moreland avenue lot, and the Hebrew Orphanage lot, now being used by the city schools. The request will be granted.

A resolution by Councilman A. J. Orme was approved to permit the board of education to use part of the auditorium in which to store guns and other equipment pending its distribution to the cadets in Atlanta's schools.

Resolutions Passed.

The following resolutions from the finance committee were passed: To amend the finance sheet by adding $2,000 to pay rolls at Grady hospital to increase the number of orderlies, to amend the sheet by transferring $125 from office supplies to pay rolls in the department of Carnegie library, to amend the sheet by transferring $125 from "operating supplies" to purchase "exchange for auto truck," department of dairy farm, to transfer $1,000 from lateral sewer funds to changing and altering storm sewer at Grant place and West Peachtree place, to transfer $875 from purchase of mules to purchase of auto truck in the sanitary department.

Following council meeting the aldermanic board met and concurred in the ordinance to pave Juniper street, the resolution letting the bid to the Meador Construction company, and the resolution to increase the salary of the permit clerk in the construction department.

PLEA FOR IRELAND GOES TO PEACE CONFERENCE

Paris, June 16.—The resolutions adopted by the American congress on the Irish question have been formally transmitted to the peace conference, Frank P. Walsh and Edward F. Dunne, the delegates representing Irish societies of the United States, have been informed. No intimation has been given of the character of the letter of transmittal.

Macon Rainbow Men Volunteer Services For Mexican Border

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Members of the Georgia chapter of the Rainbow division, composed of members of the 161st machine gun battalion, who returned from France a few weeks ago, through Major E. J. Peacock, Jr., tonight wired Secretary of War Baker they stand ready for immediate service on the Mexican border if needed. Major Peacock assured the secretary of war he could furnish a battalion of 742 trained men, fully officered.

The action was authorized at a meeting of the chapter held tonight, at which plans for reorganization of the three old Macon companies on a national guard footing was discussed.

GEORGIA TOURISTS WILL LEAVE TODAY

Cordial Welcome and Elaborate Entertainments Are Promised the Members of Party by North Georgia Cities.

With prospects of a cordial welcome and entertainment in every town of their itinerary the touring party of the Georgia Automobile association which will make a three-day trip to North Georgia and back, boosting good roads, will leave this morning at 7:30, under the pilotage of Frank T. Reynolds, secretary of the association.

This is an annual event, and though the route was not planned exclusively for scenery but rather to spread the doctrine of good roads, the tour will take the autoists over some of the most beautiful parts of North Georgia, where the peaks of the Blue Ridge glisten for miles distant.

During the stops at the various villages and crossroads stores, the boosters will endeavor to stimulate interest in highway legislation, will explain how federal aid can be obtained, and will discuss county issuance of bonds for good roads.

Good Roads Measures.

Copies of the two proposed measures which have been drawn up will be distributed, and there will be many enthusiastic speeches by the tourists who have been talking good roads for years. Those who will make up the party are:

William A. Candler, J. Oscar Mills, Fulton county commissioner; W. A. Hansell, Fulton county engineer; J. E. McMillan, of the Good Roads Equipment company; James and Oscar Coursey.

Mrs. William A. Candler, Miss Teabeaut, Miss Bessie Kempton, Charles S. Davis, of Warm Springs, president of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia; W. Tom Winn, president of the Georgia Automobile association, and Mrs. Winn; W. J. Davis, Mrs. Earl Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. Walter F. Winn, John Paschall and Harllee Branch.

All day Monday Mr. Reynolds was receiving telegrams and messages that the town where stops will be made are making ready for demonstrations in honor of their guests, as well as preparing for their comfort. Dr. Craig Arnold, of Lumpkin county, will join the party at Dahlonega Tuesday afternoon, and Judge W. E. Candler will be on the reception committee at Blairsville.

Itinerary of Trip.

The following is the itinerary:

Leave Kimball house, 7 a. m., June 17; arrive Roswell, 8:30 a. m., June 17; leave Roswell, 8:45 a. m., June 17; arrive Alpharetta, 9 a. m., June 17; leave Alpharetta, 9:30 a. m., June 17; arrive Cumming, 10 a. m., June 17; arrive Dahlonega, 12:30, noon, June 17—dinner; leave Dahlonega, 2:30 p. m., June 17; arrive Clarksville, 5:30 p. m., June 17.

Night Control.

Leave Clarksville, 7:30 a. m., June 18; arrive Clayton, 9 a. m., June 18; leave Clayton, 9:30 a. m., June 18; arrive Blairsville, 1:30 noon (with short stop at Hiawassee and Young Harris); leave Blairsville, 2:30 p. m., June 18—dinner; arrive Blue Ridge, 4:30 p. m., June 18.

Night Control.

Leave Blue Ridge, 7:30 a. m., June 19; arrive Ellijay, 8:15 a. m., June 19; leave Ellijay, 8:45 a. m., June 19; arrive Jasper, 10 a. m., June 19; leave Jasper, 10:15 a. m., June 19; arrive Tate, 10:30 a. m., June 19; leave Tate, 10:45 a. m., June 19; arrive Canton, 11:45 a. m., June 19—dinner; leave Canton, 1:45 p. m., June 19; arrive Marietta, 3 p. m., June 19; leave Marietta, 4 p. m., June 19; arrive Atlanta, 5:30 p. m., June 19.

L. B. BABCOCK GOES INTO GREAT UNKNOWN

Knoxville, Tenn., June 16.—Leman Burrell Babcock, retired lumber dealer of Fulton, N. Y., died this morning at the home of his son, C. L. Babcock, at Maryville, Tenn., at the age of 85 years. The deceased was the father of Edward Babcock, mayor of Pittsburg; O. H. and C. L. Babcock, of Pittsburg; C. L. Babcock, head of the vast Babcock lumber interests in this section, and of Mrs. B. A. Van Huss, of Fulton, N. Y. The body will be taken to Fulton, N. Y., for burial.

Skin Eruption Causes Unbearable Itching

Scratching Increases the Irritation of the Delicate Skin Tissue.

You can claw your nails into your skin until it bleeds, in an effort to obtain relief from the fiery itching and burning caused by skin diseases, but you only increase the irritation and pain.

And you can pour ointments, salves and lotions by the gallon on the irritated parts, without obtaining anything but temporary relief. Just as soon as the strength of the counter irritant gives out, your pain and torture will return with increased violence, because these local remedies have not reached the source of the trouble.

The real source of all skin disease is the blood supply. The blood becomes infected with some impurity, and the disease germs break out through the delicate tissues of the skin. They may appear as eczema, tetter, boils, pimples, scaly eruptions, caused by disease germs in the blood.

The real cure, therefore, must be directed through the blood. And no remedy has yet been discovered that equals S. S. S. for any disorder of the blood. This great old remedy rids the blood of every trace of disease germs, and clears up the complexion and gives it the ruddy glow of perfect health. Get a bottle at your drugstore today, and you will soon be rid of your tormenting skin trouble. Also write at once for expert medical advice regarding your own case. Address, Medical Director, 263 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

Will It Chop Cotton? It Does!

The Lanham Cotton Cultivator Company asked the question of The Sugarland Industries, one of the greatest cotton raising corporations in the South. Its letter follows:

Lanham Cotton Cultivator Company
Empire Building

Atlanta, Ga., May 15, 1919.

Mr. G. D. Ulrich,
Care The Sugarland Industries,
Sugarland, Texas.

Dear Sir:

You have no doubt received the Cotton Chopper-Cultivator which we shipped you recently.

We are quite anxious to know if you have had an opportunity to try it out in the field, and to have a report as to how it worked. If there is anything further that we can do to help you in the use of this machine, we will be glad to have you call on us.

We are enclosing herewith a stamped envelope and will appreciate a prompt reply.

Very truly yours,
LANHAM COTTON CULTIVATOR COMPANY.
W. J. WARD, Secretary.

And here is the answer:

The Sugarland Industries

TRUSTEES
I. H. Kempner
D. W. Kempner
G. D. Ulrich
W. T. Eldridge, Jr.

OPERATING
Imperial Sugar Company
Sugar and Manufacturing Company
Sealy Mattress Company
Imperial Mercantile Company
Sugarland Feed Company

I. H. Kempner, President.
G. D. Ulrich, Vice President
W. T. Eldridge, Jr., Vice Pres.
J. Vickerman, Secretary
E. D. Guenther, Treasurer

PURCHASING DEPARTMENT
ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO
G. D. ULRICH, Purchasing Agent

Sugarland, Texas, June 14th, 1919.

Lanham Cotton Cultivator Company,
Empire Building,
Atlanta, Ga.

Attention: Mr. W. J. Ward, Secretary.

Gentlemen:—

Replying to yours of the 15th ult, regarding your cotton chopper cultivator.

Please be advised that we have used, and are still using this machine with very satisfactory results.

We will probably not need any additional quantity this year, but shall be pleased to take the matter up with you next season, at which time we hope to be in position to give you an order for quite a number.

If there is any further information that you desire, please feel at liberty to call on us.

Yours very truly,
G. D. ULRICH, V. P. & G. M.

GDU-AH

This cotton chopper-cultivator was sold by mail. No one connected with the Lanham Cotton Cultivator Company has any acquaintance with any one in The Sugarland Industries. No personal acquaintance or business connection was involved. The Sugarland Industries is rated at over a million dollars, owns vast tracts of cotton plantations in Texas, and is a great, business-like corporation which raises and manufactures its own cotton.

If you had seen no other evidence and had heard no verbal statement about the Lanham Cotton Chopper-Cultivator, you would know that the above letter from the Sugarland interests, coming as it does, is all the proof you or anybody else needs to convince you that the machine is right.

Therefore, you know that your money invested in this business will bring big, certain returns, provided the business is managed honestly and with reasonable ability. If you are satisfied on that point, your interest and ours demand your immediate action.

Lanham Cotton Cultivator Company

Empire Building Phone Ivy 5511 Atlanta, Ga.

Officers:
CALVIN TICHENOR, President
H. W. BROWN, Vice President
W. J. WARD, Secretary-Treasurer

Directors:
H. W. BROWN, Vice President, H. G. Hastings Co.
BERNARD C. BROYLES, Sales Manager
JOHN W. STEWART, Atlanta, Ga.
ERWIN C. CATTS, Lieut. of U. S. Engineers, Increased Production Division
ST. ELMO MASSENGALE, President Massengale Advertising Agency
CALVIN TICHENOR, President

QUALITY shoes fit best, look best, feel best and wear longest; men of good judgment come here for shoes because they know they will get these things.

We are selling more Nettleton and Howard & Foster fine shoes than ever before; new lasts for summer in black, tan or white.



We fit you--that's sure.

Daniel Bros. Co. 45 to 49 Peachtree

THE CONSTITUTION
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The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use of publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

ACROSS THE BORDER.

Again the United States has seen fit to send a military organization across the Mexican border in opposition to the banditti led by the notorious outlaw Villa.

This time it was not a punitive expedition that has been sent against Villa, and the war department has taken pains to state that the aggressive action taken is not an invasion.

During a battle between federal and revolutionary forces for the possession of Juarez, just across the Rio Grande from El Paso, Texas, bullets whizzed across the river and occasioned loss of life and other casualties among American civilians and soldiers on the Texas side of the river.

How the American military authorities can determine whether the bullets were fired by Villistas or by Mexican federal troops is not clear; and it matters little. American life was lost, Americans were injured and the whole American population within gun range of the battleground was jeopardized distinctly in violation of international law.

Villa being the aggressor, and attacking Juarez from the south, the presumption is that the stray missiles that provoked the American forces to take action were fired by his followers. At any rate, they alone offered resistance, and they were routed with characteristic American "expedition and dispatch!"

Late reports to the effect that all the American troops had returned to their camps on American soil are welcome as evidencing that in the opinion of the authorities on the ground the protection of American interests and the punishment of those responsible for the taking of American lives had been sufficiently accomplished.

Again, therefore, it would seem that American soldiers have acted with their customary direct and efficient manner, and that as a result we may feel that the latest uprising of the Mexican bandits under Villa, so far as it affects American interests, has been closed.

JUDGE WADE'S GIFT.

The gift of a remarkable collection of books to the University of Georgia by Judge Peyton L. Wade, presiding judge of the state court of appeals, announcement of which was made in The Constitution Sunday morning, entitles the donor to the sincere gratitude, not only of the university, but of the entire state of Georgia.

It is one of the most extensive donations ever received by the state university, being a personally selected collection of something like 1,300 handsomely bound volumes of standard histories and of the works of standard English and French authors in limited editions.

Judge Wade is himself an alumnus of the state university, class of 1886, and throughout the years of his conspicuous success in his chosen profession he has never failed upon occasion to express his love for and gratitude to his alma mater, his pride in which has kept pace with the university's development and progress.

It is such men as Judge Wade, and such practical free-will offerings as that just made by him, that contribute in no small measure to a university's greatness.

The state university is, year by year, becoming a more eminent source of pride to the citizens of Georgia; and it is to them—to the state-at-large—as much as to the university organization in itself, that Judge Wade's contribution was made, and from every citizen he is entitled to thanks and commendation for his thoughtful consideration and big-hearted generosity.

A GOOD MAN QUITS.

In the resignation of J. Prince Webster, as rate expert of the Georgia railroad commission, the state loses the services of a competent and valuable official.

For ten years Mr. Webster has been connected with the railroad commission. He has grown into his present position. In fact, it was his devotion to duty, his peculiar qualifications and his all-round proficiency that made the position; and, as Chairman Candler said, with reference to the vacancy that will exist July 1—

"It is difficult to find a man who is an expert in gas and lighting power rates, and at the same time capable of making expert investigations of street railway and telephone rates. We will not be able to obtain the combination."

There are, indeed, few men in public office to whom such an unusual tribute would apply.

Mr. Webster leaves the service of the state with, as he says, "great reluctance and hesitation." His work is of a congenial nature, his official associations and his surroundings at the capitol pleasant; and, says he, "were I a man of considerable means, there is no field of activity that would appeal to me as a position of service so much as to continue in my present work."

But, he goes on to say with truth and to the point, "with the increased cost of living expenses, and being confronted with the necessity of laying aside something for the future, I feel the compelling necessity of entering another field where the reward or remuneration offers greater financial opportunities."

Mr. Webster is serving for a salary that was fixed in 1907—twelve years ago, when the cost of living was almost negligible in comparison with what it is today.

And yet the salary provision for the rate expert is even more nearly in harmony with present-day requirements than is that for the members of the commission, which, as Mr. Webster points out in his letter of resignation, was fixed by the legislature in 1879!

Mr. Webster expresses the hope that "at no distant date some remedy will be found for paying fair and living salaries to the public servants who are busy all the time serving their fellow-man," for, he suggests, "certainly **a man should not be penalized for accepting public office.**"

There is not a progressive, fair-minded citizen in Georgia but who will join Mr. Webster in this hope and commend his conclusion.

The loss from the state's service of such an official as he surely ought to be enough to impress the salary-fixing authority—the legislature—with the injury that Georgia is suffering, to say nothing of that imposed upon state officials, from the governor on down the list, because of the inadequate provision it makes for the remuneration of its faithful servants.

Such a scale of compensation is the worst form of false economy; and it is time for the legislature to recognize that fact and act accordingly.

No use "taking to the woods" on July 1, for the woods will be dry enough to burn.

German objection to the treaty is pretty good evidence that they've been handed some of the justice they asked for.

The high cost won't even look down, for fear it will get dizzy and take a tumble.

All the noise of the ex-kaiser's wood-sawing doesn't drown the sound of that knock on the door.

As the former crown prince is in the pottery business he might make that pious old dad of his a little clay god to pray to.

Germany had better save her breath; it's folly to waste it trying to run around that dotted line.

Come to think about it, it's rained enough to make anyone wish a warm welcome to a dry July.

Reason prices didn't rain down during the recent wet spell is because they're 'way above the clouds.

Not all "stand-from-under" signs stand to reason. For instance, prices are not coming down to hurt.

Austria asked for hers, and got it—only to discover that she didn't want it.

Won't be a chance in the world for two-headed snake stories after July 1.

In a thoroughly dry country no after-dinner speaker will dare to say he's "too full for utterance."

And, too, this is the season of coming home to rest up from the vacation.

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON.



"It's Good to Be Home."

I.

Says dad, after looking him over:
"The old home is right where it stood:
It's been dreamin' about you:
'Twas hard lines without you!
Now, jes' walk around and feel good!"
An' he don't talk of battles far over the foam—
Jes' one thing: "It's good to be home!"

II.

It's the word that comes nigh to a chorus
From the boys who fought well the good fight:
The word that's expressin'
The joy o' home's blessin'—
O that's the one word ringin' right!
The breath o' home-flowers where summer winds roam:
"I tell you, it's good to be home!"

* * * * *

Briefs From Billville.

An exchange says that "the profiteer should come down and be sociable;" but who in thunder wants to be sociable with a profiteer?

On plenty still we dine and sup though now no juleps win us; and we'll not say "the jig is up" while there's a dance left in us!

We have no doubt that there's a drybone remedy for snakebite, but the old-timers don't seem to think it's worth while to tempt a snake to bite 'em.

* * * * *

Song and Work.

I.

Hi, Mister Jaybird!
You have your own song, too;
The mockingbirds are singing,
But they don't discourage you;
For you're glad that you are living
In a world so bright to view.

II.

How's your little family?
Mighty well, I know,
For you're a great provider,
And you brag about 'em so!
Well, the world owes all a living:
'Tis for that we sing and sow.

* * * * *

The Regiment at Home.

In case anyone wants to start a war around there the Lawrence Journal-World says: "We now have in the editorial department a captain and a first lieutenant. In the composing room we have a first sergeant, a sergeant and a corporal. The presses are commanded by a sergeant of the tank corps. Privates? Oh, yes, we have one of them, too. The boss was a private in the home guard until they found out his age and discharged him."

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That Ain't the Summer's Way.

You think the summer tells you:
"Time to take your ease—
Loafin' when you want to,
An' fishin' when you please."
But that ain't summer's way—she knows
The toilin' debt a feller owes.

II.

You think the river's sayin':
"Rest, where shadows creep,
And listen what I'm singin'—
I'll sing your soul to sleep!"
That ain't the river's way—it knows
The toilin' debt a feller owes.

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The editor of The Davis Mercury says his "idea of a rich man is one who can buy milk for his baby and gasoline for his wife."

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"Take This!"

"You may be as good as anybody else," says The Slaton News, "but if that's all you have to brag about, you're a lame duck."

Today's Events

One hundred and forty-fourth anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill.

Two hundredth anniversary of the death of Joseph Addison, one of the greatest names in literary history.

Right Rev. Paul J. Rhode, Catholic bishop of Green Bay, Wis., today celebrates the twenty-fifth anniversary of his ordination.

Class day, the most conspicuous social event of the commencement season at Harvard university, will be observed today.

The commencement exercises at Ohio State university today will be featured with an address by Bishop William F. McDowell.

The divorce suit filed against her husband by Madame Galli-Curci, the celebrated prima donna of the Chicago Opera company, is scheduled to come to trial today in New York.

The government's appeal from the order of Judge Mayer restraining federal officials from interfering with the manufacture of 2¾ per cent beer is to be given a court hearing in New York city today.

The National Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, one of the largest American fraternal societies, is to assemble in Milwaukee today for its annual convention.

Conventions Opening Today

Chicago — American Train Dispatchers' association.

Regina, Sask.—Canadian National Council of Women.

Minneapolis——American Society of Civil Engineers.

Atlantic City, N. J.—National Association of Master Plumbers.

Saginaw, Mich.—Michigan Bankers' association.

Centralia, Wash. — Washington State Federation of Women's Clubs.

Wenatchee, Wash.—Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Washington.

Savannah, Ga.—Cotton Seed Crushers' Association of Georgia.

Mitchell, S. D.—South Dakota State Bankers' association.

Richmond, Va.—Christian Endeavor Societies of Virginia.

Akron, O.—Ohio Sunday School association.

A Year Ago Today in War

The Bulgarian cabinet resigned.

American casualty list to date totaled 8,173.

Germans made unsuccessful attempt to construct a footbridge across the Marne.

Seen and Heard in Washington

Disgraceful Act of the Senate in Reading Into the Record a Tramp Copy of the Unfinished Covenant of Peace—The Game of Politics Being Played by the Republicans Without Regard to International Proprieties or Decencies.

BY JAMES A. HOLLOMON

Washington, June 16.—(Special.) The disgraceful act of a republican senate, abetted by a handful of insurgent democrats, in reading into the record a tramp copy of the incomplete covenant of peace, in defiance of the president, and as a rebuke to his labors in assisting in the establishment of a world peace, as well as to his solemn pledge, is going to react upon the republican party; and already republican leaders realize it, and are trying to make excuses for it, and apologies for it.

It was sensational in the extreme. The senate was in the most exciting turmoil of recent years. Partisan feeling ran high and almost broke through the dam at times. But with all of that it was the sorriest day's work, from a party standpoint, that the republicans have ever done, and it will, of itself, when thoroughly understood and digested by the American people, result in the loss of thousands upon thousands of votes that the party would otherwise have gotten.

As for the democrats who aided the republicans in this disgusting performance, their days in the senate are numbered, and they know it. Even before the vote was announced, they began to wiggle like worms in the fire; and one of them, Beckham, of Kentucky, whom fate picked out at the time that an assassin put out the light of William Goebel, and made him something, tried to "reconsider," claiming that he had voted under a "misapprehension." But the republicans had the handful of Wilson haters trapped, and, of course, there was no reconsidering done.

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Calling "Disgraceful," Putting It Mildly.

Disgraceful! That is putting it mildly. All the decencies of international relationship were knocked into smithereens. The time-honored traditions of honor and respect that have hung over this great body of solons were kicked into the gutters, and the Lodge-Borah-Johnson triumvirate ran roughshod, with partisan hatred predominating, and partisan blood boiling, over the American people in the most desperate and high-handed piece of national dishonor that has characterized any act at the national capitol in half a century. That is absolutely true, and the people of the country are beginning to realize it. Conservative republican newspapers, from coast to coast, are denouncing it. Republican leaders who are out of the senate, and did not fall into the clutches of the triumvirate, are denouncing it, and are even now attempting to set the party straight before the people.

That it was a direct play into the hands of the Germans, no one can deny; that it sought to embarrass a righteous peace, everyone must admit; that it was unpatriotic and against the best interests of the national welfare, most people believe. So there you are!

It is a shame and almost a scandal that the senate of the United States should be turned into a political pit, but such is the case, and from now until the launching of the 1920 national campaign, it will continue so, unless the people of the country rise up in righteous indignation and flood the republican leaders with such a storm of protests that they will come to their senses.

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Knox Resolution Intended to Hamper.

Think of a man with the knowledge of international affairs that Senator Knox is supposed to have, having once been secretary of state, offering a resolution that could serve only as embarrassing the negotiations for peace and straining the relations between this government and those other governments that are working in co-ordination around the peace table. The Knox resolution, of course, was another example of political desperation. Its purpose, that of separating the league of nations from the peace covenant, and making it, subsequently, optional with governments to join or reject, was thinly veiled. Its real purpose was just as designing as was the purpose of the Lodge-Borah combination in reading a stray copy of the unfinished covenant into the record. Anything under heaven's sun to hamper, nag, offend and insult the president of the United States, even at the risk of breaking the relationships between friendly countries, even at the risk of hindering a permanent peace, even at the risk of stultifying the honor of the government—anything and everything, merely because Mr. Wilson is a democrat, and the the year 1920 is the year of a national campaign.

Would one suppose that politics could be carried to such an extreme? That partisan hatred of an administration could be carried to such a dangerous point? It is hard to realize. But such is the passion of the republican side in the senate today.

The powers of the world want a speedy peace. The American people want a speedy peace. And yet here is a United States senator, simply because the democratic president of the United States is influential in the preparation of a world compact, who attempts to defer such a peace even at the possibility of bringing about serious international entanglements, if not a break in friendly relationship with nations that have been and are today American allies. Can it be possible?

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Potash Industry Will Be Protected.

Referring again to the potash industry in this country, in which Georgia is largely interested, the ways and means committee of the house is now conducting a hearing on a bill to increase the duty on potash and license importation, so as to protect the new industry in this country.

M. M. Parker, of Washington, counsel for the United States Potash Producers' association, asserted that protection from competition for three to five years would enable the potash industry to develop so that it could take care of all domestic requirements and begin to compete in exports to other countries. Unless congress came to the aid of the industry, however, Mr. Parker said, it would face financial ruin.

"Germany employed thousands of civilians and hundreds of prisoners during the war," Mr. Parker continued, "in the production of potash, with the idea of dumping it on the United States at the resumption of peace. The carrying out of this plan would kill the industry in the United States."

Mr. Parker stated that Herbert Hoover, as food administrator, entered into an agreement with the German syndicate at Brussels, in March, whereby German potash was to be shipped to the United States in payment for food allowed to the Germans. Protests by American producers resulted in action that prevented any of the German potash from reaching this country. Senator Hitchcock and other senators, Mr. Parker explained, sent the protest to Hoover, Baruch, and President Wilson in Paris.

Licenses have been issued, Mr. Parker said, for 20,000 tons of potash from Alsace, which will begin reaching this country the latter part of this month and continue to come in during July, August and September. This condition, with the possibility of German potash being permitted to come in later, was a serious menace unless congress acted without delay.

Helgoland a Military White Elephant

Washington, D. C., June 16.—(Special.)—"Helgoland, naval wall flower during the world war, now seems as much of a military white elephant as the German battleships," says a bulletin of the National Geographic society, which describes the "North Sea Gibraltar."

The fortifications, built to defend the entrance to the Kiel canal will be dismantled, dispatches state, and the English propose to use left-over allied and German explosives to blast away the towering rocks which make the island so highly strategic.

"Nature has been unkind to this little island of fairy tales and ghost lore, with its quaint, kindly folk and their queer customs," the bulletin continues. "The sea all but washed it away, brought shoals of fishes but wafted them back across the channel, cut the island in two, but was unkindest of all, perhaps, when it planted the plateau rock land to be a magnet for German militarism. It did not take long, after Germany acquired the island from Great Britain in 1890, to convert it into a combination superfort and Coney Island for overstout German tradesmen.

No Room for Protest.

"Thirty miles west of the Schleswig-Holstein coast, less than a square mile in area, the few thousand fisher folk had little chance to make any protest. Yet the sturdy islanders, for centuries, had well defined ideas about self determination —even if they never heard the phrase.

"Upon one memorable occasion the women of the island decided its political fate. About the time William Penn was settling Pennsylvania a Danish admiral captured the island's fishermen one night while they were placing their nets. He threatened to hold them as hostages until the island surrendered to Denmark. Wives, mothers and sisters arose 'to a woman' and forced the Schleswig garrison to relinquish any claim upon Helgoland to Denmark.

"Before the Hun fortifications capped the main land and the sand dune was overrun by bathing houses, the appearance of the island to the approaching mariner was aptly described in the verse:

"'Green is the land,
'Red is the rock,
'White is the strand,
'These are the colors of Helgoland.'

Colors of Island.

"From its predominant natural colors, in fact, the island did take its red, white and green, contained in the olden days of lenient Danish and English rule not only in flags and on the curious postage stamps, but exploited in house painting and women's scarfs.

"Two centuries ago a violent upheaval of the sea churned out the connecting link between the sand lowland and cavern pierced cliffs. Fairies were supposed to lurk above the great staircase that mounted to the rocky heights. When a baby was born its feet were buttered promptly so the child would slip through the fingers of a fairy who might try to exchange it for the fairy's babe.

"The ghost of Monk's Rock—the rock was authentic but disappeared long ago—was supposed to be that of a missionary sent by the king of Denmark to preach Luther's doctrine. When he would not recant the islanders pitched him over a cliff, but many declared they heard his voice the following night, and many times thereafter.

Herring Fishery Center.

"In the fifteenth and sixteen centuries Helgoland was a center of the North sea herring fisheries. Then the herring veered back to Scotland's coast and the islanders handed down a tale of the impiety by which they forfeited the boon. Yearly they would form in procession to march about the island to invoke the coming of the fish. One spring, when they had gone but half the route, the herring were sighted. They abandoned the rite and made for the boats. The herring never came again.

"Until a few years ago horses were unknown to the island. One story has it that when an old woman saw an Englishman ride one up the hills she dropped dead from the shock of what she believed was a supernatural creature.

Wooden-Legged Devil.

"Before Germany acquired the island and sent 2,000 soldiers there to man the fort, the citizens were law-abiding. When there was an occasional misdemeanor no need to send a police 'lookout' warning. An islander, when arrested, would go to the little jail and inform the keeper he was to be imprisoned.

"In ancient times the island was called Hertha. A temple of Foesta, a Frisian goddess, was there. From the tenth until the fourteenth century it was independent. Then the dukes of Schleswig took it over and used it mainly as a pawn for loans until the Danes acquired it 400 years later. Denmark ceded it to Great Britain early in the nineteenth century and the British, while recognizing its military importance, fortified it only for defensive purposes. But the Germans built a great sea wall of grantine and steel at a cost of $30,000,000 and spent millions more on turrets and big guns.

"Visited by so many nationalities, the islanders absorbed customs and ideas of many lands, yet seemed to adorn each with a distinctive touch. They even had a curious quirk in their Satan—a wooden leg—so painted in a picture of the 'Temptation of Christ' in the historic church by the island artist of the seventeenth century, Andreas Amelin. Hence a Schleswig saying, 'In Helgoland the devil goes on crutches.'"

Today's Birthdays

Major General Omar Bundy, U. S. A., the man who said: "Americans can not retreat," born at Newcastle, Ind., 58 years ago today.

Mrs. William Jennings Bryan, wife of the former secretary of state, born at Perry, Ill., 58 years ago today.

Adolphus Frederick, former grand duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, born 36 years ago today.

Dr. Thomas W. Nadal, president of Drury college, born at Milroy, Ind., 44 years ago today.

Edward J. Berwind, noted New York capitalist and railroad magnate, born at Philadelphia, 71 years ago today.

We Could Tell You a Lot More About Her Voice if The Wasn't Quite So Much Accompaniment



HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

SEASICKNESS AND CAR SICKNESS

Seasickness and car sickness (steam car, trolley car or automobile) seem to be due to a disturbance of the lymph circulation in the semicircular canals of the internal ear. Among the symptoms produced by hyperemia or congestion of this part of the delicate mechanism of the internal ear are vertigo (dizziness), nausea, tinnitus (head noises), and sometimes vomiting.

If cold water gains entrance to the ear canal of one with a perforation of the ear drum, as in swimming, or in careless syringing of the ear, a sudden vertigo or dizziness severe enough to render the victim temporarily helpless may supervene. This fact undoubtedly accounts for many cases of drowning popularly attributed to "cramps," especially in persons known to be good swimmers. It is wise, therefore, for one with a perforation of the drum to insert in the ears a piece of lamb's wool or cotton before entering the water.

Reverse peristalsis, that is, a tendency toward reversal of the downward direction of stomach and intestinal wave movements, accounts for the distressing symptoms of seasickness or car sickness. Reverse peristalsis, in fact, is the direct cause of all vomiting, also of many instances of "water brash," belching of gas, bad taste, coated tongue, heartburn and the like. Besides the effect of congestion of the internal ear, there is every reason to assume that pronounced defects of vision uncorrected or not fully corrected by glasses may contribute to seasickness and car sickness in many cases. Here is one of the numerous examples of the value of "drops" as an aid in the measurement of vision, for without the aid of drops it is difficult or impossible to make a mathematically accurate measurement of vision in most persons under middle age.

All sorts of remedies have been used for prevention of seasickness. Perhaps the most satisfactory is a small dose of sodium bromide, say four grains, after each meal for two days before beginning the journey and for the first day of the journey. This may be taken in an effervescent draught, by adding to the bromide a few grains of sodium bicarbonate, and mixing with some lemon juice or lemonade. For two days or more before the journey it is well to see that thorough peristaltic action is maintained, taking, if necessary, one or more daily doses of some laxative, preferably a saline cathartic (salts of any kind.) The saline most agreeable for the purpose is a bottle of solution of magnesium citrate freshly prepared by the pharmacist; half the contents on rising, the other half about an hour later. Dr. Nathan Rosewater, of Cleveland, extols the use of one-sixtieth of a grain of strychnine sulphate and one two-hundredth of a grain of atropine sulphate, an hour before meals for a day or two before the journey, to increase the peristaltic force of stomach and intestine. He suggests that famous A. B. S. (aloin, belladonna and strychnine) tablet combines the laxative and peristaltic stimulation required to prevent seasickness. The effervescent magnesium citrate seems preferable to aloes as a laxative.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

One of the Foolish Virgins.

Some time ago two friends and myself were foolish enough to have a filling put in our faces. It looked nice for a while, but presently it grew much larger, and now my face is in bad condition, so that everybody notices the swelling. One doctor says an attempt to remove the paraffin might only make my face look worse. To think of going through life this way makes me almost want to die. . . .

ANSWER—One of the ten million foolish virgins. Willing to try anything once, on the mere suggestion of any charlatan with sufficient front. Paraffin injected under the skin makes a very discouraging mess to remove later on, though sometimes most of it can be dissected out without leaving much scar formation.

Sluggish Liver.

I have a very sluggish liver. What do you advise for such a case?
(M. S.)

ANSWER—Two miles of oxygen three times a day on the hoof, and half a dozen rolls before breakfast. A sluggish liver is another way of saying a lazy life.

Reply to Anxious Mother.

I do not agree with the version of the problem which you quote. However, I am sorry I cannot discuss it frankly in this place. And since you cannot or will not divulge your name and address there is nothing I can do. I must say, however, that, after all, you are a rather silly mother.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is enclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care of The Constitution.

How Near the United States Came to Losing The Panama Canal Through Germany

BY NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS

The real monument to Theodore Roosevelt is the Panama canal. Just before he became president, Lieutenant Bunau-Varilla, at one time engineer-in-chief of the Panama canal, spread out before Roosevelt the full situation regarding the German plot to secure the Panama zone and to divert the interest of the United States to a canal in the volcanic district of Nicaragua. The first step in the German plot was to buy the influential newspapers of the capital of Bogota, Columbia; the next step was to start in Paris a series of intrigues against the French company that was then digging the Panama canal. Charges were presented against Ferdinand DeLesseps, originator of the Suez canal, and also his son. These charges declared that the Panama canal was impracticable and that subscriptions for the enterprise had been obtained by fraud and misrepresentation. So skillful was the intrigue that the Germans who are now known to have been back of the plot succeeded in securing a five years' sentence of imprisonment against the two DeLesseps, father and son. The indirect result of the German plot was the destruction of the confidence of the people of France in the political, scientific and financial leaders of Paris, thus hampering France in the event of a declaration of war by Germany.



Dr. Hillis.

In that crisis Bunau-Varilla turned to the one man in the world whom he believed could save France from the German plot and save the Panama canal from Berlin. This great engineer told Mr. Roosevelt that the secretly-owned German press had conceived this scheme: had told the politicians in Bogota and the people of Columbia that Berlin would loan them all the money they wanted; that they could build the Panama canal themselves; that all the profit would then pass into their hands, and that every financial and political consideration was against the transfer of the canal zone to the United States, and that if any transfer was made, the right to dig the canal should be given to Germany. So successful was this plot that the secret German press demanded and obtained a referendum vote. Soon the people of Columbia defeated the plan to transfer the canal zone to the United States. Then it was that Bunau-Varilla acted with decisive energy. He decided that every sound principle of international law, geography, and the rights of the people of Panama were being outraged by the German plot. He told the whole story to Mr. Roosevelt, and later Roosevelt and Bunau-Varilla separated Panama from Columbia and the French engineer secured the transfer of the canal to the United States. The Germans still own those newspapers in Bogota. The pan-German plan for world domination involved the Hun control of the Panama canal, the English channel, the Straits of Gibraltar and the Suez canal. Two men, single-handed, wrested that Panama zone out of the hands of the mailed Huns. An act of Theodore Roosevelt that was once bitterly criticised is now seen to have defeated the Hun in the first move he made on the world's chessboard. The distinguished journalist, Mr. C. W. Barron, says that Roosevelt, in a way, received the opportunity of the Panama canal at the hands of the French engineer, who presented it on a silver platter, but the real work was done by Roosevelt—whose true monument is the world's greatest canal.

Today's Anniversaries

1775—Battle of Bunker Hill, the first notable engagement of the American revolution.

1837—General Strong Vincent, who saved the union army from being flanked at Gettysburg, at the cost of his own life, born at Waterford, Pa. Killed at Gettysburg, July 2, 1863.

1850——Steamer "Griffith," from Erie to Cleveland, burned, with loss of 300 lives.

1879—Maximum number of lashes allowed in the British army reduced from fifty to twenty-five.

1894—The striking miners in Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia decided to return to work.

1902—Bicentenary of John Wesley's birth celebrated in England.

1915 — Italians scaled Alpine heights and captured Austrian strongholds.

1916—French regained important positions west of Fort Vaux at Verdun.

1918—Russian duma voted in favor of an immediate offensive in co-operation with the entente allies.

Nor When Flag Is Flown.

(From The New York Morning Telegraph.)

Belgium now has a larger population than Austria, and it is a population that does not blush when the national air is being played.

"In the Day's News"

Right Rev. Paul P. Rhode, who today celebrates the silver jubilee of his ordination to the priesthood, has been bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Green Bay, Wis., since 1915. Born in Prussian Poland in 1871, he accompanied his parents to America in infancy. The family settled in Chicago and it was in that city that the future prelate passed his youth and early manhood. Following the completion of his studies in the parochial schools he attended St. Francis college, and in 1894 was ordained a priest. For fifteen years he served as pastor of various churches in Chicago. Then, in 1908, he was honored with appointment as auxiliary bishop of Chicago. A year later he became vicar-general of the archdiocese and continued in that position until his selection as head of the diocese of Green Bay.

Canadian Bonds Above Par.

(From The Toronto Globe.)

Victory issues were in great prominence on the Toronto stock exchange at a recent session, and 1923's, 1933's, 1937's and 1931's all made new records, the first advancing to 101⅝, the second to 105¼, the third to 106¾, and the 1931 to par. It was quite evident that the buying was induced, to a large extent, by the budget speech at Ottawa. In the 1933's, heavy sales were put through, several ranging up as high as $25,000. Sales of more than $1,000 were quite common.

America's Cattle Traffic.

(From The Hereford Journal.)

Cattle create an enormous traffic for railroads of the United States. The beef raisers pay millions of dollars in freight bills annually, and to handle their consignments to markets, ranges and farms, the railroads are equipped with thousands of stock cars and hundreds and hundreds of special stock trains. In 1918 alone there was loaded in the United States a total of 850,741 cars of cattle, including calves, on railroads. This total compares with an aggregate loading last year of 1,807,471 cars of all classes of stock in the country, making cattle loadings 47 per cent of the aggregate.

UPSHAW DEMANDS ROBE OF STRIKE

Georgia Congressman, After Conference With Burleson, Will Today Introduce Resolution in House.

By J. A. Hollomon.
(By The Constitution's Leased Wire.)

Washington, June 16.—Congressman W. D. Upshaw, of the fifth district of Georgia, will tomorow morning introduce a resolution demanding an immediate congressional investigation of the telegraph operators' strike, and the causes leading to the same, as well as an investigation of all conditions existing between employers and employees in the companies involved.

The resolution will introduce into congress the various claims of the strikers as well as the employing companies, and will contend that by reason of the differences of opinion and policies advertised to the world that congress should take immediate action and should demand that absolute fairness be done to both of the contesting parties.

Congressman Upshaw tonight issued the following statement:

"My position on the telephone and telegraph strike growing out of the Atlanta contentions has been one of co-operative effort from the beginning. I have tried faithfully to get at the truth in order that I might stand undeviatingly for the right thing. I went straight to Postmaster General Burleson and offered my services in helping to secure the evidence. At his request I wired Mayor Key, of Atlanta, for a statement from each side, and especially for the names of those who had been discharged. When I gave the postmaster general the names with data concerning each, he said:

"This is the first detailed evidence that I have received." I then took the position with him in favor of Mayor Key's telegraphic request that the differences be submitted to an impartial tribunal. But Mr. Burleson said that such a tribunal was not necessary in the face of the fact that he already had at his disposal and service a splendid corps of detectives.

"I replied that, however expert and fair their investigations might be, it would look better to the public and be more satisfactory to all concerned if an impartial tribunal were to handle the evidence from both sides. And now since his investigators have referred their report, finding wholly against the complainants, I still insist that Mayor Key was right in his position, and that the very complexion of fairness and impartiality which such a tribunal would give, would make a far better impression on the general public. And inasmuch as the striking operatives agree to leave their case in the hands of such a tribunal, there would be a finality about their finding which the strikers have a right to ask, and which the telegraph companies certainly should not refuse. The truth is always fair, and however faithful the efforts of government inspectors may be, this ex parte adjudication will never satisfy an exacting, though fairminded public.

"Mr. Burleson was the soul of courtesy to me and seemed anxious to get at the facts and to do the right thing; but the postoffice department and the telegraph and telephone companies certainly have nothing to lose in the public eyes by allowing all evidence to be submitted to a tribunal outside of the government inspectors."

FIGHT TO INCREASE EXTENSION WORK FUND

By J. A. Hollomon.
(By The Constitution's Leased Wire.)

Washington, June 16.—When the agricultural appropriation bill reached the senate today a fight was made by Senator Harris and others to increase the appropriation for agricultural extension work to considerable proportions over that authorized by the house bill.

Senator Harris asked that this increase be at least three million dollars. This was voted down but it was finally agreed to increase the appropriation a round one million dollars over that reported by the house. This, it is believed, will allow the continuation of the extension work through its agents in Georgia and other states without interruption. It is believed that the conferees will agree to the one million dollar increase over that agreed upon in the house bill.

SHIPS WON'T BE SOLD TO BRITISH SYNDICATE

Jersey City, N. J., June 16.—Stockholders of the International Mercantile Marine company at a meeting today here, disapproved of the proposition of selling the company's British subsidiaries by a vote of 530,072 to 78,521 shares.

Two-Cent Postage.

After June 30, Atlanta, with other cities in the country, goes back to the old days of two-cent postage. The sale of the three-centers will be discontinued after that date, and Atlantans holding three-cent stamped envelopes and two-cent post cards may redeem them at the local office. Three-cent stamps will not be redeemed, but they may still be used on all mail matter to the amount of three cents or more.

Major Holton Tells Of Fine Work Done By Georgia Hospital

Although Georgia field hospital No. 1, Atlanta's first national guard unit to leave in 1916, and the last to get home in 1919, is expected in New York any day now, no definite advice has been received in Atlanta of the date of its arrival. Mayor Key wired the adjutant general in Washington asking that he be informed as soon as this fact was known at the war department, but he has received no reply.

Plans for the welcoming of these men, who, their commander, Major C. F. Holton, says, are afraid they have been away so long they have been forgotten have been made, and they will be received in Atlanta with the warm greetings this city knows how to extend.

The hospital was organized by Adjuant General J. Van Holt Nash for service on the Mexican border. Immediately upon its return it was sent overseas, where its members have made a creditable record. A letter received Monday by General Nash from Major Holton calls attention to some interesting facts in connection with the unit. It is given below:

Major Holton's Note.

"I am writing you this little note just so that you may know what has become of the old Georgia field hospital No. 1.

"As you know, we came over with the Dixie division, which was immediately wrecked and made replacements, all except the sanitary train.

"Field hospital No. 123 (Georgia) was converted into camp hospital No. 111, and ambulance company No. 123 (Alabama) was attached to us. We have been operating a 600-bed camp hospital at Solesmes-sur-Sarthe since that time and have handled several thousand patients and all inspectors have given us excellent reports. We have held together as a unit and are now on our way home.

"We are the only Georgia national guard unit that preserved its identity in the Dixie division, and I believe we are the only Georgia national guard unit, with the exception of the machine gun battalion of the Rainbow division, which actually operated in France as a unit.

Many Atlantans Left.

"I have still a large percentage of my old personnel that left Atlanta with us in 1916 and they have made fine soldiers.

"I mailed you a picture of the building that we occupied as a hospital a few days ago. The building is of great historical interest in France and is one of the show places of the country, being the original home of the Benedictine monks and having held as students many of France's famous scholars. The empress of Austria, by the way, studied in the same building in the nineteenth century.

"Now we have read with interest what Atlanta has done for the Emory unit and for the 17th engineers, both of which were organized after we had been in federal service for over a year. The boys feel that we have been away for so long that everyone has forgotten all about us. I would appreciate if very much if you would get in touch with Mr. Key and the president of the chamber of commerce and see if Atlanta does not want to do a little something for its little national guard unit that was the first to leave in 1916 and will be the last one home in 1919.

"We have four officers at present (three from Georgia and one from Alabama), and ninety-two enlisted men, mostly from Atlanta and surrounding Georgia towns and the others from Alabama.

"We will appreciate anything that you can do for the boys and I will telegraph you when we arrive in America. We are scheduled to leave here for Brest on June 1 and should arrive in America by the 15th of June."

W. W. LARSEN IS BACK FROM TRIP TO EUROPE

By J. A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, June 16.—Congressman W. W. Larsen, of the 12th district of Georgia, returned today from a two months' tour of Europe. He visited all the sections of France and Belgium that were torn by war, and then paid a visit to the home of his forefathers in Denmark. He found an uncle whom he did not know was living, as well as many other relatives. Congressman Larsen was accompanied abroad by Mrs. Larsen, and Mrs. Larsen has returned to her children in Dublin, Ga. While away Mrs. Larsen was quite ill for several days in the hospital at Verdun. It was feared she had pneumonia, but it developed to be only a case of influenza. Congressman Larsen was also sick in Verdun and at Copenhagen, but returned to Washington in the best of health.

PROTECTION URGED FOR U. S. DYE INDUSTRY

Washington, June 16.—Unless protected through a licensing plan controlling imports, the American dye industry will "be left alone to fight not only the German trust, but also the industries of the allies" the Chemical Foundation, a non-commercial institution, headed by Francis P. Garvan, alien property custodian, declared today in a brief filed with the house ways and means committee.

Pointing out that Germany submitted to the inter-allied council in May a list of $20,000,000 worth of dyes which they desired to export in that month alone, the brief said unless congress acted before peace is finally daclared, "this flood will be released, and under its irresistible impact our industry will be engulfed in certain ruin."

RETURNED VETERAN SENTENCED TO PEN

Mobile, Ala., June 16.—John W. Lynch, confessed embezzler of a sum said to approximate $15,000 from a former bank in Mobile, today was sentenced to two years in the federal penitentiary. Judge R. T. Ervin, of the United States district court, suspended sentence pending application for a pardon for the defendant.

Lynch was later given liberty under bond. Lynch, under an assumed name, saw service with the Canadian army. At the conclusion of the war he returned to Mobile and surrendered.

Pocketbook Stolen.

David T. Howard, negro undertaker of 157 Piedmont avenue, notified the police early Monday night that he had been a victim of pickpockets. He said he boarded a car on Auburn avenue and his pocketbook, containing $77, was stolen.

UP TO BURLESON TO STOP STRIKE

If Order About Collective Bargaining Covers the Telegraphers, Konenkamp Says Strike Will Probably Be Called Off.

Chicago, June 16.—Termination of the nation-wide strike of commercial telegraphers, union officials declared tonight, now rests almost wholly in the hands of Postmaster General Burleson. They stated, after reading reports from the American Federation of Labor convention that a definite statement from Mr. Burleson concerning the scope of the order to electrical workers would be awaited before any move is made.

Officers of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America said if the postmaster general's order granting the right of collective bargaining to electrical workers actually covered the striking telegraphers, steps probably would be taken to end the walk-out after assurances of no unfair discrimination against the strikers had been obtained.

"But in the meantime we shall continue plans for a finish fight, a fight for the same rights that have been extended the electrical workers," S. J. Konenkamp, international president of the telegraphers union, told a meeting of strikers here tonight.

"If Postmaster General Burleson's order is extended to the striking telegraphers and assurance of reinstatement of the strikers is arranged, the strike will be called off immediately," said President Konenkamp.

Claims Strike Is Spreading.

He reiterated that the strike is spreading and now includes nearly 25,000 persons and declared the order for railroad telegraphers to refuse to handle commercial business had clogged channels to scores of smaller towns throughout the country.

The Western Union Telegraph company, on the other hand, denied that commercial business was being delayed and issued this bulletin from the Chicago office tonight:

"Situation in all offices practically unchanged. There was some interruption from railroad telegraphers who are unaware of the true situation. The informed ones think it unfair and are handling business." The bulletin added that Jacksonville, Fla., the storm center of the south and southeast, reported normal conditions and that the strike of Postal Telegraph operators in Detroit also had been declared off.

An officer of the Association of Western Union Employees went to St. Louis today to confer with officers of the Order of Railway Telegraphers in an effort to have the order against handling commercial business on railroad wires rescinded. E. J. Manion, head of the railroad telegraphers, had asked whether the "Association of Western Union Employees was a union organization, and so recognzed by unionists," when he was asked in telegrams to revoke the order.

In a number of cities electrical workers and a few telephone operators walked out today in accordance with a strike order recently sent out by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers. The strike was rescinded Saturday after concessions had been granted by the postmaster general. It was explained at headquarters of the brotherhood in Springfield, Ill., that these walkouts were due to delayed messages calling off the strike.

J. G. Luhrsen, president of the American Train Dispatchers' association, announced definitely tonight that the five thousand members of that organization will not handle commerical business while the strike is in progress.

BURLESON'S ORDER OF WIDE SCOPE.

Atlantic City, June 16.—Postmaster General Burleson's order granting the right of collective bargaining to electrical and telephone workers, signing of which on Saturday averted a nation-wide strike, applies to all other employees under the postoffice department, including telegraph operators and postal employees, according to a report made today to the convention of the American Federation of Labor by P. H. McCarthy, of San Francisco, chairman of the committee that went to Washington under direction of the convention.

Caused Sharp Debate.

This declaration resulted in a sharp debate by delegates. It started when E. P. Gaynor, of the letter carriers, asked if Postmaster General Burleson's order applied exclusively to telephone employees, and added that he could see no reason why all postal employees should not be given the same rights as had been granted employees of the telephone system.

Mr. McCarthy said that necessarily the principles in Postmaster General Burleson's order must apply to every other organization under the postoffice department.

John Lewis, vice president of the mine workers, asked what effect the postmaster general's action would have upon the existing strike of commercial telegraphers. Mr. McCarthy said that while the telegraph strike of commercial operators was not discussed during the conference with Postmaster General Burleson, the committee was convinced that the questions involved in the telegraphers' strike as well as any others that might arise would have to be dealt with in accordance with the order issued Saturday by Mr. Burleson.

Calls It Very Singular.

Delegate Lewis said he wanted to know whether the postmaster general had made concessions to the electrical and telephone workers at the expense of telegraphers and other postal employees, as Thomas Flagherty, of the postal employees, reminded the convention that Mr. Burleson recently had referred to collective bargaining as being "silly." He added he could not see that postal employees were any better off than they were before.

"The concession to the electrical workers is very singular," he continued. "Mr. Burleson apparently is trying to save his face at the eleventh hour in the wire situation."

H. W. Atkins, of the railway telegraphers, received unanimous consent to introduce a resolution providing that the American Federation of Labor shall give its complete support to commercial telegraphers now on strike. The measure was sent to the committee and probably will be reported out quickly.

BURLESON ACTS ON PHONE COMPLAINTS.

Washington, June 16.—Postmaster General Burleson issued an order today requiring telephone companies under government control to designate an officer or officers to whom complaints may be presented by employees or their representatives. Mr. Burleson explained that representations had been made to the wire control board that employees having grievances often were left in doubt as to whom they should be presented.

KEYMEN OF BROKERS MAKE PROPOSITION.

New York, June 16.—A committee representing telegraph operators employed in brokers' offices in the financial district today placed before the governing boards of the stock exchange and consolidated exchanges a proposition that the operators be granted union recognition. In the event of a refusal the question of calling a strike would be left to officials of the Commercial Telegraphers' union to decide, it was announced.

ST. LOUIS STRIKERS ORDERED TO RETURN.

St. Louis, June 16.—Striking telephone operators and electrical workers who walked out here early today and practically paralyzed telephone service, were ordered to return to work shortly before noon today by union officials. The strikers, however, voted not to return to work until tomorrow morning.

EMPLOYEES PASS ON JOB SEEKERS

Continued from First Page.

the representatives of the striking telegraphers and the Western Union. Mr. Carlton further stated that no such conference would be held.

Statement Adds Interest.

The statement of President Carlton, which was conveyed to the employees of the company, and the orders issued to the officials that all applications for reinstaement should be referred to the application committee of the Employees' union, adds much interest to the strike situation in Atlanta in view of the fact that statements have been given out during the day that the strikers hope for a settlement of differences during the present week, basing their hopes upon orders given out by the postmaster general which promise, the strkers declare, that they will not only be allowed collective bargainnig, the right to organize, etc., but that strikers would be taken back by the companies without prejudice.

This, however, seems not to be the construction placed by Western Union officials upon orders given out by the postmaster general, as the order referring all applications to the A. W. U. E. application committee also reiterates a former statement of President Carlton to the effect that "the company will not re-employ anyone who deserted with the deliberate intention of impeding or destroying the continuity of the telegraph service, or who engaged in intimidating or disorderly acts."

Committee to Pass.

The right under the W.U. order has been accorded the Western Union Employees' union of saying who shall be reinstated from the ranks of the strikers and it has been intimated that the ban in each case will be lifted only after a careful investigation. The committee it is said will go into each case, looking into conditions that surround applications that have been, or may be made for re-employment, deciding to recommmend or not to recommend upon the merits of each application.

The fact that much feeling has arisen between the C. T. U. A. and the Association of Western Union Employees indicates that interesting developments will possibly follow the announcement strikers will have to present their applications for re-employment to the officials through the A. W. E. application committee. The striking telegraphers, however, declare they will fight to the finish for the principles they have enunciated and they declare that their members are standing firm in the ranks until they are granted the privileges of taking up their service again without prejudice because of the strike.

G. W. Ribble, general superintendent of the southern division of the Postal Telegraph-Cable company, assumes a different attitude from that announced by the Western Union with reference to the re-employment of telegraph strikers. Mr. Ribble declared Monday afternoon that without regard to the orders given by the postmaster general, his company would be willing to reinstate the more desirable members of the C. T. U. A., who left the company's employ on strike, but that applications should be made before the places are all filled, as the men who came to the company in an emergency would not be disturbed to make room for returning strikers.

President J. Epps Brown, of the Southern Bell Telephone company, stated Monday afternoon that he had received some official orders from the postmaster general, but that he was not prepared to make a statement concerning the matter.

Carlton's Statement.

Following is the statement of President Carlton:

"There is no foundation for report that Postmaster General Burleson has issued orders for conference between representatives of telegraphers' union and Western Union and no such conference will take place."

The order to managers follows:

"Applications for re-employment are being received from former employees who left the service since June 1. Such applicants should be referred to local committee of employees for latter's report and recommendations. The question of re-employment to be finally determined by division company officials. The company will not re-employ any who deserted with the deliberate intention of impeding or destroying the continuity of the telegraph service or who engaged in intimidating or disorderly acts."

Say Strike Is Near End.

Striking C. T. U. A. men declare their belief that the order of Postmaster General Burleson giving them the right to collective bargaining, and the right to join unions without interference, means that the end of the strike is near at hand, and statements were made during the day to that effect. They also believe that the order of the postmaster general will bring about the settlement of the strike before the end of the week on a basis that will include among other privileges, the recognition of the Commercial Telegraphers' union, but statements made by telegraph officials declare that the employees of the wire companies already have the privilege of collective bargaining and the right to join labor unions.

The existence of the Association Western Union Employees, which is recognized by President Carlton, of the Western Union, of which members of the organization claim represents 95 per cent of the company's employees, is said by officials of the Western Union to be a proof of the fact that the employees of the company have already gained the privileges that are being asked for by the C. T. U. A. The Postal has not opposed the Commercial Telegraphers' union since the opening of the war.

With reference to the service of the two telegraph and one telephone companies it is said that business is proceeding, and that no change is noted except, in the case of the telegraph companies, many of the strikers places are said to have been filled.

Big Offices All Open.

General Superintendent Ribble, of the southern division of the Postal, declares that with the exception of four small offices that do not pay operating expenses in normal times, his company has its offices open and is doing business on practically a normal basis. "Our Atlanta office is filled up," declared Mr. Ribble, "and the improvement over the entire system has been very gratifying. We hardly know there is a strike on," he concluded.

No statement was given officially from the Western Union, but it was learned unofficially that the company is handling business with but little change from former days of the present strike.

The Southern Bell officials declare there is no change.

The statement of President J. Epps Brown that he had received the official order from Postmaster General Burleson with reference to a conference with the strikers, but that he could not make a public statement regarding the matter Monday night, followed a conference said to have been held between Mr. Brown and William Pollard, agent of the I. B. E. W.

It was announced at the Temple of Labor Monday that conferences to be held with President Brown would possibly open the way to negotiations that would lead to a settlement of the strike. The announcement created great enthusiasm among the members of the union, as did another announcement that a mass meeting will be held tonight at the Auditorium when members of various labor organizations from all parts of the state will be present.

Many accessions to the ranks of the strikers were reported Monday at the Labor Temple meeting, many of the operators having joined the union, it was stated, during the day and Sunday. There were also a number of striking operators reported to be still out in Jacksonville, Tampa and Richmond.

Local Union Protests.

Striking members of the Commercial Telegraphers' union in Atlanta have protested against what they claim to be the use of administration money by the Western Union to defeat the strikers, and call attention to the fact that several automobiles are hired from a local taxi company by the day for the purpose of driving employees to and from their work. It is also claimed by the strikers that a large number of strike-breakers are housed in expensive Atlanta hotels, being held there for the purpose of defeating the strike. The union men claim that the expense of the strike, including the above large items, is running into many hundreds of dollars each day, and declare their belief that the funds will be charged to operating expenses, over which the government is said to have guaranteed the telegraph company a profit.

When asked for a statement last night regarding the above charges, General Manager H. C. Worthen, of the southeastern division of the Western Union declined to talk.

Italian Journal Says War Loan Cancelling Would Benefit America

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Milan, June 16.—Corrierre de la Sera, commenting on the reported views of Frank L. Vanderlip and J. P. Morgan as to the advisability for America canceling her war loans to the allies, states:

"This would be not only generous, but ultimately most advantageous to America herself. America and Europe are like two communicating vases, and it is useless to keep up the level of richness in one of them if the other remains dry. American industry and commerce will suffer if the European market becomes a desert. It is wise for the Americans to share their cloak so that their partners with whom they hope to do good business in the future should not die through cold."

The Corrierre recalls that it always advocated a united financial front and concludes that it is vain to expect the work of order and justice where the menace of financial failure and famine is incumbent.

SOVIET CONSTITUTION BARRED BY SOCIALISTS

Weimar, June 16.—The socialist congress has rejected a proposal for a soviet constitution for Germany. The proposal received only one vote.

The congress adopted a resolution declining to give pensions to members of former royal families.

ALLIES TO CONSIDER TERMS FOR AUSTRIA

Paris, June 16.—The council of four will complete the missing clauses of the Austrian Treaty tomorrow. These relate to military and naval conditions and finance. They will be handed to Dr. Karl Renner Wednesday.

GENERAL STRIKE BEGUN BY MINERS OF FRANCE

Paris, June 16.—The strike called by the Federation of Miners went into effect this morning. Dispatches from the mining region indicated that it was general in scope.

The transportation workers of Paris who have been on strike for more than a week, returned to their places today and service on the subways, tramways and buses was normal.

The newspapers expect a settlement in the strike of the metal workers.

EDUCATION BOARD WILL PASS TODAY ON SCHOOL BOOKS

At 3 o'clock this afternoon members of the board of education will meeting the office of Superintendent W. F. Dykes to consider a partial list of text-books for adoption by the Atlanta schools.

This matter was brought up by Professor Dykes at the last meeting of the board of education, but its adoption at that time was opposed by Mayor Key and Councilman A. J. Orme and was referred by the board to the school committee, composed of three members of the board.

The entire board has been invited to discuss the changes this afternoon. At the last meeting Mayor Key styled as a "pure piece of farce comedy" the adoption of new histories and geographies in the schools until some are written containing events of the late war and the boundary changes.

Mr. Dykes said Monday that the geography now in use has only been in the schools for four years, and therefore no change in this book is contemplated at the present time.



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EYEGLASSES

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Various Qualities
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A comprehensive assortment of various weights and qualities will be carefully selected. We take particular pains to pick out our choicest values. This insures your getting the best value for your money, for you thus derive the benefit of the knowledge gained by our 32 years' experience in the diamond business.

Tell us about what you require, introduce yourself to us, unless you are already on our books, and the memorandum selection will be sent promptly—all express charges absorbed by us.

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—A Dental Service
That Means—
—A Genuine Saving
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What You Get:

We give you ALWAYS good, DURABLE work, the BEST work that can be done in any dental office. Our complete equipment enables us not only to begin, but to FINISH, every piece of work we undertake, right in our own offices. Our work is always done by expert dentists.

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After high quality, we plan to give you GUARANTEED dental work at the lowest possible prices. We know our prices will appeal to you. Our $5.00 crown and bridge work cannot be duplicated elsewhere for less than $10.00 to $15.00. We make you a set of teeth as low as $5.00.

—Our Careful Attention:

Dr. Griffin is in personal charge of his offices, and the most careful attention is given in every case. One of our first considerations is your comfort; we have newly fitted and equipped our offices with that end in view. We make you feel thoroughly at ease in the dental chair. Come!

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Lady Attendant
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Hours Open:
Daily 8 to 6

Telephone
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Florence Wagon Company

Florence, Alabama, Makes This

Important Announcement

To The Trade:—

With the coming of peace, government restrictions, which limited manufacturers to building 56-inch wagons, have been removed. Accordingly we hereby announce to Southern Farmers and Dealers that we are now manufacturing our famously popular 60-inch Florence Wagons in addition to 56-inch wagons. There is no question as to the popularity of the 60-inch wagon throughout the South. For hauling cotton bales and other farm and plantation work, this size has a peculiar advantage not found in smaller wagons.

Even while the restrictions were in force, the demand for 60-inch wagons was insistent and now that government restrictions are withdrawn, its sale will surely reach greater quantities than ever before.

In making this announcement we want to state that Florence Wagons, both in 60-inch and 56-inch, will now as before the war and as always be of the highest grade both as to material and workmanship.

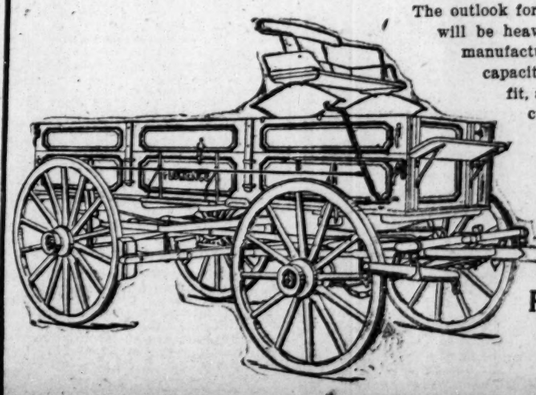
All Florence Wagons Have:—

Hickory axles — not maple or any other inferior wood.

Oak Hubs, oak rims and hickory spokes.

Gear parts are the best oak and hickory.

All Florence Wagons are heavily ironed, especially at all points where the most strain comes and where greatest strength is needed.



The outlook for the wagon trade is that business will be heavier than ever before. All wagon manufacturers will likely be crowded to capacity. Therefore, for your own benefit, as well as the convenience of your customers, we suggest that you place your orders for Florence Wagons now. Advise us of your wants, and our traveling men will call on you promptly.

Florence Wagon Company
Incorporated
Florence :-: Alabama

SPORTS — CRACKERS OPEN HOME STAY WITH VICTORY

Edited By Leslie Rawlings

Speedy Double Plays And Heavy Slugging Featured 9 to 4 Win

Elmer Oliphant Makes Debut in Outfield—Mayer Still on Bench—Herndon Stars With Stick. Galloway Pulls Sensational Fast Plays With Dykes.

With Charley Frank's Crackers burning things up in the infield in a series of some of the fastest plays ever seen on the Ponce de Leon park diamond, Ellam's Nashville Vols, making four errors and playing a loose game, and the Crackers forcing the Nashville boss to use three twirlers in an effort to stop the heavy hitting onslaught of the Frankmen, the first game at Poncey Monday afternoon was a huge success from a local standpoint, the final victory registering in at 9 to 3.

Technically the Volunteer-Cracker opener was not a good game, but it seemed to delight the heart of the fans because there was plenty of hitting and the Atlantans were on the right side of a onesided encounter.

Big Boone, who did the pitching for Mr. Frank and company, was right in all but one inning, while Mitchell, who started for Ellam, was wrong, and lasted one-third of an inning to be replaced by Baker, who stuck just one and two-thirds of an inning, and Helfrich was sent in and wound the affair up.

That Speedy Infield.

Two fast double plays by the Galloway, Dykes, Griffin combination, with a one-handed aerial stab by Galloway and the entire Cracker infield working like a billion-dollar corporation, were the Atlanta features of the game.

For Nashville, Wickham starred the wrong way when he tripled to left, but failed to touch second and was out when the ball was speedily relayed into Galloway. Wickham redeemed himself partly in the fifth inning when he made a feature catch of a long fly to right off the bat of Griffin. He certainly robbed the Cracker first baseman of a double or a triple.

The Crackers gained their runs in the first, third, fourth and eighth innings, while Nashville scored in the third and seventh frames.

In the first Moore was at first on a base on balls, advanced when Herndon singled sharply to right and both Herndon and Moore scored on a screaming double to right by Dykes.

Nashville gained a temporary lead by scoring three runs in the first of the third inning. Ellam singled, Street singled, Baker singled, Wickham singled, scoring Ellam and Street, and Meyers singled, scoring Wickham. That was Boone's loose inning, but the big boy tightened up and pulled himself out of a bad hole with two straight strike-outs of Koffman and Kohlbecker.

Atlanta refused to allow the Ellamites to retain the lead and came back in the last half of the same inning.

Moore Walks Again.

Moore again started things off by walking and Bratchi followed suit. Herndon singled, scoring Moore and Bratchi was out at second. Street to Ellam. Herndon scored when Galloway singled through second.

With four more runs in the fourth inning the Crackers proceeded to put the game on ice and guard against any repetition of a Nashville lead. Neiderkorn was safe at first when Wickham dropped his fly to right. Boone hit a sacrifice, but was safe when the pitcher threw wild to first. Moore sacrificed, advancing both runners, and when Bratchi singled, both Neiderkorn and Boone scored. Dykes walked, Bratchi took third and Dykes immediately stole second, then when Helfrich again threw the ball away, both Bratchi and Dykes scored.

Atlanta failed to score any more until the eighth, although Nashville attempted a rally and pushed across one score in the seventh. Ellam was given his base on balls and scored when Street took the same route, advancing him, and Wickham and Meyers followed with singles. The Crackers stopped what would have been other scoring with a fast double play which caught Street and Helfrich, Galloway to Dykes to Griffin.

The last run of the game came in the eighth when the Crackers watch their lanky hurler single, advance on a sacrifice by Moore and score when Bratchi singled to Baker.

The Box Score.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Wickham, rf.	4	1	3	3	0	1
Meyers, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Burke, cf.	4	0	1	4	1	0
McDonald, 3b.	1	0	0	2	3	0
Koffman, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0	0
Kohlhecker, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Ellam, ss.	3	2	1	2	2	1
Street, c.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Mitchell, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baker, p.	1	0	1	0	0	0
Helfrich, p.	2	0	0	0	1	2
Totals	30	4	8	24	8	4

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Moore, 3b.	1	2	0	1	3	0
Bratchi, rf.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Herndon, cf.	5	2	3	1	0	0
Dykes, 2b.	3	1	1	4	6	0
Galloway, ss.	3	0	1	2	6	0
Oliphant, lf.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Griffin, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0	0
Neiderkorn, c.	4	1	0	6	1	0
Boone, p.	3	2	1	0	1	0
Totals	30	9	8	27	18	0

Score by innings: R.
Nashville .....003 000 100—4
Atlanta .....202 400 01x—9

Summary—Two-base hits, Herndon, Dykes; three-base hit, Burke; double plays, Burke to Koffman, Galloway to Dykes to Griffin, Galloway to Dykes to Griffin; innings pitched, by Mitchell 1-3, by Baker 1 2-3, by Helfrich 6, by Boone 9; struck out, by Mitchell 1, by Boone 5; bases on balls, off Mitchell 1,

Continued on Page 13.



LADIES FREE TODAY.

Not only is this afternoon's game to start at 4 o'clock, but this is ladies' day besides and the turnstiles are expected to click to the war tax trade about as fast as they can be turned. In addition all of the players have guaranteed to brush their hair and wear their most pleasant smiles for the honor visitors.

Today's batteries are slated to be Suggs and Neiderkorn and Decatur and Street.

Crackers Showed Up In Excellent Style Against Volunteers

Fans Were Convinced After Seeing Opening Battle at Poncey That Local Infield Is One of Fastest in the League.

Supporters of the Atlanta baseball club, otherwise known as the Crackers, who were in the stands or bleachers to witness the opening game of the Vol series Monday, are satisfied of one thing, and that is that Charley Frank has brought home a different club than the one with which he left Atlanta, and further, that this team can lay claim to the fastest and most spectacular infield in the Southern league.

There were only two double plays pulled in the first game Monday, but those two were of such speed and science that, coupled with other individual operations, there could be no doubt left in the minds of those who saw them, that Frank more than fulfilled his pledge to Atlantans.

To begin with and to start with the old members of the infield, "Scrappy" Moore has never played a better game than the one he is putting up at third. He covers lots of territory and is fighting every inch of the way and hitting as well as he has ever hit with Atlanta.

Galloway Can Hit.

"Chick" Galloway, in addition to being the fastest man with his hands and feet in the league, has been walloping that apple until the opposing pitchers signal their outfields back when he comes to bat.

Dykes, at second, is an entirely different Dykes than the one who left Atlanta. He seems to have added a store of confidence to his playing and certainly to his hitting, which is carrying him along like a house afire. He is fast on the bases and the very fact that he handled 22 chances, 11 assists and 11 putouts without an error in the 23-inning game against Chattanooga shows that he isn't to be trifled with on the keystone sack.

Frank thinks Ivy Griffin is the best first baseman in the league, and Frank isn't by himself with that thought. The former Auburn star is playing just as brilliant a game as he did during his college career, and is almost without an error on the initial corner.

They Should Win.

There seems to be no reason in the world why the Crackers should not blaze forth now and show the speed they are capable of developing. Their pitching staff is good—really none better in the league, and when Captain Sammy Mayer gets his outfield adjusted there is going to be a combination there which will be just as effective and look as big as those who are working in the inner gardens.

Behind the bat are Neiderkorn and Styles with Clarence Rawson still on the Cracker roster. Clarence is at the bedside of his father, who is seriously ill, and is to rejoin the Crackers later, according to Manager Frank's own statement Monday, and the three receivers can be classed with Southern leaguers all the way through.

There will be something radically wrong, outside of the players themselves, if Atlanta does not make an excellent record from now on. The players are good, as good as any others in the league; Sammy Mayer knows his business, and Frank is certainly a captain of the industry known as managing ball teams, so unless a good record is made there will be some outside influence or trouble, it certainly isn't to be found with the team as a machine.

Today's Sport Calendar

Racing—Summer meeting of Metropolitan Jockey club, at Jamaica, L. I. Summer meeting of Kentucky Jockey club, at Latonia, Ky.

Shooting—Pennsylvania State trap shooting tournament opens at Butler, Pa. Iowa State trap-shooting tournament opens at Mason City, Iowa.

Boxing—George Chip vs. Bud Clancy, 8 rounds, at St. Louis.

McInnis Makes Record.

Boston, June 16.—"Stuffy" McInnis, crack first baseman of the Boston Americans, is developing a remarkable fielding record. Playing in all 38 games of the Red Sox to date at the difficult first base position, McInnis has fielded without a flaw. He has handled the ball 421 times for 401 putouts and 20 assists. His average of 1.000 is unequaled on the team by any man playing a regular position, the team average being .976.

AIN'T IT A GRAND AND GLORIOUS FEELIN'? :: :: :: By Briggs



: Major Leagues :

American League.

Cleveland Takes Second.

Boston, June 16.—Cleveland made it two straight from Boston today, scoring the only run of the game in the first inning, when Graney led off with a single, was sacrificed to third and scored on Smith's single. Graney caught a long hit by Ruth on the embankment below the score board.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Cleveland .... 100 000 000—1 5 0
Boston ..... 000 000 000—0 3 1

Batteries—Coveleskie and O'Neill; Mays and Schang.

Tigers Win, 3-1.

Washington, June 16.—Boland allowed Washington only two hits today and Detroit won, 3 to 1. Menosky, who batted for Harper in the eighth inning, hit a home run.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Detroit ..... 000 001 020—3 8 1
Washington .. 000 000 010—1 2 0

Batteries—Boland and Stanage; Harper, Robertson and Gharrity.

Athletics Lose Again.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 16.—Chicago hit Seibold hard and beat Philadelphia today, 5 to 1. Felsch and Jackson hit home runs into the bleachers. The Athletics were easy for Williams.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Chicago ..... 100 103 000—5 13 1
Philadelphia.. 000 010 000—1 6 1

Batteries—Williams and Schalk; Seibold, Thompson and Perkins.

Shawkey Wins Seventh.

New York, June 16.—Shawkey won his seventh consecutive game today when New York defeated St. Louis 4 to 3 in an eleven-inning contest. Baker, who was hit with a pitched ball, went to second on Lewis' sacrifice, and scored the winning tally when Pipp singled. Billings' triple with two on base enabled St. Louis to tie the score in the eighth inning. Gallia pitched a strong game.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
St. Louis .. 001 000 020 00—3 12 2
New York .. 200 010 000 01—4 7 2

Batteries: Gallia and Mayer, Billings; Shawkey and Hannah.

National League.

St. Louis Beats Brooklyn.

St. Louis, June 16.—St. Louis had Brooklyn shut out 2 to 0 when rain halted the game in the local half of the fifth inning today. Smith scored both runs, getting on bases each time with a two base hit. In the first Miller with a single sent him across the plate and in the third he scored on Krueger's wild throw.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Brooklyn .....000 00—0 3 1
St. Louis .....101 1x—2 5 1

Batteries—Mamaux and Krueger; Meadows and Snyder.

Giants Take Third.

Chicago, June 16.—Erratic fielding by Chicago today enabled New York to make it three straight from the locals four to three in ten innings. Douglas pitched a great game, but errors by Kilduff and Pick, followed by a double by Barnes gave the visitor's two runs in the second inning and O'Farrell's error in the seventh, followed by a sacrifice fly, gave the visitors the tying run. The winning run was put across in the tenth on Zimmerman's single, his steal of second and a single by Smith. Chicago bunched hits off Barnes in the third innings and scored two runs, and chalked up another in the fifth with the aid of an error.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
New York .....020 000 001—4 10 2
Chicago .....002 010 000—3 6 4

Batteries—Barnes and McCarthy, Smith; Douglas and O'Farrell.

Pirates Defeat Phillies.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 16.—Pittsburg defeated Philadelphia, 6 to 5. Woodward was knocked out of the box in the first inning when the Pirates secured four runs. Three other pitchers were used by the visitors. In the eighth and ninth innings, Adams was bombarded by Philadelphia, six hits netting four runs. Cooper was substituted and retired the side with two men on bases. Third Baseman Boeckel was released to the Boston team today He will join the club when it comes here Wednesday.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Philadelphia.. 000 001 022—5 12 2
Pittsburgh.... 401 010 00x—6 4 2

Batteries—Watson, Rixey, Woodward, Smith and Cady, Clark; Adams, Cooper and Schmidt.

Reds Rained Out.

Cincinnati, June 16.—Cincinnati-Boston game postponed; wet grounds.

Australians Coming Here.

London, Sunday, June 15.—The Australian lawn tennis team which recently played in the inter-allied tournament in Paris, is going to the United States after the championship matches at Wimbledon and will participate in the American championships. It is not decided as yet whether Norman Brookes, widely known Australian player, will be included on the team.



WE AINT HEP who is responsible for the Peace Treaty leak, but you can bet the cat's whiskers that it ain't Woody. Fourteen Points is too thin a margin to play with down in Wall Street.

THERE ARE yards of leaks down in that old percentage lane, but the big leak is the leak in old Joe Public's pocket. Which is what keeps the commission grabbers fatter than a ten-ham hog. The public has about as much chance in that old margin boulevard as a dish-faced chimpanzee in a beauty contest. When you're wrong you are wrong. And when you are right you are wrong. When all the dope has been cancelled, the broker has his commission, the banker has his interest, and all you have is a stubby feeling in your check book. The old checkerino volume is as full of stubs as a cornfield in October.

JUST WHEN the small investor is figuring that he has discovered the footprints of a fortune, the brokers get their skulls together like doorknobs in a hardware store and knock him loose from his toupee. Just when he is loitering around the suburbs of a bankroll the old-timers switch in the house dice and he goes dizzy by a huge majority. He grabs a life membership in a bread line with all his dues paid up and walks around making motions like a bird cutting out paper dolls for the wholesale and retail trade.

THIS is what Wall Street calls a healthy reaction. Any time the public is sitting pretty with a little velvet piling up the brokers pull the ashpan out from under the bottom of the heater and the works go coo-coo. Your old bankroll shakes you day-day and the broker wears a smile wide enough to give him an earache.

IF THAT'S a healthy reaction, we'd hate to be to windward of an unhealthy one. Smell something like a Turkish cantonment in the garlic season. Here are a few of the healthy reactions that make the public look like a twin getting his brother's sulphur and molasses:

No wonder the small investors are walking Spanish. International Mercantile Marine had a healthy reaction and flopped from 29 to 116 in about three wiggles of an eight-day clock.

After seeing the old bankroll hop south, the small investor took off his smaller straw kelly and a new crop of butterflies fluttered out.

THE REACTION was healthy, but not for Gus Investor. Old General Motors was busted by the Chief-of-Staff and clattered from 243 to 211, indicating that the General ain't much more than a Major at present. The reaction was so healthy that 56 margin jugglers rattled into a relase and it took six stethoscopes to detect one murmur in their bankrolls.

Studebaker started to get healthy around this time, and acted like a busted Zep. She sunk from 123 to 101, which is almost as bad as the Brooklyn Dodgers on a road trip.

Mexican Pete was knocked off from 205 to 178, which looks more like the size of a canary bird's collar than an oil stock.

Atlantic Gulf stepped out with the other healthy guys and was 16 points lighter at the time of going to the epitaph carvers.

Just about the time the obituary column went to press, American Wool was clipper from 123 to 110, and U. S. Steel was 7 points fewer.

ALL of which is catalogued under the head of fun and healthy reactions. Yea bo. If that's health, we'll take vanilla. If you lamp a bird with a face wrinkled like a Palm Beach suit that has been slept in, you can bet that he is the victim of a healthy reaction. He's old Philip Public and he's just got over an attack of healthy reaction-ing down in the street of narrow ticker tape and narrower margins.

It's sweet stuff for the brokers and accomplices, but it's tough pickings for the public. Which is only another reminder that a sucker should stick to his own game. Some suckers' game is being a sucker, but the barber should stick to his banjo lessons, the janitor to his pinochle and the second lieutenants to flirting.

Every man to his own trade.

STANDING OF CLUBS

Southern League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New Orleans	28	18	.609
Little Rock	27	18	.600
Birmingham	24	23	.511
Mobile	23	23	.500
ATLANTA	22	25	.468
Nashville	22	28	.440
Chattanooga	20	26	.435
Memphis	19	26	.422

National League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	30	13	.698
Cincinnati	26	17	.605
Chicago	24	21	.533
Pittsburg	24	21	.533
St. Louis	22	23	.489
Brooklyn	22	27	.449
Philadelphia	15	25	.375
Boston	14	28	.333

American League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	29	15	.659
New York	26	14	.650
Cleveland	27	16	.628
St. Louis	22	21	.512
Detroit	21	22	.488
Boston	18	21	.462
Philadelphia	15	25	.375
Washington	16	27	.372

South Atlantic League.

CLUBS—	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Columbia	18	7	.720
Charleston	15	8	.652
Greenville	13	10	.565
Charlotte	10	13	.435
Augusta	7	15	.318
Spartanburg	6	18	.250

Where They Play Today.

Southern League.

Nashville at Atlanta.
Chattanooga at Birmingham.
Memphis at Mobile.
Little Rock at New Orleans.

National League.

Philadelphia at Pittsburg.
Boston at Cincinnati.
New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.

American League.

Detroit at Washington.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.
Cleveland at Boston.

South Atlantic League.

Augusta at Charleston.
Charlotte at Columbia.
Spartanburg at Greenville.

They Come and Go, But Captain Mayer Will Rank Forever

That's Why Atlanta Fans Are Planning Big Celebration in Honor of Little Cracker Outfielder. Better Be There Saturday.

Cracker captains have come and Cracker captains have gone, but Sammy Mayer, pilot of this year's aggregation of Atlantans, should go on forever, in the opinion of local fans who have planned to give him a day next Saturday, June 21.

On that day buttons, with the words "Sammy Mayer, Captain 1919 Crackers," will be sold to the fans by the fans and the entire receipts will go to Sammy. The buttons have already been made and will be on the field Saturday in exceptionally large quantities in order that the demand might not exceed the supply.

R. C. Cleveland, chairman of the fans' committee, has predicted that Saturday will be a big day and a nice sum should be realized for Mayer. In 1917 a day was held for Roy Moran, captain then, and it proved a total success, but the fans this year have decided to make "Mayer Day" the best ever held anywhere.

The buttons not only carry Sammy's name and position, but also one of the best pictures ever made of him. It was made by The Constitution photographer and was run in the morning paper some time ago. Sammy is posing with his hat on one ear.

Mayer has played with the Crackers for four seasons. He was with the 1917 pennant winners, with the 1918 cellar holders, and is piloting the 1919 crew, and has the best chance in the world to cop the bunting.

: Other Leagues :

South Atlantic League.

At Charleston 2, Augusta 0.
At Columbia 14, Charlotte 5.
At Greenville 1, Spartanburg 0.

American Association.

At St. Paul 4, Indianapolis 3.
At Milwaukee-Columbus; rain.
At Minneapolis 1, Toledo 2.
At Kansas City 8, Louisville 13.

International League.

At Jersey City 3, Rochester 7.
At Newark 2, Buffalo 1.
At Baltimore 9-4, Toronto 4-1.
At Reading 5, Binghamton 4 (10 ings).

Virginia League.

At Norfolk 3, Richmond 2.
At Suffolk 6, Portsmouth 2.
At Newport News 0, Petersburg 8.

Texas League.

At San Antonio 0, Fort Worth 2.
At Houston 3, Dallas 2.
At Beaumont 2, Shreveport 1 (ten innings).
At Galveston-Waco wet grounds.

Gordon Enlisted Men Even With Officers; Beat 'Em in Baseball

In an encounter full of thrills, the enlisted men of Camp Gordon trimmed the officers Monday afternoon, the final score being 6 to 2. The battle was played on the Gordon diamond and was witnessed by a large crowd of khaki-clad men.

Murrill, who hurled for the losers, struck out eight men and allowed eight hits, while Hollingsworth, his opposing twirler, fanned eight and allowed only three hits.

Harrigan, the speedy shortstop for the winners, was the batting star of the game with three safeties out of four trips to the platter.

The Box Score.

ENLISTED MEN—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Stokes, 3b.	4	2	2	2	2	0
Fainey, 2b.	3	1	1	2	3	1
Harrigan, ss.	4	1	3	0	2	0
Kleinert c.	4	1	1	8	0	0
Myers, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Shields, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Zwally, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0	0
Porter, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	1
Hollingsworth, p.	3	1	1	0	4	0
Totals	32	6	8	27	14	2

OFFICERS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Wills, 2b.	4	1	1	1	2	0
Fleming, cf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Bererhoff, c.	4	0	0	12	1	0
Maloney, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Fitzgerald, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
O'Leary, ss.	3	0	0	1	1	1
Kalaski, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
McQuinn, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0	0
Murrill, p.	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	30	2	3	24	6	1

Summary—Two-base hit, Fainey; home run, Kleinert; struck out, by Murrill 12, by Hollingsworth 8; bases on balls, off Murrill 1, off Hollingsworth 1. Umpire, Turner Lee.

Memphis Gets Outfielder.

Memphis, Tenn., June 16.—(Special.)—Announcement was made today that Joseph Sullivan, an outfielder, had been secured by the Memphis, Southern association club, from the St. Louis Cardinals, and Will Thweatt, a pitcher, had been released by Memphis to the Augusta club of the South Atlantic association.

Merchant Sailors Now at McPherson Get Freedom Soon

Merchant sailors interned at Fort McPherson will be repatriated before the end of the month, according to messages sent Monday to Colonel Abner Pickering, commandant of the German prison camp. There are 56 interned merchant sailors besides 13 members of the sanitary personnel.

It is thought probable the prisoners will be sent to Charleston for sailing. The sending back to their country of civil prisoners was provided for at the last Hague conference. Prisoners of war at McPherson, some 1,400 in number, are on a different footing, and will not know their status until the peace terms are decided on. Although it is understood that two sailing vessels are awaiting the 69 interned seaman, the exact sailing date has not been announced.

SUMTER LEGISLATOR TO BACK GOOD ROADS

Americus, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) Stephen Pace, one of Sumter's representatives in the general assembly in a formal statement just authorized, pledges himself to support a highway bill in the coming session of the legislature. In announcing his position toward the proposed highway legislation, Mr. Pace said: "I will not pledge myself to support this, or any other bill, but I will say that it is my intention to support good roads."

Rickard Pulls Bonehead By Not Refereeing Toledo Bout Himself

Rocap Says Promoter Should Face Critical Situation and Not Attempt to Shunt Responsibility on Some Other Man.

By William H. Rocap.
(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Philadelphia, June 16.—Probably unconsciously, Tex Rickard and the Toledo boxing commission have got themselves into a jam. Last week they threw up their hands and placed the onus of selecting a referee up to their army, navy and civilian board of boxing control. It is said that that board has submitted a list to Rickard and he and his colleagues must choose the man. The public is tiring over the squabble of a third man in the ring for this modified championship battle. It should be settled quickly by Rickard filling the job himself.

No man who cares for his person, who wants to enjoy the satisfaction of a clear conscience, will jump at the opportunity. Rickard has hired the men at a fabulous sum. The gate receipts promise to eclipse all records for a sport of the event. He will clean up a fortune. If the bout lasts twelve rounds and he is obliged to make a close decision, no man is better fitted to become the target of abuse than Tex Rickard himself. He is fearless in his make-up, and with his pockets well lined, he can sneer at any man who would take issue with his decision.

The two fighters would have to agree on him, because he is paying the bills, of course, helped to the extent of a half million dollars by the generous pubic.

Frank O'Brien, of this city; Walter Kelley, of Buffalo, and Jack Skelly, of Yonkers, are a trio from which Rickard or the boxing board of control could well select candidate and an alternate. All three are fearless men and will render a decision as they see it. Rumor says Jack Kearns and Dempsey are opposed to Skelly because he has dared to say that he does not believe a champion should lose his title by a hair-line decision. If Kearns would stick to his business of getting Dempsey in shape instead of sending telegrams over the country objecting to this man and that man as referee, he will come nearer having his protege in condition to shoot a sleep-producing punch over on Willard. If that happens, it matters not who is the third man in the ring, as his duties will be merely perfunctorily tolling off ten seconds. So Kearns should concentrate all his efforts on Dempsey for the next two weeks.

And it is estimated there will be 50,000 red-blooded Americans in the huge stadium on July 4, no better opportunity could be afforded Uncle Sam to replenish his naval and land forces. Major A. J. Drexel Biddle, U. S. M. C., should be permitted to have his squad of marines at Toledo on that day and go through the crowd and comb it for marine recruits. There doubtless would be many young men who would be impressed with the major's earnestness and voluntarily join the corps. The experiment is well worth trying. Perhaps the little squad of fighting "devil's dogs" would be an inspiration for Willard and Dempsey to go in and fight from the first tap of the bell.

HOW THEY HIT

	ab.	r.	h.	tb.	2b.	3b.	hr.	p.c.
Suggs	8	0	3	3	0	0	0	.375
Boone	19	3	6	7	1	0	0	.353
Styles	57	4	20	25	5	0	0	.350
Mayer	174	18	57	69	9	2	0	.327
Griffin	127	13	39	47	6	1	0	.307
Galloway	156	25	45	54	7	1	0	.288
Dykes	94	10	26	36	5	1	1	.277
Moore	182	20	50	60	7	0	1	.269
Herndon	188	30	51	75	11	2	3	.264
Neiderkorn	111	7	28	35	3	2	0	.252
Thorburn	72	5	18	25	3	2	0	.250
Bratchi	181	25	43	58	8	2	1	.225
Rawson	41	4	9	11	2	0	0	.219
Adams	36	3	5	5	0	0	0	.139
Roberts	36	1	4	4	0	0	0	.111
Bacon	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Oliphant	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000

Totals .1460 175 401 521 66 16 6 .240
(Averages include only present Cracker players.)

Individuality Is Strong Point With Our Newest Umpire

Friend Johnson Is Worth Seeing and Fans Were Willing to Have Paid Admission Price to Hear His Decisions.

There have been umpires and just plain umps, boobs and scientific decision announcers at Ponce de Leon park but until Monday afternoon Atlanta had never been honored by such an umpire as the one which put in appearance in the person of Henry S. Johnson.

In the first place Brother Johnson has a style that is distinctly different and not only is it different but it is his very own, developed after 12 long years with mask and protector. He is a bear and has more consideration for the fans and press box habitues than even our old friend Scotty Chestnutt.

Johnson walked to the diamond Monday afternoon and facing the stands threw back his head, took off his cap and actually announced the batteries so the spectators could hear him and understand what he said. There wasn't a pop bottle flinger in the whitest Jim Crow section of the bleachers who didn't "get" him and they were amused and placed in the proper frame of mind to see a ball game by so doing.

Next Johnson assumed his individuality when he donned mask and protector and call the first "Strike Tooooo" which rang loud and clear. He was bending forward almost under "Doc" Niederkorn's belt straps and the appearance of his back, hunched forward so he could see the ball, was more like that of a full grown chimpanzee than anything seen in a long while.

A fast ball kicked up dirt to the left of Niederkorn's shoe and Friend Umps halted the game while Chick Galloway extracted a piece of real estate from his left orb so he could see better, and the last and most redeeming feature came to the front when a new pitcher was put on the mound and Johnson actually spelled his name for the benefit of the fans and press representatives who were scoring.

Hats are off to Johnson and though the Crackers win or lose on his decisions it won't be said that he hasn't given the fans service and afforded enough amusement to take their minds off the game when things got real critical and nerve breaking.

Western Tourney Opened.

St. Louis, Mo., June 16.—Elimination rounds in the western amateur golf championship opened today at the Sunset Hill Country club with 175 entered, the largest field in the association's history. The course is in excellent shape and ideal weather conditions prevail.

Francis Ouimet, present champion, was not on the green to defend his title. Charles (Chick) Evans and Robert Gardner, former titleholders, likewise failed to keep their promise to enter.

Wilkins—I suppose you enjoyed your trip to the country?

Bilkins—Well, yes, except that the mosquitoes mistook me for a boarding house.—Judge.

FORMER MERCER STAR PLANS AMATEUR NINE

Americus, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) Robert C. Lane, star Mercer athlete, and honor man in the law class just graduated from that institution, has entered into the practice of his profession in Americus. He will be associated with his father under the firm name of W. T. Lane & Son. Lane is now considering the organization of a first class amateur ball team in Americus, which it is believed, would provide amusement for hundreds during long summer afternoons here. He interviewed a number of business men and others here today, and has received considerable encouragement in his effort.

Shibley Reconsiders.

New Orleans, June 16.—Umpire Shibley, reported to have resigned Saturday, said here today he had reconsidered his resignation and he was mustered into service as an aide to Brennan and Pfenninger in today's game between Little Rock and New Orleans. The present series is for the Southern association leadership.



It seems mighty good to have the boys back, and Atlanta fans are looking for some mighty good games between now and the time the Crackers again take the road. The present home stay should be a profitable one from every standpoint.

Major John T. Rhett, in reply to a recent paragraph in this column on army motor drivers in Atlanta, states that only a small percentage of the government transportation of this city is from Camp Jessup and that drivers of that camp are given the most strict instructions on their conduct while driving through the streets. Major Rhett further states that the authorities of the camp are in sympathy with the war being waged by city officials against fast and reckless driving of army trucks and automobiles and are going to do everything in their power to aid the campaign.

This is "Ladies Day" at Poncey. Just bring the war tax, that's all.

She flirts
He tumbles.
Another one,
Of life's jumbles.

If Jess happens to get knocked out in that 20-foot ring, what's going to hang over, his head or his feet? A mountain like Willard ought to fight on a prairie where he could have plenty of room, not a 20-foot platform.

It looks as if the English speaking races are trying to get a corner on the world now that America and Britain have crossed the Atlantic in the air.

Why don't the Chinese start across in a native Junk. That'd be almost as hazardous as trying to fly over, and would sure bring the Orientals into the limelight.

The governor of South Carolina wired the corresponding official of North Carolina the other day and notified that dignitary that it's going to be a long time between juleps.

Office Boys local No. 999 notified the editor the other day that a general walk out would be staged if four passes a week were not guaranteed its members.

Voulez vous Vin Blanc Sammee——WE WE.

An umpire in the American league jumped on a vociferous fan the other day and gave him an awful tongue lashing and put him out of the ball park but the umps fainted an hour later when he heard the bird he had chased out of the lot had won a citation and about steen war crosses by capturing a whole machine gun company of Germans and taking a hill single handed. Who wouldn't faint. That was a close call.

All feminine members of the Constitution's reportorial staff declared a holiday Monday because word was received from Nell Paris that she had reached Charlotte on her transcontinental auto tour and they just had to crow over us weaker mortals because we said they couldn't do it with just one inner tube and tire and a tool box full of hairpins and powder rags.

Now we want a song—"There's a cactus sharp in Villa's land," and another, "When Yankee Doodle Learns to Obla Espagnol."

Baseball Today
Nashville vs. Atlanta
Game Called 4 p. m.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

Jack Quinn Comes Back, As American League Star

By Hugh S. Fullerton.

Jack Quinn is the text of the present essay.

Jack Quinn is a spit ball pitcher, an old timer, a come back, and he is the active principle of the American league this year. But for him the New York Yankees probably would be far down in the second division and but for him the Chicago White Sox probably would be leading the race so far that the only interest would be in second place.

Quinn, a veteran, had slipped. He pitched on the coast last year and when the war interfered with baseball and the coast league ceased to operate, Comiskey got Quinn for his White Sox. The situation was one without parallel. Quinn dealt directly with the White Sox. Comiskey bought him, paid for him and used him. Then the Yankees, dealing with a club which was out of existence, made a deal and purchased Quinn's services. The Chicago club made every move prescribed by the national commission, paid all moneys and protected its interests. But the national commission found that Quinn was the property of the New York club.

Grounds Not Understood.

On just what grounds the decision was made no one seems clear. The point is that the national commission revealed the fact that it has the power to help or to hurt any club in the league. If it is within the power of the commission to make or to wreck ball clubs, to strengthen or to weaken teams at will, then the sooner the national commission is put out of business the better it will be for the game.

The merits of the Quinn case are not in point. The fact that Owner Comiskey, of the White Sox, and President Johnson, of the American league, are unfriendly, may have nothing to do with the case. The evidence is that Johnson's vote decided the Quinn case.

So, if Quinn holds his gait and the Yankees beat the White Sox out, there will be considerable chance for argument.

The fact that the Yankees have managed to get up into first place is a sad commentary on the strength of the American league. This is not meant to detract anything from the credit due Huggins and his team. The club is the slowest in either major league. But it is hustling and playing the game, fighting hard and trying all the time. It is winning because Quinn, Thormahlen and Shawkey are pitching great ball, and the team is hitting in timely fashion.

It is hardly to be expected that the Yankees can hold the gait. They are not a great ball club and are winning because of the weakness of opponents rather than their own strength.

It must be expected that they will crowd forward during the present stay at home, then slip back. The White Sox look good only in spots and seem to lack pitching consistency. In fact they can rely only on Cicotte and Williams, he of the round house curve and the small hop.

Faber, is not showing well, but should come along later. With such a pitching staff it is hard to figure a pennant there. Also the team shows unmistakable signs of stopping when challenged by another club.

Cleveland is making a slow start and is handicapped by injuries.

It still looks like Cleveland to me.

Took Big Chance.

"This umpiring job is all right," remarked Billy Evans the other day, "but it has its drawbacks. Last week over in Philly I was working a game when a young fellow made a dash at me, kicked on a decision and I had to chase him. After the game one of the other fellows came to me and said, 'Bill, you took an awful chance chasing that guy out of the game.'

"'Why?' I inquired.

"'Well, you ought to read his citation. He got a medal for killing fourteen Germans with his bare hands and capturing nineteen others.'"

During a rainy afternoon we were having a fanning bee and "Jawn" McGraw unloaded this one.

"There is no cure for a race horse fan. Let one of those birds get to following the horses and betting and nothing will stop him. There was a friend of mine who had it bad. He had followed the horses for years, and was always either broke or a billionaire, the one as often as the other, and he got so that he figured odds on everything and was willing to back his judgment.

"He had a pal who had been with him during the ups and the downs. They had stuck together whether broke or rich and the pal died. The old fellow employed the best minister he could find to pay the last tribute to his game old pal. He bought the best coffin he could find, piled up the flowers and gave his chum the finest funeral he could afford.

"The minister didn't know much about the fellow, but was doing his best and the old pal was mourning in the front row. Finally the minister remarked, 'He is not dead, but sleeping.'

"The gambling instinct of the old sport was aroused. He took one look at the coffin, reached for his roll, laid a bunch of money on the edge of the coffin and whispered, 'one hundred will get you $500 if you're right.'"

Was Great Ballplayer.

Charlie McManus, who used to be George McManus' brother, but whose brother, George, is now, once was a great amateur ball player in St. Louis. The father of these two great cartoonists was one of the poineer horsemen of the Mound city, and he was the man who inaugurated racing by electric light.

"When the racing by night first was tried out," said Charlie, "dad was anxious to have everything run right and he spent a lot of time rehearsing the employees to keep things moving and to avoid delays and hitches. The horses had been running a week or two, the lights had gone out on two or three finishes, and dad was getting worked up.

"One evening there was a long delay before the numbers of the winning horses were hung up and dad was exasperated. He hunted up the colored boy whose duty it was to put up the numbers and raked him over the coals for delaying the game.

"'Hereafter,' he said, 'get the numbers up just as quickly as you can after a race. If there is a delay the public will think that there is some question about the finish and will become dissatisfied.'

"'Yes sar,' said the boy.

"'Now,' said dad, 'after this next race you have the numbers all ready The minute the race is over you slip them in and run up the numbers—ten, three, seven—just that way. You understand?'

"'Yes sah.'

"The race was run and the minute the horses flashed under the wire up went the numbers—ten, three, seven, and that coon cleaned the whole betting ring."

ATLANTA GOLFER WINS PROMINENCE

J. L. Dean Wins Qualifying Round in Annual Tournament for Lynnewood Hall Trophy at the Huntingdon Valley Country Club.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Philadelphia, June 16.—A youthful golfer leaped into prominence today by winnnig the qualifying round of the annual tournament for the Lynnewood hall trophy contested over the course of the Huntingdon Valley Country club at Noble. J. S. Dean, of Atlanta, rated as a dark horse, captured the medal with a score of 151 for the two rounds of play. Cameron R. Buxton, of Huntingdon Valley, and Max Marston tied for second place. Each registered 153.

Dean's dazzling drives, that culminated in victory, were only another demonstration wherein the old idea that golf was an old man's game received a knockout blow. The strength of youth was in every one of the smashing drives that Dean executed, while his long iron shots were terrific. Invariably the young golfer laid his forty and fifty-yard approaches dead to the pin.

On the outward journey of his first round, Dean negotiated the stretch in 35, one stroke below par. Efficient strokes from the young Atlantan's clubs netted him a total of 76 for his initial trip over the links. On Dean's second crusade he compiled 77, which gained him the winning goal.

TITLE HOLDERS WIN IN OPENING ROUNDS

Miss Molla Bjurstedt, Mrs. George Wightman, Miss Eleanor Goss and Miss Marion Zinderstein Take First Championship Games.

Philadelphia, June 16.—Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the present title holder; Mrs. George Wightman, of the Longwood Cricket club; Miss Eleanor Goss, of the West Side Tennis Club, and Miss Marion Zinderstein, of Longwood Cricket club, the "big four" in women's tennis circles, came through the opening day's play in the thirty-second annual women's national tournament today at the Philadelphia Cricket club in fine style.

Miss Bjurdstedt took part in two matches and advanced to the third round. In her opening contest she eliminated Mrs. Robert Herold, Belfield Country club, 6-0, 6-1. Her second round match also was with a Belfield player, Miss Marion Murray, whom she defeated 6-0, 6-0.

Mrs. Wightman, national indoor champion, and winner of the Metropolitan championship two weeks ago, defeated Mrs. Erskine Smith, Philadelphia Country Club, 6-0, 6-0.

Miss Zinderstein and Miss Goss advanced to the second day's play without egaging in a contest. Miss Zinderstein won from Mrs. N. W. Niles, of Longwood, by default, while Miss Goss won by default from Miss Helen Sewell, Huntingdon Valley.

Play also was started today in the national girl's singles tournament. Miss Katherine Porter, of the Philadelphia Cricket club, present title holder, won her first round match by defeating her team mate, Miss Emma B. Norris, 6-1, 6-1.

The two Bayard sisters, who made such a sensational showing in New York two weeks ago, both went into the second round. Miss Martha defeated Miss Margaret Sharpless, of the Philadelphia Cricket club, while Miss Alice eliminated Miss Susan Goodman, also of the Philadelphia Cricket club. Play in the women's doubles and mixed doubles will be started tomorrow.

Benny Leonard Wins Over Johnny Dundee In Six-Round Bout

By William H. Rocap.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Philadelphia, June 16.—Benny Leonard won a hard six-round contest from Johnny Dundee at the Phillies Ball park tonight. Dundee was aggressive, but his blows were blocked. Although outboxed and outfought as far as ring science goes, Dundee need not fel backward about challenging the champion again, as he was still strong when the final bell clanged. Leonard avoided Dundee's lunges and generally countered heavily to the Italian's jaw or face. The bout was fast and clean.

CANTALOUPE CROP IS MOVING BRISKLY

Valdosta, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) The cantaloupe crop, one of the best in several seasons, is moving briskly now, and will be at high tide within the next ten days. J. C. Ulmer shipped four cars of very fine fruit this week. Mr. Ulmer is a week or ten days ahead of any other grower in this territory, but the others are coming along rapidly and the season is expected to be a very satisfactory one if favorable weather holds for a few weeks.

TRAINING SPEEDS IN TOLEDO CAMPS

Both Champion and Challenger Show Speed and Form as Race for Condition Narrows by Days. Board Accepts Rickard's Invitation.

Toledo, Ohio, June 16.—Sparring partners in Jess Willard's training camp received a punishment today that they did not anticipate. The champion informed them before the workout that he intended to eliminate all the burlesque from his training and that they would have to look out for themselves. He boxed them in rotation, permitting each man to rest two rounds after boxing one.

Jack Heinen was knocked out twice in the first round that he worked. A righ hand cross to the chin dropped him flat, and Willard shadow boxed around the ring until the Chicagoan recovered. Another short right to the jaw, a little later sent Heinen to the canvas. When it came his turn for the eighth round he was ouside the ring holding his head in his hands.

Jack Hempel and Walter Monahan also received a battering during the six rounds they faced the champion. After the work with the gloves, Willard shadow boxed at top speed, wrestled and allowed his partners to stand across the ring and throw the heavy medicine ball at his midsection.

Dempsey did not work with the gloves today, but tugged at the weights, shadow boxed and punched the bag to satisfy the crowd which stood in the rain to watch him go through his paces. Manager Kearns said tonight that the challenger weights, shadow boxed and punched would not be permitted to do any boxing or strenuous work until Saturday or Sunday.

The army, navy and civilian board of boxing control today advised Tex Rickard, promoter of the Independence day contest, that it had accepted Rickard's invitation to pick the referee and other officials. The board, Rickard was adivsed, will submit a list of referees to Dempsey and Willard and from those approved by the boxers the board will make its selection.

SPEEDY DOUBLE PLAYS FEATURED 9-TO-4 WIN

Continued from Page 12.

off Baker 3, off Helfrich 2, off Boone 5; sacrifice hits, Moore 2, Boone 1; stolen bases, Dykes; passed ball, Neiderkorn. Umpires, Johnson and Williams. Time of game, 1:45.

Pels Are Victors.

New Orleans, June 16.—New Orleans opened its home stay by beating Little Rock in the first game of the series, 1 to 0, and regaining the lead. Perdue, veteran hurler, pitched air-tight ball in the pinches and was only threatened once. Karr pitched steadily.

The Box Score.

LITTLE ROCK—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Frierson, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Maginnis, 2b	3	0	1	2	3	0
Walsh, 3b	3	0	0	0	4	0
Grimm, 1b	4	0	1	7	1	0
Brottem, c	4	0	1	6	0	0
Bacon, rf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Distel, ss	2	0	0	3	1	0
Kinsella, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Karr, p	3	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	29	0	4	24	10	0

N. ORLEANS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Daniels, rf	3	0	1	3	0	0
Knaupp, 2b	3	0	0	1	2	0
Gilbert, cf	4	1	2	3	0	0
Deberry, c	4	0	1	9	1	0
Sullivan, lf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Stansbucy, 3b	2	0	1	0	1	0
Daubert, ss	3	0	0	2	1	0
Fielder, 1b	2	0	0	11	0	0
Perdue, p	3	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	27	1	6	27	8	0

Score by innings: R.
Little Rock ..... 000 000 000—0
New Orleans ..... 000 100 00x—1

Summary—Two-base hits, Grimm, Gilbert 2; stolen base, Daniels; sacrifice hits, Knaupp, Distel; double plays, Frierson to Brottem, Maginnis to Distel to Grimm; struck out by Perdue 7, Karr 5; bases on balls, off Perdue 1, Karr 3; hit by pitched ball, by Perdue (Walsh); passed passed ball, Brottem; wild pitch, Karr; earned runs, off Karr 1. Time, 1:45. Umpires, Pfenninger, Brennan and Shibley.

Barons Win, 4-1.

Barons Lose, 4-1.

Birmingham, June 16.—Rain stopped today's game between Birmingham and Chattanooga in the first half of the seventh inning, with the score 4 to 1 in favor of the home team. The locals bunched hits off Noel in the first frame, while Slapnicka was effective in the pinches.

The Box Score.

CHATTA.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Demoe, ss.	3	0	2	1	3	0
Graff, 3b.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Kelly, rf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Bates, cf.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Griffith, 2b.	3	1	1	3	1	0
Anderson, 1b.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Lacey, lf.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Higgins, c.	3	0	2	2	2	0
Noel, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	26	1	6	18	8	0

B'HAM—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McDonald, 2b.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Stevenson, ss.	4	1	1	3	1	1
Duncan, lf.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Bernsen, 1b.	3	0	1	3	0	1
Webb, 3b.	2	0	0	3	2	0
Hairston, cf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Fisher, rf.	2	0	1	1	0	1
Peters, c.	3	0	2	6	1	0
Slapnicka, p.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	27	4	10x	20	5	3

xTwo out when game called.

Score by innings: R.
Birmingham ..... 300 001 x—4
Chattanooga ..... 000 100 0—1

Summary — Two-base hits, McDonald, Bernsen. Home run, Griffith. Sacrifice hits, Webb, Noel. Struck out, by Slapnicka 3, Noel 1. Hit by pitched ball, Fisher by Noel. Left on bases, Birmingham 7, Chattanooga 6. Umpires, Blackburn and Lauzon. Time, 1:25.

Bears Didn't Play.

Mobile, Ala., June 16.—The ball game today between Mobile and Memphis has been postponed due to Memphis' train connections preventing that team reaching here. A double-header will be played on Wednesday.



LESSON 20.

Short Stop.

No positive rule can be laid down as to where to play the short stop position. Against hard hitting, right handed batters the position must be played deep, back on the edge of the grass. Remember that, no matter how fast a right-handed batter may be, the short stop has at least two steps the advantage because of the slowness of a right-hander in starting for first base. The short stop, of course, must adjust himself with regard to the direction of the man's general hitting and with exact judgment as to his own strength of arm and speed.

The stance must be on the balls of the feet, the legs spread apart slightly, but not enough to strain or tire the muscles, but remain constantly on the alert when the ball is being pitched. It is a good practice for short stop to walk around a few steps between pitched balls to relieve the tension of the muscles. He must be certain at all times to know what ball is being pitched. In fact each man on an infield should know what the pitcher is sending to each man. This can be judged in time without signalling, because knowing the strength and the weakness of a batter any player of experience should know where the pitcher will try to keep the ball, and whether he will use speed or slow curves. However, the short stop, more than any other man, has the opportunity to see the signals of the catcher and to know what ball is being pitched.

A warning must be injected. No infielder should move or shift his position after a signal is given in such a way as to betray what is being pitched. He should make the shift just as the pitcher starts to wind up, which will be too late for the batter to judge from his movement what is coming. There was one great major league short stop who, for two seasons, made the shift too soon. The sharp eyes of the opponents discovered this. There were charges that the opposing teams were stealing the signals of the catcher. Traps were laid to frustrate the supposed theft, yet the opponents kept hitting everything that was pitched until it was finally discovered that every batter watched the short stop and knew from his actions what the pitcher was using.

SPORTOGRAPHY

By Gravy.

May I Not Say

That as the season advances the word league appears less on the front page of papers and more on the sporting page, and that said fact must be quite disconcerting to certain gentlemen in Paris?

Baseball's Seventy-Third Anniversary.

This week marked the seventy-third anniversary of the first baseball game between regular clubs, which was played in Hoboken in June, 1846. This historic event was permitted to pass unnoticed by the newspapers. In fact, it was not until 1858 that the press began to pay attention to what was to become the great American pastime. Early in the year the New York Sunday Mercury began to publish accounts of ball games. The owner of the sheet, William Cauldwell, was an ardent fan and the pioneer baseball scribe. A few months later the New York Clipper took up baseball in its sporting department, and the first tabulated score was printed in that journal.

Give a Thought to Tommy Burns.

June 17, 1881, in Hanover, Ont., was born a kid who was to be the world's champion heavyweight. Though a number of gentlemen tried to reverse the mandate of fate, they all went down before the fighting "Cannuck." Bobby's other distinction was that he was the shortest of all heavyweight champs, measuring five feet seven in the ring. Tommy is still taking men's measure; however, in a gentler way, in his clothing store in Calgary.

Bingles.

Bob Steele, released by the Giants to Indianapolis, is pitching good ball for Jack Hendricks' club.

Mike Donlin, who is a daily visitor at the Polo grounds, says he'd like to get out and hit a few, but he is afraid he couldn't run 'em out if he did.

The enforced absnce of Roger Peckinpaugh demonstrated the fact that Huggins has a very capable substitute infielder in Bill Fewster.

Ty Cobb again is making life miserable for opposing pitchers. He is pounding out base hits with all the frequency of other years.

Ward's recent success as a pinch hitter means that he will have frequent opportunities to repeat in the future.

Jack Scott of the Braves is quite a batsman. He is also a considerable box artist.

Jean Dubuc Making Good.

Hughey Jennings and Edward Barrow, managers respectively of the Detroit Tigers and the Boston Red Sox, must feel like kicking themselves from here to Kingdom Come every time they see the name of Jean Dubuc in a Giant box score. Either of these American league leaders, both of whom have held title to him, could now be making great use of the burky French-Canadian, but neither could figure him to execute a revision to old time form and so he belongs to the Giants, with whom he bids fair to become a second Otis Crandall.

Crandall will be remembered as a ponderous, slow-moving right-hander, who for some years enjoyed an enviable reputation with the Giants as a rescuer of imperilled ball games. Any time any other slab star faltered on the job a hurry call was sounded for the famous Old Doc, and the battle that refused to respond to his treatment was properly reckoned a total loss. He hadn't the stuff to carry him through a full nine inning game, but he did have a knack of suppressing late rallies and many a decision that might have been lost was saved through the timely efforts of the Indiana farmer.

Dubuc seems to have fallen heir to the mantle which once draped the massive shoulders of the justly celebrated Doc. He is not only starting a proportionate number of games, but is enjoying quite a vogue as an emergency worker, a role in which his peculiar ability to mix 'em up makes him especially valuable.

Originally, March was the first month of the year.

WILLIAMS IN RACE FOR BIBB CO. BOARD

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Lon Williams, veteran deputy sheriff of Bibb county, today entered the race for civil service commissioner to succeed L. A. Miller, who resigned a few days ago. This makes two candidates now in the field, the other being W. R. Evans, who has the backing of the federated trades. Evans is a former alderman.

WHY WOMEN SUFFER

Some do it from ignorance: some from carelessness: some in a spirit of martyrdom and some from a mistaken sense of duty impelling them to go on sacrificing themselves for others, until they "drop in their tracks".

Thousands of women have learned better; have found out that it's wrong to suffer from the peculiar ills of womanhood; because they need not do it.

STELLA VITAE, the old-time "Woman's Relief" "Mother's Cordial" has been helping the women of the South to health and happiness for half a century.

It is the prescription of a famous old Southern doctor and has proved successful with thousands of women and young girls.

STELLA VITAE is compounded in the laboratories of the Thacher Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., and sold by all druggists at a moderate price. Money refunded if the first bottle fails to help.

PALPITATION OF THE HEART!

The experience of a woman who has successfully passed the "changes" is valuable. This lady tells of the "bridge that carried her over."

"I was in a most wretched condition, at that most critical time in a woman's life, 'the change.' I had palpitation of the heart and would swell and bloat in a very distressing way.

"I took five bottles of STELLA VITAE, and I am happy to say that it cured me. When I began I weighed only 108 pounds, I now weigh 135 pounds."—Mrs. E. M. Russell, N. C.

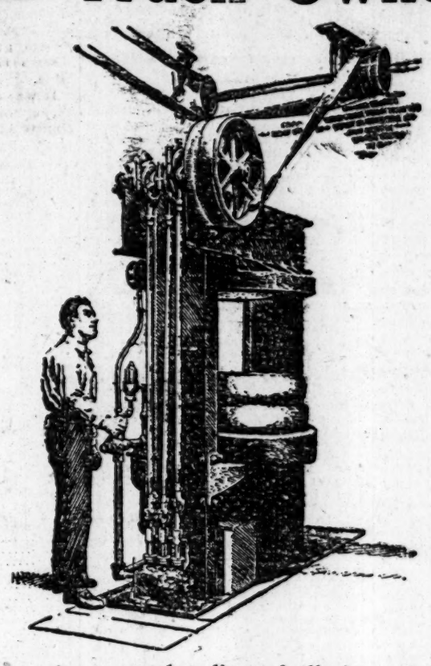
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You'll find Camels good all the way through. It is a fact, you'll prefer Camels expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos to either kind of tobacco smoked straight. And, Camels may be smoked liberally without tiring your taste.

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Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

18 cents a package

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Branch Rickey

BY GEORGE J. MORIARTY

Branch Rickey left his Brownie pards way down in old St. Louis town, to be a magnate for the Cards and blaze a pathway to renown. Of brains he's anything but short; this Rickey lad was college bred. Nobody in the grand old sport is any smarter in the head. He knows no words like quit or stop; to be a leader he was meant. He climbed till he has reached the top—just pipe his title—president. A cuss word never leaves his face, he deems profanity low-brow. If his Cards finish in last place, he'll only mutter, "Holly Cow!" Or maybe in a reckless mood when you expect an outbreak least, he'll cut loose in a manner rude and shock your ears with "Judas Priest!" Each year he signs some college chap, those lads of Greek and Latin words, believing that beneath their caps they think more than the back-lot birds. And if Branch lands another Pratt and Sisler for the game he'll have us all admitting that this Alma Mater is some dome. N. Webster gives branch as a noun, defined as limb or part, you see, but down there in St. Louis town folks think Branch is the whole darn tree.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Sharp Rallies Follow Early Break in Cotton

General List Closes Steady at 2 to 10-Point Gain — Break in Liverpool and Rains in Texas Were Opposing Factors.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close.
July	31.30	31.84	31.30	31.65	31.58
Oct.	30.55	30.60	30.03	30.30	30.25
Dec.	30.10	30.27	29.69	30.00	29.90
Jan.	29.70	29.87	29.67	29.73	29.65
March	29.25	29.72	29.25	29.45	29.40

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close.
July	30.68	31.48	30.60	31.22	31.20
Oct.	30.40	30.95	30.25	30.60	30.58
Dec.	30.00	30.57	30.00	30.32	30.25
Jan.	29.60	30.42	29.70	30.18	30.10
March	29.55	30.23	29.55	30.00	29.95

Closed steady.

New York, June 16.—The cotton market was irregular today with a comparatively small volume of business. A sharp opening break was followed by even sharper rallies, with October selling up from 30.25 to 30.95, but the demand then subsided and that delivery closed at 30.60. The general list closed steady at a net advance of 2 to 10 points.

The market opened at a decline of 24 to 48 points in response to lower Liverpool cables, but soon rallied on reports of rains in Texas. The forecast for further showers in east Texas seemed to stimulate the covering movement during the middle of the morning, while there was also some trade buying on the advance, which carried July up from 30.60 to 31.48, and December from 30.00 to 30.57. This made a net advance of 28 to 37 points on the active positions, which appeared to attract a good deal of scattered realizing, while the detailed weather reports showing that the heaviest rains in Texas had been pretty well confined to the coast were considered reassuring.

Reports of rather unsettled conditions in the stock market and uncertainty regarding money rates probably contributed to the nervousness during the middle of the day, and there were reactions from the best. Private cables said the break in Liverpool was due to an accumulation of hedge selling orders since the close there last Thursday, but not much southern selling was reported around the local ring.

Some brokers were inclined to attribute the smaller volume of general business to the increase in commission rates, but others thought it represented a disposition to wait for the outcome of the peace negotiations, or a better view of the end-month crop reports.

Spot cotton quiet. Middling, 32.75.

HEAVY TEXAS RAINS STEADY COTTON TONE.

New Orleans, June 16.—The heavy rains in Texas gave the cotton market a steady tone today, with periods of moderate strength, but advances generally were met by increased liquidation from the short side and by short offerings based on the belief that more favorable weather conditions were in prospect for the belt. Also, bearish sentiment was fostered by the belief that higher money would work against trading.

Around the opening the weather map caused enough buying to put prices 2 to 35 points higher, but liquidation met the improvement and there was selling for the account of Liverpool, so that before the session was very old prices were 21 to 28 points under the close of Saturday. Private reports commenced to pour in from Texas, telling of grassy fields with much standing water in some localities, and only a limited supply of labor with which to work the crop. Toward the middle of the day the market was at its highest, a net rise of 23 to 37 points. The wider fluctuations of the day carried July up to 31.60, down to 31.30, and back up to 31.81.

In the afternoon the unexpected decline of 25 points in spots, which carried middling off to 31.63, was against values in the contract department to a moderate extent and the close showed gains of only 5 to 10 points.

Spot cotton, steady, 25 points off. Sales on the spot, 1,755 bales, to arrive, 1,610. Low middling, 26.88; middling, 31.63; good middling, 32.63; receipts, 5,462; stock, 424,872.

Cotton Movement.

Atlanta spot cotton	32.50c
Sales	1,500
Receipts	517
Shipments	349
Stocks	27,178

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling 31.63; receipts 5,462; sales 3,366; stock 424,872.

Galveston—Middling 32.20; receipts 5,203; sales 1,525; stock 288,897.

Mobile—Middling 30.50; receipts 312; stock 18,706.

Savannah—Middling 32.00; receipts 3,741; exports 6,910; stock 209,648.

Charleston—Middling 31.00; receipts 1,106; stock 65,793.

Wilmington—Middling 30.00; receipts 674; stock 62,848.

Texas City—Receipts 548; stock 19,231.

Norfolk—Middling 30.50; receipts 161; sales 20; stock 107,970.

Baltimore—Stock 7,792.

Boston—Middling 32.75; receipts 37; stock 11,900.

Philadelphia—Middling 33.00; stock 4,358.

New York—Middling 32.75; exports 3,262; stock 100,659.

Minor ports—Stock 48,159.

Total today—Receipts 17,244; exports 10,172; stock 1,370,833.

Total for week—Receipts 35,521; exports 31,943.

Total for season—Receipts 5,855,177; exports 4,684,256.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 31.65; receipts 5,694; shipments 7,526; sales 1,936; stock 226,819.

Memphis—Middling 32.00; receipts 1,068; shipments 3,622; sales 625; stock 275,474.

Augusta—Middling 31.50; receipts 1,076; shipments 1,854; sales 525; stock 150,942.

St. Louis—Middling 32.00; receipts 1,266; shipments 1,266; stock 16,293.

Atlanta—Middling 31.40; receipts 517; shipments 439; sales 1,500; stock 27,178.

Little Rock—Middling 31.25; receipts 255; shipments 302; sales 302; stock 35,894.

Dallas—Middling 31.75; sales 100.

Total today—Receipts 9,876; shipments 15,009; stock 732,600.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta, Ga.—For the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time, June 16, 1919.

STATIONS OF ATLANTA, GA. DISTRICT.	Temperature. zHighest.	Temperature. ‡Lowest.	Precipitation, inches and hundredths.
xATLANTA, clear	93	69	.01
xColumbus, clear	98	71	.37
xGainesville, cldy.	93	66	.68
xGriffin, clear	96	68	.00
xMacon, clear	94	68	.00
Monticello, clear	98	68	.00
xNewnan, clear	98	69	.00
xRome, clear	93	67	.00
xTallapoosa	..	..	...
xToccoa, cldy.	91	65	.00
xWest Point, clear	96	68	.03
xSpartanburg, cldy.	92	68	.05
District averages	94	68	

Summary for the Cotton Region States.

New Orleans, June 16.—Temperatures mostly were slightly below the normal during the past 48 hours, except generally they were slightly above normal in eastern districts where the maxima were 86 to 94 degrees. Light to moderate scattered showers occurred in southern Louisiana Sunday and in Atlantic coast districts Monday. Light to heavy rains occurred Sunday and Monday in southern Texas, with excessive rains near the coast. Special reports from Houston, Oklahoma, and Mobile districts missing. Heavy rains Sunday: Galveston, Texas., 4.60. Monday, Texas, Fort Arthur 1.16, Houston 6.42, Taylor 1.96, Galveston 3.76.—Cline.

zHighest yesterday. ‡Lowest for 24 hours, ending at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

NOTE—The "state of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

xMinimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 7 a. m. this date.

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, June 16.—Cotton, spot quiet; prices lower. Good middling, 20.32; fully middling, 19.72; middling, 19.22; low middling, 17.67; good ordinary, 16.02; ordinary, 15.49. Sales, 6,000 bales, including 5,400 American. Receipts, 8,000 bales, including 5,400 American. Futures closed steady. June, 19.31; July, 1901; September, 18.44; October, 18.19; January, 17.70; March, 17.47.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, June 16.—Cottonseed oil was firm on buying for western account, strong trade situation and light offerings. Speculative interest remains light, however, the turnover for the day amounting to only 17.00 barrels, one thousand of which were switches.

Prime crude, 21.50; prime summer yellow spot, 25.25; July, 26.00; September, 26.91; December, 25.25.

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CORN PRICES MAKE RECORD OF SEASON

Hog Values Jump to 21.60, Topmost Figures Ever Known—Bulls Control Broad Market.

Chicago, June 16.—All deliveries of corn rose today to the highest prices yet this season. Persistent buying on country account furnished most of energy. There was a strong close at 3c to 4¾c net advance, with July $1.76½ to $1.77, and September $1.70⅝ to $1.70⅝.

Oats gained 2⅜c to 4⅛c. Provisions finished at 10c to 40c decline.

It was a big broad market in corn throughout the day with bullish sentiment plainly in control from the start. Belief that the new crop was not going to turn out right and that old stocks would be exhausted, seemed to be back of many of the orders to purchase. Besides the fact that hog values had jumped today to 21.60c, the topmost figures ever known, operated as a further stimulus. The only important reaction came shortly after midday and was due to word that a car of Argentine corn had been received at St. Louis, selling on this report, however, was quickly absorbed and a rush to cover was in flll progress toward the last.

Houses with country connections were active buyers of oats as well as corn. December oats ascended to a new high price record for the season.

Realizing sales weakened provisions despite the bulges in grain and hogs.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices on the exchange Monday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close
CORN—					
July	1.74	1.77¼	1.74	1.77	1.73¼
Sept.	1.67¼	1.70⅝	1.67¼	1.70⅝	1.66⅝
Dec.	1.45½	1.49¾	1.45½	1.49⅛	1.44¾
OATS—					
July	.69¾	.71¾	.69¾	.71⅝	.69¼
Sept.	.69¼	.71⅝	.68¾	.71½	.68½
Dec.	.69⅝	.71¾	.69½	.72½	.68⅝
PORK—					
July	51.60	52.00	51.10	51.35	51.75
Sept.	49.70	49.70	48.90	49.35	49.50
LARD—					
July	36.00	36.00	35.55	35.60	35.80
Sept.	35.35	35.35	34.65	34.70	34.85
RIBS—					
July	28.15	28.25	27.90	28.00	28.20
Sept.	27.90	28.10	27.75	27.90	28.12

Receipts in Chicago.

	Monday.
Wheat, cars	16
Corn	112
Oats, cars	144
Hogs, head	40,000

Cash Grain.

Chicago, June 16.—Corn, No. 3 yellow, $1.77½@1.78½; No. 4 yellow, nominal; No. 5 yellow, nominal.

Oats, No. 3 white, 70½@72; standard, 71½@72.

Rye, No. 2, $1.50@1.50¾.

Barley, $1.12@1.21.

Timothy, $9.00@12.00.

Clover, nominal.

St. Louis, June 16.—Corn, No. 2, $1.79; No. 2 white, $1.82@1.84; July, $1.80@1.83.

Oats, No. 2 70@70½; No. 3 white, 71@71½; July, 71.

Kansas City, Mo., June 16.—Corn, unchanged to 2c higher; No. 2 mixed, $1.80; No. 2 white, $1.80@1.80⅛; No. 2 yellow, $1.81.

Oats, firm; No. 2 white, 72c; No. 2 mixed, 69@70c; No. 2 red, 70@71c.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, June 16.—(Special.)—Business here today was in minimum quantity, which would seem to indicate that the trade is awaiting new developments before placing commitments. Weather advices as a whole were unfavorable, although some improvement is looked for in the next few days. A lower security market was reflected in liquidation for local account, but moderate trade buying was in evidence on the decline.
J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, June 16.—(Special.)—Weak Liverpool cables influenced cotton prices downward this morning, but upon information of very heavy rains in south Texas the market had rather sharp recovery. Further rains west of the Mississippi river and showers in North Carolina are likely. Map readers predicted fair weather over the entire belt very shortly. Reports from dry goods centers indicate firm prices at high levels. It is notable that although call money is at 12 per cent today and the stock market was weak, the cotton, corn and coffee markets showed strength. This indicates a firm situation in commodity values. Immediately we think the cotton market will be a scalping affair.
ORVIS BROS. & CO.

New York, June 16.—(Special.)—The market opened in a very confused manner this morning, Liverpool being unexpectedly lower and New Orleans unexpectedly higher. Our market opened midway between the two and has since fluctuated around last night's prices with a small volume of business. The tightness of money on the stock exchange and the evident intention of the federal reserve bank to put a stop to speculation as far as possible led many to believe this is not the time to buy cotton no matter what the demand might be for cotton goods, as it was felt that this restriction on the part of the federal reserve bank, coming at a time when the wheat crop was being marketed, might extend further throughout commercial circles. Heavy rains were reported in southwestern Texas elsewhere. The weather seems to be favorable for the crop. There is no disposition to anticipate a decline in prices.
HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., June 16.—Turpentine firm, $1.08@1.08¼; sales, 299; receipts, 304; shipments, 78; stock, 6,271.

Rosin firm; sales, 911; receipts, 690; shipments, 1,110; stock, 54,561.

Quote: B, $15.05; D, $15.00@15.05; E, $15.25; F, G, $15.30; H, I, $15.35; K, $15.40; M, N, $16.25; window glass, water white $16.60.

Jacksonville, Fla., June 16.—Turpentine steady, 1.07½; sales, 200; receipts, 82; shipments, 961; stock, 8,123.

Rosin, steady; sales, 518; receipts, 253; shipments, 1,400; stock, 120,155.

Quote: B, $14.90; D, $15.10; E, $15.35; F, $15.40@15.45; G and H, $15.45; I, $15.45 @15.50; K, $15.50@15.90; M, $16.25; N, $16.35; window glass, $16.60; water white, $16.70.

Sugar.

New York, June 16.—The local market for raw sugar was steady and unchanged at 7.28 for centrifugal to the refiner.

There was no change in the refined situation and prices remain at the 9-cent level for fine granulated. There is a good inquiry in the market, but not much new business is going, as refiners in most cases are out of the market. Some may be taking a few orders for July shipment, but most of them are sold well up until August.

Provisions.

Chicago, June 16.—Cash:
Pork, nominal.
Lard, $35.50.
Ribs, $27.50@28.50.

Country Produce.

New York, June 16.—Butter unsettled; receipts, 12,447; firsts, 50½@52.

Eggs irregular; receipts, 15,485; firsts, 43@44.

Cheese steady; receipts, 1,721.

Poultry, live irregular; broilers, 35@50; fowls, 32; old roosters, 19; turkeys, 25@30; dressed steady, broilers, 42@48; chickens, 40@43; fowls, fresh, 31@32; frozen, 30@37½; old roosters, 23; turkeys, 46@49.

Chicago, June 16.—Butter unsettled.

Eggs unsettled; receipts, 34,890; firsts, 39½@40½.

Poultry, alive steady; fowls, 30.

St. Louis, June 16.—Poultry, hens, 27½; springs, 45; turkeys, 35; ducks, 25; geese, 18.

Butter, creamery, 50.

Eggs, 35½.

Kansas City, June 16—Butter, unchanged. Firsts, 46c.

Eggs, ½c higher; firsts, 37½c.

Poultry, unchanged; hens, 26½c; broilers, 34@42c.

Slowdown Expected In Banking Circles

BY R. L. BARNUM.
(The Constitution-Philadelphia Public Ledger Service. Copyright, 1919.)

New York, June 16.—Considering the bank statement which was only published after the close of business last Saturday, the stock market acted very well at the opening this morning. United States Steel was down 1 1-4 points. In the specialties, General Motors was the leader. The stock, which closed at 209 last Saturday, opened this morning at 207 1-2, dropped to 204 and then advanced to 210 before the first rate on call money was announced. That was at 11:30 o'clock. When it was learned that the renewal rate on mixed collateral, railroads and industrials, was 10 per cent, with the rate on all industrial 12, the market began to break violently. During the last hour the rate on mixed collateral went to 15 per cent and the stock market closed at the lowest prices of the day.

There was heavy rediscounting here today by the member banks, that is our banks had their loans rediscounted by the federal reserve banks of this district.

Then there was a great deal of calling of stock exchange loans by the banks. These two factors did much to ease the strain in the money market. Then, too, it was generally felt that the disturbance caused by the financing of the government income tax payments would be of short duration.

Slow Down Expected.

However, in the best banking circles the feeling today was that the stock market would slow down and become an irregular traders' market for some weeks to come, perhaps until the late summer or early autumn.

The feeling here today was that the million share days caused by wide public speculation were over for the time being. In fact, it was believed that the market, owing to the momentum it has gained as a result of the wide public participation had run past its proper stopping place by at least three or four weeks.

One of the interesting news developments of the day was the vote taken by the shareholders of Mercantile Marine at the special meeting held at Hoboken in the proposition of the directors to sell the 85 steamships flying the British flag to an English syndicate. The vote was against the proposed sale.

Mercantile Marine has outstanding $51,725,000 preferred stock and $49,872,000 common, a total of 1,015,000 shares. Today 245,936 shares of common and 284,120 shares of preferred stock were voted against the proposed sale. That was more than a majority.

Wall Street Gossip.

The deal in Mercantile Marine is off finally. It would take a lot of pounding and thumping to bring that corpse back to life.

Compared with the break in the stock market, the bond market held very steady. It was three or four weeks ago that careful traders in the stock market began to take profits and put the proceeds in the bond market on the well-proved theory that when the reaction came in the stock market the bond market which still offered many tempting bargains would hold steady.

Russian bonds were off again today. The $50,000,000 6½s are due this coming Wednesday. It is not believed that the bonds will be paid off at this time.

"The net result of our 12 per cent call money rate," one of the financial experts asserts, "is to show that the most scientific and efficient banking system in the world will not run itself. Bankers still have to use judgment and decency and self-restraint. If they insist on dumping their money into the stock market, whether the money is obtained from their depositors or from the federal reserve, they must look for some such disgraceful episode as that of the past few days. The reserve system has not failed, but some of the member banks have shown that they did not know how to use it."

More Gold Coming.

More gold is on the way from Canada to New York. The expectation is that a total of $50,000,000 will come in on this movement, including the $18,000,000 already received. It is a curious coincidence that receipts thus far have about balanced the exports that have gone forward since the removal of our gold embargo. Even if we were receiving no gold, bankers see no danger in our parting with some of our tremendous stores.

Back in the days of the old Copper Producers' association the investors in copper securities were furnished each month with official information as to just what the amount of copper on hand was at the end of each month, and what the output in a given month was. But nowadays investors must resort to rumors and unofficial statements for their information. For this reason many traders are hoping that the time is not far off when more information may again be had as to conditions within the copper trade. Reports are being circulated that the surplus left on hand following the signing of the armistice is being gradually diminished because of the recent buying demand, but nothing other than the statement that this is being done can be had. And the prices of copper shares advance in view of this. Of course the higher prices of the metal had much to do with the rise in stocks, but rumors more than anything were the main influence.

The ease with which the high paid rates reacted was one of the surprising features of today's reactionary market. Some of these issues were down several points in addition to the reaction which was scored last week. Today's reaction, together with that of last week, brought the average price of high-grade rails down to within a few points of the low levels of the year, indicating that within the past ten days a good part of the entire gain of the upward movement has been lost.

IRREGULARITY SHOWN BY COFFEE FUTURES

New York, June 16.—The market for coffee futures showed a good deal of irregularity during today's trading. After opening 12 to 20 points lower under realizing the market firmed up on covering and trade buying accompanied by reports of a continued firm spot and cost and freight situation. December advanced from 19.45 to 19.73, or 6 points net higher, and made a new high record for the movement. March also made a new high record, selling at 19.50, but there was another flurry of realizing late in the afternoon and December closed at 19.45, or the lowest point of the day, with the general list showing a net loss of 20 to 40 points. Closing bids: July, 20.05; September, 19.95; October, 19.78; December, 19.45; January, 19.35; March, 19.25; May, 19.05.

Spot quiet but firm: Rio sevens, 20.75 to 21.00; Santos fours, 25.10, nominal. Sales on Santos coffees were reported in the cost and freight market on the basis of 25.40 for fours. American credits, and offers of fours, London credits, were reported at 26.00 to 26.25.

The official cables reported no change in Brazilian markets except Santos futures, which were 25 reis higher to 75 reis lower. Receipts at the two Brazilian ports were 20,000 bags; Jundiahy receipts, 9,000 bags. Brazil cleared 87,000 bags for New York.

Dry Goods.

New York, June 16.—Good inquiry was reported today for cotton cloths in the gray. Yarns were firm and quiet. Raw silk was higher. Burlaps firmer. Dress goods deliveries were not up to expectations.

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(Corrected by W. H. White, Jr., President of White Provision Company.)
U. S. Food Administration License No. G-21371.

The above represents ruling prices for good quality fed cattle. Inferior grades, dairy types and range cattle quoted below:

Medium to good steers, 650-750, $9.50 to $10.50.

Medium to good cows, 650-750, $8.00 to $9.00.

Mixed common cows, $6.50 to $7.50.

Good fat oxen, $8.00 to $9.00.

Good butcher bulls, $7.50 to $9.50.

Choice veal calves, $7.50 to $9.50.

Yearlings, $6.50 to $7.50.

Prime hogs, 165-225, $18.00 to $18.50.

Light hogs, 130-165, $17.00 to $17.50.

Heavy pigs, 100-130, $15.50 to $16.00.

Light pigs, 80-100, $13.50 to $14.00.

The above applies to good quality mixed fed hogs.

Good to choice steers, 850-1,000, $11.00 to $12.00.

Good steers, 750-850, $10.00 to $11.00.

Medium to choice beef cows, 750-850, $9.00 to $10.00.

Good to choice heifers, 550-650, $8.00 to $9.50.

Medium to good cows, 600-700, $8.00 to $9.00.

Medium to good steers, 700-800, $9.00 to $10.00.

Money Market.

New York, June 16.—Mercantile paper, 5½@5¾; sterling, 60-day bills, 4.59; commercial, 60-day bills on banks, 4.58¾; commercial, 60-day bills, 4.58½; demand, 4.61; cables, 4.62.

Francs, demand, 6.27; cables, 6.25. Guilders, demand, 39; cables, 39¼. Lire, demand, 7.94; cables, 7.92.

Government bonds easy; railroad bonds easy.

Time loans strong; 60 days, 90 days and six months, 5¾@6$.

Call money strong; ruling rate, 10; bank acceptances, 4½.

Bar silver, 112¼.

Mexican dollars, 86⅞.

London Money.

London, June 16.—Bar silver, 54⅝d per ounce.

Money, 2¾ per cent; discount rates, short bills, 3¼ per cent; three month bills, 3⅝ per cent.

Live Stock.

Chicago, June 16.—Hogs: Receipts, 40,000; estimated tomorrow, 50,000; market active, mostly 30c higher than Saturday's average. Top, $21.60, a new high record. Bulk, $21.25@21.50; heavy weight, $21.30@21.50; medium weight, $21.15@21.60; light weight, $21@21.60; light lights, $19@21.15; heavy packing sows, smooth, $20.75@21.15; packing sows, rough, $20@20.75; pigs, $18@19.

Cattle: Receipts, 14,000; estimated tomorrow, 15,000; beef steers steady to strong. Che stock and calves strong to 25c higher; bulls steady; feeders steady. Beef steers, medium and heavy weight, choice and prime, $15@16.25; medium and good, $12.25@15; common, $10.75@12.35; light weight, good and choice, $12.75@14.75; common and medium, $10@15; butcher cattle, heifers, $7.75 @13; cows, $7.50@12.65; canners and cutters, $6@7.50; veal calves, light and handy weight, $16@17.25; feeder steers, $9.75@13; stocker steers, $8.25@12.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 12,000; estimated tomorrow, 8,000; lambs and yearlings mostly 25c higher; sheep strong. Lambs, including springs, 84 pounds down, $16.50@18.75; culls and common, $9.50@15.50; yearling wethers, including aged lambs, $12.50@15.75; ewes, $7.75@9; culls and common, $3.25@7.50.

St. Louis, June 16.—Hogs: Receipts, 15,000; closing fairly steady with Saturday. Top, $21.50; bulk, $20.80@21.40; heavy weight, $21.20@21.40; medium weight, $20.75 @21.30; light weight, $19.85@21.25; light lights, $19.60@2.300 heavy packing sows, smooth, $18.95@20.25; packing sows, rough, $16.95@19.15; pigs, $11@19.75.

Cattle: Receipts, 4,500; uneven; practically steady; little demand in close. Beef steers, medium and good, $12.75@15; common, $10.75@12.75; light weight, $12.50@14.75; butcher cattle, heifers, $9@15; cows, $7@11.25; canners and cutters, $6@7.25; veal calves, light and handy weight, $12.25@16.25; feeder steers, $8.50@12.50; stocker steers, $7.50@11.25.

Sheep: Receipts, 3,000; practically steady on all grades. Lambs, $15.50@18.50; culls and common, $9@14.50; yearling wethers, $14.50; ewes, culls and common, $7.30@8.50.

Kansas City, Mo., June 16.—Hogs: Receipts, 16,000; steady to 10c higher than Friday's average. Bulk, $20.70@20.90; heavies, $20.90@21.15; mediums, $20.70@20.80; lights, $20.40@20.90; light lights, $20.25@20.60; packing sows, $19@20.50; pigs, $19 @20.25.

Cattle: Receipts, 10,000 and 1,000 calves; heavy beef steers and she stock closed weak; yearlings strong to 25c higher; veals, 25c higher; stockers and feeders strong to 15c higher; heavy steers, choice and prime, $15 @15.90; medium and good, $13.40@14.90; common, $11.50@13.35; light weight, good and choice, $12.50@15; common and medium, $9.50@12.75; butcher cattle, heifers, $6.75@13.75; cows, $6.50@12.50; canners and cutters, $5.35@6.40; veal calves, light and handy weight, $12.50@15; feeder steers, $10 @14.50; stocker steers, $7.60@13.40.

Sheep: Receipts, 6,800; fat sheep and lambs steady to 25c higher; other grades steady; goats low; best 25 to 50c lower. Lambs, 84 pounds or less, $15@18; culls and common, $12.50@14.75; yearling wethers, $11.25@13.50; ewes, $7.25@9.75; ewes, $4.50 @7; goats, $5@8.50.

Liberty Bonds.

New York, June 16.—Liberty bonds final prices today were:

3½s	99.44
First 4s	94.90
Second 4s	93.72
First 4¼s	95.20
Second 4¼s	94.10
Third 4¼s	95.32
Fourth 4¼s	94.26
Victory 3¾s	100.10
Victory 4¾s	99.94

Rice.

New Orleans, June 16.—Rough rice, no sales; receipts, 1,512 sacks; millers' receipts, 1,512.

Clean rice, no sales; receipts, 5,079 pockets.

EXPORTING PLAN IS EPOCH-MAKING

Would Mean Billion-Dollar Corporation to Extend Credit to Nations of World Which Need U. S. Goods.

By C. B. Evans.
(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright, 1919)

Chicago, June 16.—The plan for financing exports from the United States based on the suggestions of Mr. Davison, is the most extraordinary commercial undertaking in history, as outlined by a Chicago participant in the deliberations. It already has received the approval of the Chicago clearing house to the extent of providing for a committee to confer with the leading financiers of New York. It is practically worldwide organization based purely on the commercial idea, frankly for the promotion of business and having no charity element in it.

It contemplates the inclusion in its operations of all the nations of the earth who choose to avail themselves of its benefits. Already there has been supplied in the scheme the one element that appeared to be lacking in Mr. Davison's outline, and an essential thing that is, participation of the governments in its operations.

Billion Dollar Company.

A corporation will be formed with a capitalization, as now intended, of a billion dollars. It will furnish credits to foreign purchasers of our merchandise, the means of furnishing those credits being supplied by subscriptions from the public, the subscribers to receive for those subscriptions debentures which it is presumed will bear six per cent interest. These securities issued by the corporation will be sold by means of a drive, which it is understood will be similar to those through which the government has marketed its liberty bonds. Thus government and citizen in this country and government and subject or citizen of other countries will be enlisted in this undertaking.

The financiers are now the leading actors in this drama, but of course manufacturers and merchants will be back of them with their goods and will be really the most interested parties. Already organizations are forming to take advantage of this plan, the cotton men being particularly mentioned. These organizations will be entirely independent of the export companies, many of which have already begun operations.

To cite a concrete case of the workings of the plan, a manufacturer of cotton goods in Poland wants American cotton. His bank guarantees him as a desirable customer and the Polish government guarantees the bank. Thus the notes or other obligations issued by this manufacturer to pay for the cotton becomes good paper in the market. Multiply this by the large number of manufacturers in the old world that want raw material and by the number of governments that would be glad to give their guaranty and the trade thus to be achieved becomes enormous.

It looks like a correlation of the nations of the earth, particularly those that have been smitten by the war and excepting for the present those whose balance of trade with the United States is against us. The wants and the wealth of the world are brought to a common market place, and the credits are so massed as to be most efficient.

Government Burden Slight.

The participation of the United States government in the lending of this money is comparatively slight, and thus the citizen can have no great case against that government even if he is extremely democratic in his ideas, and he will have to remember that without its participation the scheme would not be successful. We are up against an emergency and all mankind is interested. Vanderlip and Davison have not told all there is to tell of the commercial dangers of Europe's condition. As to the method of raising the money the drive has proved very efficacious with respect to government loans, the public is used to it, and it will succeed.

Advance in Price Index.

Bradstreet's index number of commodity prices as of June 1, viz., $18.0900, shows a gain of 4.9 per cent over May 1, and is only 2 per cent below that for January 1, while it is 5.5 per cent below that for the high record level of July 1, 1918. It is, however, 19 per cent above the May 1, 1917, level, and 107 per cent over that for August 1, 1914, at the outbreak of the great war. Of the thirteen groups of commodities, two (live animals and provisions) declined in May, one (building materials) was unchanged, and ten advanced, led by textiles and hides and leather, reflecting the great strength in wearing apparel and shoes.

Metals.

New York, June 16.—Copper firm; electrolytic spot, 17½@17¾; futures, 17¾@18.

Iron, nominal; No. 1 northern, 29.50; No. 2 northern, 28; No. 2 southern 28.

Metal exchange quotes lead easy; spot, 5.15@5.35; July, 5.17@5.37. Spelter steady; East St. Louis spot, 6.40@6.60; July, 6.42@6.65.

At London, standard copper spot, £83; futures, £83 10s; electrolytic spot, £86; futures, £88. Tin spot, £241 10s; futures, £237 15s. Lead spot, £23 2s 6d; futures, £23 7s 6d. Spelter spot, £36 10s; futures, £37.

GA. MEMBERS URGED TO AID VICTOR BERGER

(By The Constitution's Leased Wire.)

Washington, June 16.—Socialist propaganda, intended to influence the minds of Congressmen in favor of Victor Berger, is being placed in the hands of members of congress.

A representative of The Constitution has discovered that at least one member of the Georgia delegation is in receipt of letters which appear on their face to be an attempt to influence his mind against the proposed unseating of the Wisconsin representative, who was found guilty of violating the espionage law.

Neither this congressman nor any of several others from Georgia would express an opinion on the probable outcome of the Berger hearings, or upon the position of southern congressmen on the case. It was pointed out that congressmen generally are withholding comment on the case until after at least a tentative decision has been reached by the house.

Local Stock Quotations.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	285	....
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp.	77	77½
do. pfd.	78	80
A. & W. P. Railroad	147	149
Atlantic Steel	87	90
do. pfd.	93	95
Bibb Mfg. Co. (Macon)	160	162
Central Bank & Trust Corp.	151	155
Augusta & Savannah Railway	90	....
Fulton National Bank	117½	120
Exposition Cotton Mills	237½	245
Eagle & Phoenix Cotton Mills	120	....
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	60	63
do. pfd.	92	95
Fourth National Bank	314	320
Ga. Ry. & Elec., 5 per cent pfd.	79	80

To Increase Stock.

Winder, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—At a special meeting of the stockholders of the North Georgia Trust and Banking company held here today it was decided to increase the capital stock from $100,000 to $200,000, with a surplus of $20,000. The old stockholders will be allowed to take 50 per cent of the new stock and the remaining 50 per cent will be sold to new stockholders.

High Call Money Again Causes Slump in Stocks

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	84	81	81	84⅛
Am. Can	54½	50¾	50¾	54½
Am. Car & Fdry.	103	101	102½	104
Am. Hide and Leather Pfd.	122½	116½	116½	123
Am. Locomotive	82	80	80⅛	81½
Am. Linseed	68⅜	67	67½	69
Am. Smelt. & Rfg.	81	78¼	78⅝	81½
Am. Sugar	132⅞	126½	129	132⅞
Am. Sumatra Tob.	114¾	110	110	113⅞
Am. Tel. & Tel.	106⅞	106	106	106¼
Am. Tobacco	212	210½	210½	212¼
Anaconda Copper	71⅜	69	69	71⅛
Atchison	98	96⅝	96¾	98
A. C. L.	103½	102	102	104
Atl., Gulf. & W. I.	172	165¼	166	172¼
Am. Intl. Corp.	102⅜	96	98	103¼
Baldwin Locomotive	100	93½	93½	99½
B. & O.	50½	49⅝	49¾	50½
Beth. Steel "B" extra dividend	87⅜	82½	82½	89⅜
Canadian Pacific	161¼	159½	159½	161⅛
Central Leather	100⅞	95	96	100
C. & O.	64⅝	63	63	64⅝
Chi., M. & St. P.	42	40¼	40¼	42½
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	26¼	25¾	25¾	26½
Chino Copper extra dividend	44½	43	43	45¼
Colo. Fuel & I.	47	46¾	46¾	46⅛
Corn Products	64⅝	62½	62½	64¼
Crucible Steel	90¾	87	87¼	90
Cuba Cane Sugar	34½	32½	32½	34½
Distillers Securities Corp.	75⅞	73	73	75
Erie	17½	17	17⅜	17¼
General Electric	166	166	166	161
General Motors	210	203	204	209
Grt. North. Pfd.	95½	95	95	95½
do. Ore Ctfs.	46¾	45¾	45¾	46¼
Gulf States Steel	63½	56¼	56¼	63
Illinois Central	98	98	98	100
Inspiration Cop.	59¼	57⅛	57¼	58¾
Int. Mer. Marine Pfd.	116½	112	112⅛	116⅜
Int. Nickel	29¼	28⅛	28¼	29
Int. Paper.	54½	51¼	51¾	54½
Kennecott Copper	39¾	38⅛	38½	39½
L. & N.	....	....	116½	114
Maxwell Motors	46½	43	44½	46½
Mex. Petroleum	177	173	174½	177
Miami Copper	27½	26½	26⅞	27
Midvale Steel	49¾	47¾	47¾	49⅛
Missouri Pacific	39⅜	28½	28¾	30½
N. Y. Central	79½	78⅝	78⅝	78⅛
N. Y., N. H. & H.	30¼	29½	30¼	30¼
N. & W.	108½	107¾	108¼	108⅛
Northern Pacific	95½	95	95⅜	96
Ohio Cities Gas	55¾	53⅛	54⅛	54⅞
Pennsylvania	45¾	45⅜	45⅝	45¾
Pittsburg & W. Va.	39½	37⅝	38	39½
Ray Cons. Copper extra dividend	24⅜	23½	23½	24½
Reading	87¼	85	85⅜	86¾
Rep. I. & S.	86½	84½	84¾	86⅝
Royal Dutch	102⅜	103¼	103½	108½
S. A. L.	9½	9	9	9½
do. pfd.	20	19	19	20
Sinclair Oil & Rfg.	58⅞	52¾	52¾	58½
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	63¾	60½	60½	63
South. Pacific	105⅝	103¼	103½	105¼
South. Railway	30	28¾	28¾	30
do. pfd.	69½	69½	69½	69½
Studebaker Corp.	99⅞	92½	92½	99½
Tenn. Copper	13⅜	12⅞	12⅞	13⅛
Texas Co.	258	250	250	260½
Tobacco Products	103	98½	99	102½
Union Pacific	131⅛	130½	130½	131¼
United Cigar Stores	153½	147¾	148⅝	152½
United Fruit	181	180½	181	182¾
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	149	143	143⅞	149½
U. S. Rubber	116½	111½	112¾	115¾
U. S. Steel	105½	103⅛	103⅛	106¼
do. pfd.	116½	116¼	116½	116¼
Utah Cop. ex. div.	88⅜	85⅜	85½	90
Va.-Car. Chemical	75	72¼	72¼	75
Western Union	89	89	89	89¾
Westinghouse Elec.	55¾	54⅜	54½	55¼
Willys-Overland	34⅞	33½	33½	34¾

Total sales for the day, 1,478,600 shares.

Situations in Germany and Mexico Were Additional Causes—Rails Held Better Than Rest of List.

New York, June 16.—The stock market continued its reactionary course today, chiefly as a result of adverse monetary conditions and other unfavorable developments which precipitated further liquidation of speculative holdings.

Call money again rose to 12 per cent for mixed collateral and as much as 15 per cent was paid for loans on all industrial security.

Time funds were distinctly firmer. The rate for commercial paper also hardened and heavy discounting was reported by the local federal reserve bank.

These significant incidents were reinforced by cables which suggested a demonstration by the allied forces, the more critical situation in Mexico and disapproval by the share holdiers of the plan to dispose of the Mercantile Marine tonnage and assets to British interests.

Trading again was very large and varied, but most of the activity occurred during the intermediate and later stages of the session when prices were lowest levels and pressure most general.

Among the popular oils extreme recessions ranged from 4 to almost 10 points, motors reacted 3 to 7, shippings 2 to almost 8, steels and kindred equipments 2 to 7, and leathers, textiles, tobaccos and food shares 2 to 8 points.

Rails held better than any other branch of the list, the setback in that quarter, save among a few of the secondary or minor issues, running from 1 to 2 points.

Further exports of gold to South America and Japan were in process of negotiation, these being neutralized by prospects of additional imports of the metal from Canada.

Bonds as a whole, including Liberty and foreign issues, eased slightly on a relatively light turn over. Total sales, par value, aggregated $11,600,000.

Old United States bonds were unchanged on call.

New York Curb Market.

New York, June 16.—Renewed heavy selling pressure following a steady and quiet opening sent prices for curb securities to lower levels today. Most selling pressure was centered in the oil group, where several large losses were reported. The most active in this group were the Sinclair issues. Sinclair Gulf scored the largest losses, falling more than 4 points. Sinclair Consolidated declined about 2 points early, but received better support and recovered part of the early losses.

Standard Oil shares were dull, but comparatively large declines were shown at the close. Midwest Refining was weak, showing a further loss of 7 points, while Salt Creek producers lost about 2. Merritt Oil and Commonwealth were about a point lower, while changes in the rest of the group generally were fractional.

There were a few strong spots in the industrial group, particularly in the early part of the session, but at the close the tone was heavy. Allied Packers was one of the strong points, rising to a new high record in the last hour. Savold Tire issues were strong early, but later lost the improvement.

Mining shares were quite active, with several firm spots. Among them was National Tin, which sold above its high record.

Trading in bonds was unusually heavy. There were initial dealings in Swedish Government 6 per cent gold notes, which changed hands around the subscription price on a when-issued basis. Heavy trading occurred in Southern railway bonds.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered, bid	99¼
do. coupon, bid	99¼
U. S. convertible 3s, registered, bid	89
do. coupon, bid	89
U. S. 4s, registered, bid	106
do. coupon, bid	106¼
American Foreign Securities 5s	99 11-16
American Tel. & Tel. cv. 6s	103⅜
Anglo-French 5s	97⅛
Atchison gen. 4s	82⅛
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s, bid	82
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s	78
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s, bid	90½
Central of Georgia Consolidated 5s, bid	91¼
Central Leather 5s	97
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s	88⅜
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s	95⅜
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s	78
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	71½
City of Paris 6s	97⅝
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s	80⅜
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s	57½
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	98⅛
Erie gen. 4s	54½
Illinois Central ref. 4s	80½
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	98⅜
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	86⅝
Liggett & Myers 5s	94
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s	85½
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	67
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	61⅜
New York Central deb. 6s	99⅜
Norfolk & Western cv. 6s	108
Northern Pacific 4s	81¾
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s	9¼
do. gen. 5s	95⅝
Reading gen. 4s	83¼
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940), bid	94¼
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s, bid	67½
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	51
Sinclair Oil & Refining cv. 7s	99⅜
Southern Bell Tel. 5s	91½
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	105½
Southern Railway 5s	94¼
do. gen. 4s	67⅞
Texas Company cv. 6s	102½
Texas & Pacific 1st, bid	90
Union Pacific 4s	85⅞
U. S. Steel 5s	100¼
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s, bid	97½
Wabash 1st, bid	95½

CHRUCHES IN CLARKE BACK HIGHWAY BONDS

Athens, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Athens and Clarke county citizens are keyed up to the highest pitch with good roads enthusiasm. Congregations at all the local churches Sunday had the matter of carrying the road improvement bond election next Wednesday by an overwhelming vote laid before them by the various pastors.

Reports are coming every day to the effect that counties throughout this section of the state are putting over their bond elections in great shape. Elbert county last Friday voted $200,000 worth of bonds. Wilkes county Wednesday carried the election almost without a dissenting vote for $300,000 issue. Barrow has also acted favorably on the proposition.

Wins First Honors.

Camilla, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) V. G. Hampton, of Colbert, Madison county, one of the University of Georgia students who accompanied Dr. R. C. Wilson, head of the University School of Pharmacy to Savannah to take the state board examinations, has taken first honors, it is learned here. A. B. DeLoach, another university man also passed successfully. University students have made excellent records in these examinations.

Fruits and Vegetables Reviewed for Week-End By U. S. Market Bureau

United States bureau of markets. Short week-end review of fruits and vegetables. (Prices to jobbers and shipments for the period of June 6 to 12, inclusive.)

Prices Lower, Shipments Heavy.

Declines were the rule under liberal supplies of carlot and nearby produce. Potatoes, cabbage, tomatoes, string beans, cherries, melons, peaches and cantaloupes continued the downward trend of the preceding week. Onions and dry Lima beans tended upward. Shipments exceeded 1,000 cars, gaining about 25 per cent. Volume about doubled in new potatoes, peaches and watermelons, and cantaloupes increased threefold, but strawberries decreased about one-half and volume was considerable lighter for onions, cabbage, cucumbers, lettuce, celery and mixed vegetables.

Old Potatoes Weak and Irregular.

Movement of old potatoes keeps up well, although much poor stock is included. Combined volume of old and new is hardly equal to shipments of new stock alone at corresponding time last year, when old potatoes were selling at $1@1.25 per cwt. in Chicago. This week No. 1 northern stock tended moderately downward, closing $1.65 @1.80 per cwt. sacked in Chicago carlot market. Colorado No. 1 sacked white stock was still quoted $1.90 per cwt. in Denver and continued firm in southern markets at $2.75@3.00. New York round whites were fairly steady at $2@2.60 per cwt. in bulk in leading markets. Maine Green Mountains recovered 15 cents toward the close of the week, reaching $2.10@2.40 per cwt. Shipments decreased to 1,135 cars, compared with 1,293 last week.

New Potatoes Lower.

Nearly one-half the new stock comes from the Carolinas, but Virginia shipping sections are gaining rapidly. Shipments 1,719 cars, compared with 730 last week. Carolina Cobblers declined further at shipping points, best stock closing $8@8.25 per barrel f. o. b. and ranged $1.50 lower in eastern consuming markets, closing $6.50@8.50; weakest in Baltimore and highest in Boston. Texas Bliss Triumphs closed 50 cents lower a $3.25 per cwt. f. o. b. cash at shipping points and averaged 75 cents decline in middle western consuming markets, reaching $3.75@4.25.

Onion Markets Firm.

The range of quality and price for consuming markets was rather wide at $3.25@4.50 per crate. California Bermudas showed 25@50 cents advanced, reaching $4.25@5.00 in consuming markets. Stockton yellow onions advanced quite sharply, reaching $3.90@4.40 per sack f. o. b. shipping points, compared with $3.50 last week, and closed at $4@4.25 per cwt. in consumink markets. Shipments continue to decrease with 160 cars compared with 218 last week.

Cabbage Prices Tend Lower.

Shipments were moderate, but supplies are liberal on most markets and include a wide range of quality and condition. Virginia Wakefields declined further in consuming markets, reaching $1.75@3 per bushel crate, selling highest in New York. Mississippi stock ranged $3@3.50 per 100 pound crate in eastern markets and $2.50@3.50 in the west. Tennessee Wakefields aagin declined, reaching $1.10@1.35 per pony crate f. o. b. shipping points and $1.50 @2 in terminal markets. California Winningstadts weakened to $2@2.50 per crate in middle western markets. Shipments 254 cars, compared with 388 last week.

Strawberries Fairly Steady.

General range of prices remains about steady. Calot shipments are decreasing from the early producing sections, but northern markets are now more largely supplies by home-grown stock. New Jersey Gandys ranged 17@30 cents in New York and 30@35 cents in Boston, quart basis. Missouri Aromas averaged lower at $5.50@7.50 per 24-quart crate in middle wtseern markets. Shipments 621 cars, compared with 1,217 last week.

Peach Markets Still Weak.

Stock at Georgia shipping points includes many lot overripe and of poor carrying condition. Average price considerably lower, ranging $1.60@2.25 f. o. b. cash for leading early varieties. Georgia Unecdas in six-basket carriers averaged fully 75 cents decline in northern markets, ranging $1.75@2.25. Red Birds ranged $2.25@3.25. Shipments nearly doubled with 612 cars, compared with 343 last week.

Watermelons Lower.

Prices have tended downward since the opening of the season. Florida, Tom Watsons, 22@28 pounds, declined fully $50 in producing stations, ranging $350@425 per car. Range was downward in consuming markets also, although top of $800 was reached for carlots, large sizes, in New York. Range in other markets was $400@750 par car for medium sizes.

Markets quoting on unit basis for 22@28 pound stock ranged 75@90 cents. Shipments more than doubled with 708 cars, compared with 305 last week.

Cantaloupes Decline Rapidly.

California Imperial Valley cantaloupes tended downward, closing at $1.75@2 per standard crate f. o. b. shipping points. The closing range for standard 45's in Chicago, Kansas City and St. Louis was $4.25@4.75 and in eastern markets $5.50@6.25. Shipments increased to 2,109 cars, exceeding any other line except potatoes.

Other Fruits and Vegetables.

Mississippi tomatoes, 4's continued to decline at shipping points, closing at $1.15 f. o. b. and declining sharply to a range of $1.50@2 in leading jobbing markets. Florida tomatoes ranged $3.25@4.25 per six-basket carrier in consuming markets. Shipments again increased moderately with 823 cars reported. California cherries continued downward in leading eastern auction markets, ranging $1.50@2 per 10-pound flat in New York, but reached tops of $4 in Chicago. Jobbing range in Kansas City continued about steady at $3.55@3.75. Virginia, Norfolk section, green string beans ranged $1.75@2.50 per 1¼-bushel hamper. Best Louisiana green stock ranged $2@2.50 per ⅞-bushel hamper in Chicago. Shipments decreased to 166 cars, compared with 226 last week.

W. H. BECKHAM,
Investigator in Marketing.

Hit by Auto, May Die.

Sylvester, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) The 9-year-old son of J. B. Pitts was run over Saturday by a car driven by a Mr. Yarborough, of Dougherty county. It is not known to just what extent the driver of the car was to blame. The streets were crowded at that hour. It is probable that the injuries will prove fatal to the child.

MARKETS

Atlanta Groceries.

(U. S. Food Administration License No. G-06583.)
(By Cone M. Maddox Company.)

Apples—Evaporated, 50-lb. boxes....$	.17
" Canned, 2 dozen No. 3s	3.00
" Canned, 1 dozen No. 10s	5.50
Apricots—Canned, 2 dozen, No. 2½s	5.50
" Canned, 1 dozen No. 10s	10.00
" Libby's, 2 dozen No. 2½s	6.80
Baking Powders—Success, 48 5c pkgs	1.80
" Rumford's 1-lb.	2.85
" Rumford's ½-lb.	2.95
Beans—California Limas, 100-lb. bags	10.75
" Michigan navy, 165-lb. bags	.10¼
" String, canned, 2 doz. No. 2½s	4.25
Blackberries—Canned, 2 doz. No. 2s	4.25
" Canned, 1 doz. No. 10s	10.00
Beets—Canned, 2 doz. No. 2s	3.15
Bran—Pillsbury's Health bran	1.55
Catsup—Bull Head, 2 doz. 8-oz.	2.70
" Royal, 3 doz. 8-ounce	4.20
Cereals—Post Toasties, 36 pkgs	4.10
" Kellogg's Flakes, 36 pkgs	4.20
" National Corn Flakes, 36 pkgs	3.40
" Krinkle's Corn Flakes, 36 pkgs	3.40
" Grape Nuts, 2 doz. pkgs	2.85
" Shredded Wheat, 48 pkgs	4.50
" Pillsbury's Vitos, 24 pkgs	2.20
" Kellogg's Krumbles, 36 pkgs	4.20
Coffee—Arbuckle's 100-lb. cases	35.00
" Arbuckle's, 36-lb. cases	35.20
" Blue Ribbon, 1-lb. cans	.42
" Royal, bulk	.30
" Perfection, bulk	.36
Cocoanut—Canned, 2 doz. 10-ounce	2.40
" Bulk in barrels, shredded	.24
Compound—Lard Compound, bulk in tubs	.27½
Corn—Canned, 2 doz. No. 2s	3.45
Flour—Sweet Marie, self-rising, 24's	12.80
" Sweet Marie, self-rising, 48's	12.60
" Columbia, plain, fancy pat. 24's	12.80
" Columbia, plain, fancy pat. 48's	12.60
" Pillbury's Best XXXX, 24's	14.50
" Pillsbury's Best XXXX, 48's	13.75
" "Osofine" Kansas, patent, 140-lb. sacks	13.00
" Pillsbury's whole wheat, 12-lb. sack	12.50
" Pillsbury's Pancake, 18 pkgs	2.40
Fruit Jars—Ball Masons, half gals., per gross	11.80
" Ball Masons, quarts, per gross	9.70
" Ball Masons, pints, per gross	9.25
" Boyd Mason fruit jar caps, per gross	8.00
" Air-tight red rings, per gross	.70
Grits—Purity, 24 packages	2.55
" Bulk, in 100-lb bags, medium	4.50
Hominy—Canned, 2 doz. No. 2½s	2.40
Kraut—Libby's, bulk, 16 gal. kegs	6.40
Macaroni—24 10c or 48 5c pkgs	1.90
" Bulk in 20-lb. boxes	.12
Meal—Waterground, bolted, 100-lb. bags	4.40
" Unbolted meal, 100-lb. bags	4.35
Milk—Evaporated, 4 doz. tall	6.60
" Evaporated, 8 doz. baby	6.25
" Condensed, Dime brand, 48 cans	6.75
" Condensed, Eagle Brand, 48 cans	10.00
" Dry Powdered, in bbls., bulk	.28
Molasses—New Orleans Black, in bbls.	.36
" Louisiana Black, in bbls.	.28
Mustard—French's, 2 doz. 8-ounce	2.70
" Bayle's, 2 doz. 8-ounce	1.80
Oatmeal—Purity, 18 packages	1.80
Okra—Dunbar's Cut Dwarf, 24 cans, No. 2s	3.20
Peaches—Evaporated, 25-lb. boxes	.16
" Canned, pie, 2 doz. No. 3s	3.25
" Canned, table, 2 doz. No. 2s	3.40
" Canned, peeled pies, 1 doz. No. 10	7.25
Pears—Canned, in water, 2 doz. No. 2½s	4.25
Peas—California Blackeye, 80-lb. bags	.07
Canned No. 2 New York States	5.45
Peanuts—Fancy Virginia hand-picked, 100-lb. sack	.12
Peanut Butter—Van Camp's 3-oz., 3 dozen to cs.	4.50
Kellogg's, No. 924, 2 doz. to case	3.65
Pepper—Black, ground, bulk in 15-lb. pails	.37
Pickles—Sours, 900s, barrels, 45 gal.	18.50
" Sours, 2 doz. 8-ounce jars	2.70
" Sweet, mixed, 2 doz. 8-oz. jars	3.60
Potted Meat—Libby's, 4 doz. ¼s	2.40
" Kingan's, 4 doz. ¼s	2.00
Potatoes—Canned, sweet, 2 doz. No. 2½s	4.25
Pumpkin—Canned, 1 doz. No. 10s	4.50
Postum—1 doz. 20-ounce, regular	2.25
" 2 doz. 10-ounce, regular	2.70
" Canned, 2 doz. No. 3s	2.75
" ½ doz. 20-oz., 1 doz. 10-oz., assorted	2.50
" 2 dozen 4-ounce instant	5.40
" 1 dozen 8-ounce instant	4.50
" Assorted ½ doz. 8-oz., 1 doz. 4-oz.	5.00
Rice—Fancy Blue Rose, 100-lb. pockets	11.00
Salmon—No. 1 tall chums, 4 doz. to case	8.00
" No. 1 tall pinks, 4 doz. to case	8.25
Sardines—¼ Oil Keyless, 100 cans	6.00
" ¼ Oil keys, 100 cans	6.50
" ¼ Mustard Keyless, 100 cans	6.00
" ¾ Mustard Keyless, 48 cans	6.00
" ¼ Oil Key Cartons, 100 cans	7.00
Salt—100-lb. bags, Chippewa dairy	1.11
" 50-lb. bags Chippewa dairy	.56
" Morton's Free Running, 48 pkgs	1.80
Salad Dressing—Durkee's, 2 dozen picnic size	2.90
" Durkee's, 2 dozen, small size	5.80
" Libby's 24 popular	4.50
Soap—Clean Easy, 60 bars	3.66
" Grandma's Washing Powder, 72 5c	2.90
Soups—Campbell's tomato, 48 cans	4.65
Spices—Alspice, bulk, 10-lb. boxes	.21
" Alspice, 2 dozen 5c pkgs	.95
" Cloves, 2 doz. 10c packages	1.90
" Ginger, ground, 2 doz. 10c. pkgs	1.90
" Nutmeg, whole or ground, 5c.	1.90
" Cinnamon—5c or 10c pkgs	1.80
Starch—Argo, 8 5-lb pkgs, 40-lb case	3.20
" Argo, 48 5c packages	300
" Powdered corn, 140-lb jutes	.06¼
" Kingsford's 40, 1-lb. packages	.09½
" Argo corn 48 1-lb. packages	.07¼
Sugar—Standard fine granulated, pure cane, barrels, 360-lb. ave.	9.50
" 4 25-lb. sacks, 100-lb. bales	9.70
" 100-lb. bags, bulks	9.50
" Cerelose, 100-lb. bags, corn sugar	7.46
Syrup—Glucose, barrels, bulk	.06¾
" Alaga, 6-10s	6.25
" Alaga 12-5s	6.50
" Alaga 48 No. 1½s	7.25
" Cane and corn, bulk in barrels	.76
" Corn and cane, bulk in barrels	.68
" Blackstrap molasses, bbls	.28
Tomatoes—Canned, No. 2 standard, 2 dozen	2.40
Vienna Sausage—Libby's, 3 doz. No. ½s	4.00
" Red Cross, 2 doz. No. ½s	2.00
Vinegar—Blue Ribbon, in barrels, bulk	.25
" White pickling, in bbls. bulk.	.25
" Blue Ribbon, 6 doz. quarts	1.35
" Jockey pure apple, quarts	2.25
" Pure apple cider vinegar, bbls.	.45
White Fish—100-lb. kegs, lake herring	8.00
" 60-lb. kegs lake herring	6.50
" 6-lb. kits lake herring	.90

All net f. o. b. Atlanta. Terms cash.

ATLANTA PROVISION MARKET.

(Corrected by the White Provision Co.)
U. S. Food Administration License No. G-21371.

Cornfield hams, 10-12	39
Cornfield hams, 12-14	39
Cornfield skinned hams, 16-18	39
Cornfield picnic hams, 6-8	28
Cornfield breakfast bacon	50
Cornfield sliced breakfast bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case	58
Grocers' bacon, wide or narrow	40
Cornfield pork sausage, fresh, link or bulk	24
Cornfield wieners in 10-lb. cartons	22
Cornfield wieners in 12-lb. kits in pickle	3.25
Cornfield bologna sausage in 25-lb. boxes	20
Cornfield smoked link sausage in 25-lb. boxes	20
Grandmother's Pure Leaf Lard, tierce basis	37
Country style pure lard, tierce basis.	36
Compound lard, tierce basis	26½
D. S. extra ribs	30
D. S. bellies, medium average	33
D. S. bellies, light average	33

Ga. Ry. & Elec., stamped	104	105
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., common	10½	13
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. 2d pfd.	12	16
Ga. Ry. & Power Co., common	9	12
Ga. R. R. & Banking Co.	230	235
Hillside Cotton Mills	220	225
Mandeville Mills	225	235
Southwestern Railroad	93	95
Trust Company of Georgia	276	280
Third National Bank	220	222
Lowry National Bank	228	229

Georgia Girl Will Make Trip to Japan To Wed Sweetheart

After waiting five years for the sweetheart of her schooldays, Miss Fannie Lee McCall leaves August 15 for Japan, where she will wed Norman E. Williamson, formerly of Rome, Ga. Miss McCall is a Baptist home mission worker in Savannah, and her trip halfway around the globe will terminate a romance of five years.

The announcement has just been made by Miss McCall's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Horne, of Savannah.

Miss McCall and Mr. Williamson first met at the Southern Baptist Theological seminary, Louisville, where they were students. After graduating duty sent Mr. Williamson to far-away Japan, while Miss McCall went to Savannah for work in the home mission of that city.

Loses Thumb.

G. L. Adams, 271 Oak street, was injured Monday afternoon when his hand was caught in a planing machine he was operating at Fort McPherson. His thumb was badly mashed and was later amputated.

DRAINAGE PLANS TO BE DISCUSSED

Comprehensive Program Arranged Seventh Annual Meeting of Georgia Drainage Association at Marietta.

A most comprehensive program has been arranged for the seventh annual meeting of the Georgia Drainage association which convenes Thursday, June 19, at Marietta, and the speakers are men prepared to speak authoritatively on their subjects. The drainage problem will be considered from practically every angle, in its relation to health, to the food supply and to the soils of Georgia, as well as the progress that has been made in its solution in the state.

The present officers of the association are A. R. Lawton, of Savannah, president; S. W. McCallie, state geologist, secretary and treasurer, L. R. Akin, of Brunswick; Dr. J. A. Pirkle, of Monroe; T. A. Pate, of Snellville; E. A. Copeland, of Greensboro, vice presidents.

Great Need of Drainage.

According to the last report prepared on agricultural drainage under the direction of the geological survey of the state, the total acreage in Georgia needing drainage is 7,919,469 acres.

The summary is divided as follows:

Periodically overflowed and permanent swamp land	3,151,172 acres
Periodically swamp land	627,969
Wet grazing land	3,591,666
Land needing underdrainage	196,332
Tidal marsh land	352,330

Only about one-twentieth of the total area of the drainage districts which have been formed in the state is now under cultivation, or 5,271 acres. The average drainage cost per acre in the Piedmont section was estimated in 1917 as $26.56 in the Piedmont section and $3.93 in the Coastal Plain.

Complete Program.

The following is the complete program for the meeting at Marietta on Thursday, which is expected to be one of the most important in the history of the association.

Morning Session—10 O'Clock.

Association called to order by President A. R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.

Invocation—Rev. J. H. Patten.

Address of Welcome—J. R. Brumby, Jr., mayor of Marietta, Ga.

Address of Welcome in Behalf of Cobb County—Judge N. A. Morris.

Response—Colonel A. R. Lawton, president Georgia Drainage association, Savannah, Ga.

Report of the secretary and appointment of committees, etc.

"Progress of Drainage in the United States"—S. H. McCrory, chief of drainage investigation, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

"The Importance of Drainage to South Georgia"—Hon. L. R. Akin, Brunswick, Georgia.

"The Relation of Drainage to Health"—Dr. L. G. Hardman, Commerce, Ga.

"Drainage from a Business Standpoint"—B. S. Walker, Monroe, Ga.

"The Relation of the Drainage Engineer to the Organization of Drainage Districts"—C. D. Alexandrew, Charlotte, N. C.

Afternoon Session—2 O'Clock.

"Drainage in Relation to Our Food Supply"—J. J. Brown, commissioner of agriculture.

"Drainage Work on Georgia's Sea Islands"—Lee L. Worsham, Sapelo Island, Georgia.

"Artesian Water Contamination by Underground Drainage of Ponds"—Ray C. Warner, Atlanta, Ga.

"Drainage in Its Relation to the Soils of Georgia"—Professor George A. Crabb, Athens, Ga.

"The Progress of the Drainage Work in Georgia"—J. V. Phillips, United States drainage engineer, Athens, Ga.

"Changes Needed in the Georgia Drainage Law"—Colonel H. H. Chandler, Lavonia, Ga., and Judge J. L. Sweat, Waycross, Ga.

Informal talks of official representatives from the various drainage districts in operation.

Election of officers for ensuing year.

Adjournment.

ON OUR NATION'S ROLL OF HONOR

A total of 340 more names of American heroes appear in the latest official casualty list. The deaths of four Georgians, including one Atlantan, are confirmed in the list, which contains 67 deaths, while 273 are listed as wounded and 3 as missing in action.

The Georgians mentioned in the latest lists are:

Died of disease, Corporal Lloyd C. O'Kelly, Lawrenceville; Private Willie King, Thomaston.

Died of accident and other causes, Sergeant William C. Gwin, Sugar Valley.

Killed in action, previously reported missing, Private John C. Reeves, Lawrenceville.

Died of wounds, previously report missing, Private Melvin Darden Tinsley, 227 East Fourth street, Atlanta.

Wounded in action, Corporal Clark H. Wesley, Jesup; Privates Lee Wallace Lewis, Bremen; John B. Johnson, Dalton.

Children Administer $20,000 Estate Left By Mrs. W. H. Wiggs

Temporary administrators were appointed Monday afternon by Ordinary James H. Jeffries for the estate of Mrs. Walton H. Wiggs, prominent philanthropist, who died recently.

Mrs. Wiggs died without leaving a will and the temporary administrators appointed were her children, H. L. Wiggs and Mrs. Myrta Wiggs Hutchinson. The administrators valued the estate at $20,000.

Mrs. Wiggs during her life contributed generously to various charitable and philanthropic causes. She gave the money for the erection of a building at Bessie Tift college, Forsyth, which building bears her name.

She was prominent in the state Parent-Teacher association and other civic organizations.

Mullet and Moonshine Feast at Lyons Ends In Killing of Three

Lyons, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—A wholesale slaughter took place here yesterday morning about 1 o'clock, at a mullet supper and moonshine party at the home of Albert Egerton, on the farm of R. L. Page, and three negroes are dead. All three negroes were shot several times in the head and all died instantly. One negro is in jail and the officers are looking for another who got away in an automobile. One negro by the name of Tillman, who killed one of the others, was himself killed. The negro who killed him got away.

Allen Returns.

Ivan E. Allen, chairman for Georgia of the League to Enforce peace, returned recently from New York where he attended a meeting called by Ex-President William H. Taft. The meeting was called primarily to formulate plans in combating the Knox resolution in the senate. This measure seeks to have the senate go on record as opposed to the plans for the league of nations, and the league to enforce peace will fight it bitterly when it is offered in the higher house of congress.

Governor Describes Growth in Resources Of McIntosh County

Governor Dorsey returned Sunday from a vacation spent on Black Beard Island, Sapelo Island and Atlantic Beach, and including an extensive trip through McIntosh county, of which he gave a most enthusiastic report at the capitol Monday.

"The recent development of McIntosh county is remarkable," the governor said. "Much of the growth in resources is due to the enterprising spirit of one man in that county, E. M. Thorpe, who, as head of a large promoting association, has attracted to his part of the state capital from North Carolina, Virginia and other states, as well as from various parts of Georgia.

"I saw there a carload of cattle being shipped out; a carload of sweet potates ready, and a tobacco warehouse going up. There were signs of prosperity and progress everyhere. Crops are being successfully diversified. Not only is there an abundance of tobacco raised there, but there are plenty of potatoes, and the county is one of the leaders in cotton.

Cattle Raising Increasing.

"Cattle raising is growing into a wonderful business, and it looks as if Mr. Thorpe and the other citizens are determined to utilize the last resource of the county. McIntosh has one of the longest water fronts of any of our counties, and there is an opportunity for developing the oyster industry there.

"But there should be enacted legislation that will encourage and protect this industry. Such a measure would draw capital to the business and would bring much revenue to Georgia every year."

The governor described glowinly Black Beard Island, where the state keeps a game preserve. He stated that he saw many deer, and almost every variety of animal and bird. Abundant fish swim in the waters about the island, but no one is allowed to catch these, any more than they can hunt the animals on the island itself.

At Sapelo Island Governor Dorsey paid a visit to the former state entomologist, Lee Worsham, who was able to show many acres of beautifully tilled land.

Diploma for Woman.

Governor Dorsey reached Atlanta in time to attend the commencement exercises of Georgia Tech Monday, and was one of the speakers at the luncheon at the Georgian Terrace which followed the program at the school. He called attention then to the fact that ex-Governor Nat E. Harris, who a year ago caused a reversal of the decision to admit women to the University of Georgia, Monday signed, as president of the Tech trustees, the diploma of the first woman to be graduated from the Georgia School of Technology.

He expressed his pleasure that a diploma had been granted to a woman, and that Governor Harris had been the one to sign it. The opposition of Governor Harris last year to opening the university to women was finally outvoted and the ruling made. Governor Dorsey was a strong advocate of the change from the first, and he remarked Monday that he was pleased that he had been present in Atlanta to see a diploma given a woman from the Technological school.

BRYAN WILL BEGIN BIG LECTURE TOUR IN GRIFFIN TODAY

William Jennings Bryan will begin his speaking engagement in Georgia today, according to an announcement made by Dr. Charles O. Jones, superintendent of the Georgia Anti-Saloon league. Arrangements have already been made for the tour, and among those cities selected to hear Mr. Bryan are Griffin, where he will lecture Tuesday afternoon in the High Schol auditorium of that city; during the evening he will be heard in Macon at the municipal auditorium; other cities chosen are Brunswick, Americus and Waycross. Two meetings are scheduled to be held in Columbus Friday.

Mr. Bryan is accompanied on the trip by Dr. Howard H. Russell, of Westerville, Ohio, founder of the Anti-Saloon league.

Judge Acts Today On Bond Reduction In McDonald Case

After hearing the application of counsel of James M. McDonald, whose second trial in the emergency division of the criminal division of the Fulton superior court resulted in a mistrial, for a reduction of bond pending the new trial, Judge John Humphries refused to act on the petition until after he had talked with Judge Render Terrell, of Greenville, who presided in the trial. Judge Humphries stated that as he had not heard the evidence he would have to consult with Judge Terrell before he could act, and that he would act on the application Tuesday morning.

McDonald was first convicted of voluntary manslaughter and sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. He asked for a new trial, which was refused, and appealed the case to the supreme court. This court granted him a new trial. The second trial, which was held last week, resulted in a mistrial. In making application for the reduction of the bond, Attorneys Ben Conyers and Robert Jones stated that the bond, which is a cash one, was borrowed from a bank in Mississippi and that the interest amounted to $70 per month, this amount being paid by the defendant. This they contended was unreasonable.

Solicitor General John Boykin held that the bond was not unreasonable on account of the fact that McDonald had been indicted originally by the grand jury on the charge of murder, that the verdict of voluntary manslaughter brought by the jury in the first trial had been set aside by the decision of the supreme court and that he would face the first charge of murder in his next trial. Mr. Boykin stated as a second reason why the bond should not be reduced that the defendant had killed another man.

McDonald is charged with having struck and killed Joe Jung, a Chinaman, in an argument over the moving of a stand at the Southeastern Fair grounds in the fall of 1917.

Feast to Celebrate Opening in Berrien Of Huge Warehouse

Nashville, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) Nashville is to have the biggest feast, general jubilee and jolly good time in its history on Friday, June 20. Preparations are being made to feed 10,000 people; the public-spirited folks of the city having already contributed the necessary funds to feast the crowd in apple-pie order. The big event is in celebration of the completion of the largest tobacco warehouse in the state of Georgia. This building covers one acre of ground and is situated along the Georgia and Florida railway. The Ocilla Southern railroad has already completed a track connecting with the big building in anticipation of the big freight business.

Representatives of the tobacco industry have already visited the principal factories of the central states and made arrangements with the leading buyers of the product to co-operate with the buyers and raisers here this fall, as well as invite the heads of the leading companies to be present at the celebration.

Some of the best and most noted speakers of this state will be present and deliver addresses on the occasion and everybody is cordially invited to be here.

BORDER PATROLS LED BY GEORGIA GENERAL

Since it has been announced that United States troops and Villa's forces are engaged in active fighting, it will be of interest to Atlantans and the friends of Brigadier General Erwin throughout Georgia



Brigadier General James B. Erwin, who is in command of American troops on the Mexican border.

to know that he is in command of the American forces on the border, who, according to the latst dispatches, are making such a splendid showing against the Mexican bandits.

General Erwin, for a short while before the Eighty-second division left Camp Gordon for overseas, was in command of that organizaion, and he will be remembered by the officers and enlisted personnel as a very capable and efficient commanding officer. After being transferred from Camp Gordon, General Erwin was ordered to France, and served with the Sixth division, American expeditionary forces. He made for himself, by his brilliant leadership, an honored name in military circles.

With General Erwin as aide is Lieutenant Charles H. Cox, of Atlanta, who served with the former Gordon commander in France, and is now with him on the border. Lieutenant Cox, prior to his entry into the service, was a prominent young lawyer in Atlanta.

General Erwin was born in Savannah, and is a graduate of West Point, and has seen much serive in the army. It is expected that, under his direction, the Mexican insurrectionists will soon be overpowered, and it would be no surprise to General Erwin's friends to learn that Villa himself had been taken.

Federal Managers Discuss Operations Of Dixie Railroads

A meeting was held in Atlanta Monday at which the federal managers of the various southern railroads gathered to discuss questions relative to maintenance and other matters touching the operation of the lines under their management. The meeting was held in the offices of the railroad administration, and in addition to Regional Director B. F. Winchell, the following managers were present: E. H. Coaplan, Southern railroad; C. M. Kittle, Illinois Central; W. A. Winburn, Central of Ga.; E. P. Lamb, Georgia railroad; W. J. Harahan, Seaboard; J. P. Bechwith, Florida East Coast; R. V. Taylor, Mobile and Ohio; Lyman Delano, Atlantic Coast Line; M. S. Hawkins, Norfolk Southern; W. B. Duke, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac; W. L. Mapother, L. and N. and N., C. and St. L.

Heavy Docket Faces Federal Grand Jury; Funds Are Provided

After disposing of routine matters at the preliminary session yesterday, the federal grand jury for the June term will get down to work in earnest today to take action on 200 complaints and warrants. It is expected that at least partial reports will be made today.

A telegram and an official credit from Attorney General Palmer Monday afternoon authorized the payment of $1,000 witness fees, thereby assuring the possibility of the June session. Some doubt of the summer session had been held by court officials after the failure of congress to pass the first general deficiency bill.

Presentments to the grand jury at the opening session included charges ranging from moonshining to the violation of constitutional rights. Will Loving, a Dahlonega farmer, was responsible for the latter charge, which is based on the horsewhipping given him by neighbors who accused him of informing revenue officers as to the whereabouts of their distilleries. Holding that it is his right, provided by the constitution, to give information leading to the arrest of lawbreakers, Loving's attorneys asked for a grand jury investigation of the occurrence.

Perhaps the most noteworthy case to go to the grand jury is the white slavery charge against Charles H. O'Neal, 50 Ellis street, pushed by Miss Dorothy Whitlock, 72 Neal street. Miss Whitlock's father charges that O'Neal took his daughter to Chattanooga in April. O'Neal did not appear in the courtroom.

R. W. Roberts Improving.

The condition of R. W. Roberts, prominent resident of Macon, Ga., who was seized with an attack of appendicitis while attending the national Shrine convention in Indianapolis last week, Monday was reported slightly improved at the Grady hospital. Roberts arrived in Atlanta early Sunday morning on the Shriners' special train and was taken to the hospital and placed immediately on the operating table.

Tries Suicide; Improving.

A. W. Wilson, 37 years old, who is said to have attempted suicide by taking a quantity of lysol at his home, 68 Lovejoy street, early Monday night was reported improving at the Grady hospital. It is claimed that Wilson had been in ill health for some time. Mrs. Wilson, it is said, made an unsuccessful attempt to stop her husband from swallowing the lysol.

ALUMNI FLOCKING TO CLASSIC CITY

Address by Murphey Candler and Game Between '14 and '09 to Feature Day—Key Men Elected.

Athens, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—The presence of a number of men dressed in red and black suits with the numerals '14 and a score or more of others attired in Mexican costumes has attracted the attention of the people of Athens today. They are the university classes of 1909 and 1914, whose reunions are under way at this commencement.

Tuesday is the big alumni day at the university and more than 500 seudents are expected in the city to participate in the memorial service and the gay festivities to follow.

Big Ball Game.

Tuesday afternoon on Herty field the class of '14, led by Captain Bob McWhorter, of all-southern fame, and the class of '09, led by Captain Morton Hodgson, also of all-southern fame, will battle for honors in the baseball realm. The line-up of the two teams has not been announced, but it seems to be a foregone conclusion that there'll be some interesting doing when the mighty clash comes.

At 10 o'clock Tuesday morning the Alumni society will hold its annual meeting with an address by the Hon. C. Murphey Candler, chairman of the state railroad commission. The meeting of the alumni will also be in the nature of a memorial service to the university men who have made the supreme sacrifice on the battlefields of France.

Phi Beta Kappa.

The following students were elected Monday to Phi Beta Kappa, the highest honorary fraternity in any university, the honor being based on scholarship: A. B. Bernstein, Savannah; L. L. Brown, Fort Valley; M. Cutler, Athens; W. M. Dallis, Thomaston; H. Heyman, Atlanta; W. D. Hooper, Athens; M. M. Levy, Savannah; G. H. McWhorter, Comer; J. C. McDonald, Douglas; W. P. Zachry, Atlanta.

The commencement opened Sunday morning with the baccalaureate sermon by Bishop W. N. Ainsworth, of Austin, Texas.

Taking his text from John 20:21, "As my Father hath sent me, even so send I you," Bishop Ainsworth delivered one of the most powerful sermons ever heard in this city, and for more than an hour held the audience which packed the college chapel spellbound.

"The aim or objective of a man's life should be to serve," was the theme of the discourse. His indictment against the average man was that his objectives are too small rather than bad. The dignity and value of a man's life may be determined by the objective he chooses, said he; and no matter what a man's capacities are, no matter with what supreme possibilities he may be endowed if his life is consecrated to unworthy objectives his existence will be unworthy. If life is to count it must be enlarged and enriched.

CHECKS ARE READY FOR GORDON OWNERS

Sums amounting to hundreds of thousands will be paid Wednesday to the owners of the land tracts on which Camp Gordon now stands. The land will be purchased in fee simple by the war department, two-thirds of the acreage will be bougnt on Wednesday, and paid for with government checks, while the remaining third will be taken over through condemnation proceedings which already have been instituted.

The government is making every effort to complete the purchase of military camps by July 1, and the property which is being held for higher prices or which cannot be bought at present because of defective titles will be acquired by condemnation proceedings.

Paul H. Norcross, of the Solomon-Norcross company, engineers, is handling the transaction for the government, as well as that of purchasing Camp Hancock and other southern camps. He has already released millions of dollars in the southern states.

GENERAL BURNHAM PAID HIGH HONOR BY GREAT BRITAIN

News has been received in Atlanta that Brigadier General William P. Burnham, who went "overseas" as commander of the 82d division, has been awarded the Order of Companion of the Bath by the British government. Word was received here by Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Mitchell.

General Burnham is now in Greece, where he was sent by the war department on a military mission. Captain Otey Mitchell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, who went to France with the general as his aide, has gone to Greece with him. It is not known when they will return to America. General Burnham was the third commander of Camp Gordon.

FITZGERALD HOST TO BAPTIST UNION

Fitzgerald, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Members of the Baptist Young People's union have completed preparations for the reception of the delegates from the unions which are to gather here for their annual convention Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Ample accommodations have been secured for the entertainment of the visitors and a splendid program has been completed. Mr. Schofield, of Arkansas, a noted gospel singer, has been secured to lead in the musical events, and State Secretary Frank H. Leavel will take a leading part in the program for the three days. Mrs. E. A. Russel, of this city, chairman of the entertainment committee, and her associates, will meet the delegates at the trains and convey them to their respective billets. The convention will be held in the First Baptist church.

Lowndes Mileage Filed.

Valdosta, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) Press dispatches sent out from Atlanta last week and re-published in the local papers, did the county commissioners of this county an injustice in the statement that Lowndes was one of thirty counties in the state which had failed to file with the state its public road mileage and was therefore in fair way to lose the county's proportion of the automobile road tax fund. As a matter of fact the information required was forwarded to the capitol on April 9.

Tent Meeting to Continue.

It was announced Monday that the tent meeting conducted at Jones Avenue Baptist church during the last three weeks will be continued another week. A baptismal service feature a mass meeting held in the tent Sunday afternoon, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Thomas E. McCutchen.

ABOLISH BIBB BOARDS, PLAN OF LEGISLATORS

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Two measures of importance to Macon and Bibb county will be introduced when the legislature convenes. One provides for the abolishment of the civil service commission, which controls the police and fire departments, and the other provides for the abolishment of the Bibb county road board.

The abolishment of the civil service commission has been approved by the mayor and council, but present indications are it will have hard traveling, as one of the Bibb representatives has announced he is opposed to the plan. The bill will be introduced by Robert W. Barnes, who says he considers the commission useless, though he favors retention of the civil service rules for the two departments. Representative Harry S. Strozier is opposed to abolishing the commission unless a better system can be found. Representative T. J. Cochran has not yet made up his mind on the subject. State Senator B. J. Fowler is opposed to the abolishment.

In abolishing the road board it is proposed to place all of the authority now held by that board in the hands of the county commissioners. Representative Barnes, who will introduce that bill, takes the position that the road board is unnecessary.

There has been some talk of a bill providing a commission form of government for Macon, but the idea has not taken hold very strongly and it is hardly believed it will be passed.

Memorial Meeting Postponed.

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—The meeting of the finance committee of the Georgia Memorial association, which had been called to be held in Macon tomorrow, has been postponed indefinitely. Lieutenant Colonel Cooper D. Winn, chairman of the committe, announces it is impossible for some of the members of the committee to be here at that time, and as it is not thought desirable to act without a full membership of the committee in attendance it was decided to await such time as all could get together.

Campaign for Orphanage.

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—A four-hour campaign for the raising of $12,000 for the Hephzibah Orphanage will be staged in Macon tomorrow, sixty business men having pledged themselves to give their time and efforts to the raising of the money. Included in the number are the members of the grand jury, which recently severely criticised conditions at the orphanage.

In the controversy, which has raged over the grand jury report, has developed the fact that the shortcomings of the orphanage are due entirely to a lack of money with which to provide better facilities and supervision and the people of Macon and Bibb county are being called on to relieve the situation.

Bryan Speaks Tonight.

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—William Jennings Bryan will speak in Macon tomorrow night at the new city auditorium in the interest of the prohibition campaign, which the Anti-Saloon league is conducting in opposition to the weakening or amending of the war-time and constitutional prohibition acts. Bryan will not confine his remarks entirely to prohibition, but will also discuss the league of nations. Howard H. Russell, founder of the Anti-Saloon league and its present associate general superintendent, and Rev. R. R. Cooper, both of Westerville, Ohio, will accompany Mr. Bryan. The party will come to Macon from Griffin where Bryan and Russell will speak tomorrow afternoon and from Macon they will go to Florida and will then make a swing through Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas and Tennessee.

Solons Invited to Tea.

Macon, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—Representatives of Bibb county in the legislature have been invited to the equal suffrage chapter in Macon, to attend an "informal tea," which will be given Thursday from 6 to 8 o'clock in the parlors of the Young Woman's Christian association, at which time they wil lbe asked to state their views on the suffrage question. Only one of the present representatives, Robert W. Barnes, has taken a stand against suffrage, while the other two, T. J. Cochran and Harry S. Strozier, say they are open to conviction.

The local suffrage organization is circulating petitions among the women of the city, but so far only about 200 signers have been reported. The local chapter of the Georgia Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage is one of the largest in the south, having a membership of close to 2,500 women. They are well organized and will resist any effort to have the local representatives vote in favor of the ratification of the Susan B. Anthony amendment.

Cotton Seed Men Open Convention In Savannah Today

Savannah, Ga., June 16.—(Special.) The first joint convention of the Cotton Seed Crushers' association will be held in the Savannah hotel on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 17 and 18.

Savannah is crowded with members of those associations from both states, and the attendance from each is the largest in the history of these organizations.

The first day's program provides for a joint session, at which service flags will be presented to the associations; an address of welcome will be delivered by the mayor of Savannah, to which response will be made by C. Fitzsimmons of Columbia, S. C.

Dr. John E. White, D. D., of Anderson, S. C., will deliver a patriotic address on "Victory," Honorable Christie Benet of Columbia, S. C., will make a report to the joint meeting for the linter committee.

At noon the two associations will adjourn to meet separately, at which time each association will hear the annual address of its president and the reports of its standing committees.

The afternoon will be spent by the members in a visit to Tybee, automobiling and golfing.

MOTHER ASKS POLICE TO HELP FIND SON

Believed to be temporarily unbalanced mentally, Marvin Holley, 28 years of age, has been missing from his Ormewood Park home since last Thursday, and has not been seen since.

His mother, Mrs. R. E. Holley, said Monday that when Holley left the house he told her he would be gone only a few minutes, and she now expresses great anxiety concerning his safety.

The city and county police have been notified, and Mrs. Holley requets that all persons able to shed light on her son's disappearance communicate with her immediately.

A., B. & A. Force Decreased.

Fitzgerald, Ga., June 16.—(Special.)—The mechanical force at the A. B. & A. shops has been decreased about ten per cent, following a custom inaugurated several years ago, to cut operating expenses to meet the budget for the end of the fiscal year. It is expected that the men will be put back on their jobs by July 1, when the new operating year will begin with the road.

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Caronia	July 5
Carmania	July 12
Royal George	July 26
Orduna	August 2
Caronia	August 9
Carmania	August 16
Royal George	August 30

NEW YORK to SOUTHAMPTON.

Aquitania	June 28
Mauretania	July 8
Aquitania	July 28
Mauretania	August 5
Aquitania	August 23

BOSTON TO GLASGOW

Massilia	July 12

NEW YORK TO PLYMOUTH, HAVRE AND LONDON

Saxonia	July 17

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For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., Healey Bldg., cor. Forsyth and Walton Sts., Atlanta, or to Canadian-Australian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

TOURS

Get our folder, "East & West," describes two great tours for the summer, and our new Travel Club plan for tours of Europe. Sixteenth successful year. Call or address
McFARLAND TOURS,
Ansley Hotel, Atlanta.

HOTELS AND RESORTS



Hotel Wolcott

"A Smart Hotel for Smart People"

A hotel with all the metropolitan luxury so attractive to the out of town visitor to New York, and all the homey atmosphere so desirable to every traveller.

Appealing especially to women visiting New York unescorted.

THIRTY FIRST STREET
BY FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

McClure House

A delightful summer resort in the midst of the Blue Ridge mountains, at reasonable rates.

ROBT. A. SWANSON, Prop.,
Hayesville, N. C.



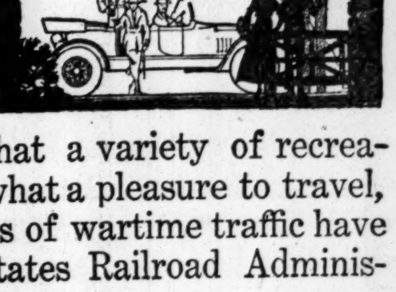
Lanark Inn

Lanark, Florida
on the
Gulf of Mexico

Bathing, Fishing, Boating, Dancing, Excellent Cuisine.
Mineral Waters of Exceptional Curative Powers.

Reached by the
GEORGIA, FLORIDA AND ALABAMA RAILROAD
Through Sleeping Car Service Between
Atlanta, Macon, Americus, Ga., and Tallahassee, Fla.
For Vacation Railroad Rates Write
C. J. ACOSTA, Assistant General Passenger Agent
GEORGIA, FLORIDA & ALABAMA R. R., Bainbridge, Ga.

Have a Real Vacation
Mountains or Seashore?



Motoring, golfing, tennis, dancing, fishing, sailing, swimming, surf bathing, mountain climbing, horseback riding---what a variety of recreations for vacation time! And what a pleasure to travel, now that all the inconveniences of wartime traffic have been removed! The United States Railroad Administration invites you to travel.



If you haven't selected the place to spend your vacation, let the staff of the United States Railroad Administration furnish illustrated booklets that describe leading Southern Summer resorts, hotel accommodations, etc., and also tell you about railroad fares and train service. For this information apply to your local ticket agent or the nearest Consolidated Ticket Office; or write to the Official Travel Information Bureau, 602 Healey Building, Atlanta.

Special Summer Resort Rates on Sale Daily From May 15 Limited to Oct. 31

Every official and employee of the United States Railroad Administration is a public servant. Call on them freely.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Travel Bureau, 143 Liberty Street, New York City
Travel Bureau, 646 Transportation Building, Chicago
Travel Bureau, 602 Healey Building, Atlanta

PEACOCK'S SUMMER SCHOOL

41 W. 14th STREET
Session begins June 30th, lasting 8 weeks.
All boys who failed in 7th grade and High School can make up this work and be promoted at regular school term, without loss of grade. Write for information or phone Hemlock 410, between 8:30 and 10 o'clock.

THE CLANCY KIDS

It's only a "teeny" thing, but—

By PERCY L. CROSBY

COPYRIGHT 1919, BY THE McCLURE NEWSPAPER SYNDICATE



Iceland had to close agreements with the allies giving them first right to purchas all products at a fixed price, and in return was able to obtain most of its necessities direct from America. During the war Icelandic ships have sailed regularly between Reykjavik and New York.

Switzerland has a river called A and there is a nisland in the Baltic called Zee.

MOTION PICTURES

The Tudor TEMPLE OF MOTION PICTURES

TODAY

MONROE SALISBURY

Mansfield of Screen in

"Blinding Trail"

(Universal Special)

Jake's Jazz Band

Lyons-Moran Star Comedy

STRAND

11 to 11 O'Clock

∴ TODAY ∴

The Man Who Created "Jimmy Valentine"

H. B. WARNER

in superb eastern drama

"THE MAN WHO TURNED WHITE"

GAUMONT WEEKLY

CHRISTIE COMEDY

319 NEW BUILDINGS ERECTED DURING MAY

Statistics issued by the American Contractor show that during the month of May, 1919, 319 new buildings were erected in Atlanta, estimated to represent $1,171,578, as compared with 234 of the preceding year, the total values of which were $438,423.

Reports from all parts of the country indicate that real estate business is thriving as never before, and values are steadily increasing. The prices of Atlanta property are advancing rapidly, according to local real estate dealers, and the demand for dwellings, offices and storehouses is becoming a serious problem.

The following building permits were issued Monday:

$11,500—C. G. Aycock and L. J. Magill, two-story brick-veneer dwelling at 170 Penn avenue, J. S. Cochran and D. S. Robinson, contractors.

$3,300—W. D. Beatie, dwelling at 68 Fairbanks street.

Fulton County Transfers.

Warranty Deeds.

$1,000 and Other Valuable Considerations—Eugene D. Willingham and Edward M. Willingham to Joseph A. Willingham, lot southwest corner Michigan avenue and Mayson avenue and Turner's Ferry road, 50x141. June 10, 1919.

$1,420—T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc., to Calvert Mortgage company, lot south side Meldon avenue, 100 feet west of Murray, 50x136. June 12, 1919.

$500—Estate W. J. Harper to W. C. Poteete, lot northeast corner Parsons and Peeples street, 50x100. June 13, 1919.

$3,391—W. F. Isom to Mrs. Emmett H. Martin, lot north side county line, 100 feet west of Lee street, 100x163. June 4, 1919.

$575—Albert H. Bailey to Mrs. Lula A. Adams, lot north side Highland avenue, 105 feet west of Jackson, 45x78. May 21, 1919.

$19,000—Mrs. Eula F. McKenzie to Mitsell Realty company, lot southeast side Whitehall street, 23 feet east of Murphy avenue, 60x125. June 9, 1919.

$5,000—S. A. Wardlaw to Judge T. E. Patterson, lot north side 30-foot street, 320 feet east of Marietta street, 52x183. August 2, 1918.

$5,000—T. A. Patterson to the F. E. Gollan company, same property. August 24, 1918.

$12,500—The F. E. Gollan company to William F. Morris, same property. June 11, 1919.

$5,200—Mrs. Theo C. Owens to the F. E. Gollan company, lot north side Harwell place, 280 feet east of Marietta street, 63x143. June 2, 1919.

$15,000—Byron Plantation company to Estate D. Greenfield, lot east side West Peachtree street, 287 feet north of Alexander, 87 x192. June 3, 1919.

$6,500—Virginia McDaniel Glover to Flora McDaniel Pitts, No. 1110 Piedmont avenue, C0x154. May 28, 1919.

$2,250—E. L. Jett to Richard B. Hackman, lot south side Glenwood avenue, 50 feet east of Oakland avenue, 50x140. June 14, 1919.

$1—B. J. Cannon to Mrs. Missouri Cannon, lot north side Harvill street, 80 feet west of Hollie, 40x147. June 14, 1918.

$5,000—William M. Morris, to the F. E. Gollan Co., lot north side Harwell street, 320 feet east of Marietta, 52x183. June 14, 1919.

$2,250—Mrs. Mary B. Stafford to Samuel C. Little, lot east side North Jackson, between Forrest and Wabash avenues, 50x200. June 14, 1919.

$10—W. V. Ogletree to B. F. Corley, lot north side Kirkwood avenue, 40 feet east of Weatherby, 40x121. September 8, 1911.

$10 and to Secure—Hyman S. Jacobs to H. Y. McCord, lot west side Piedmont avenue, 298 feet north of twelfth street, 10x148. June 12, 1919.

Bonds for Title.

$1,100—O. C. Bradford, Jr., to Mrs. J. J. Barnes, Jr., No. 711 Highland avenue, 50x175 feet. May 20, 1919.

$2,800—John W. Clark to John Foster, lot on north side of West Mitchell street, 235 feet east of Ashby street, 40x97 feet. January 2, 1919.

$5,000—Miss Grace Conklin to E. T. Barksdale, lot on north side of West Hunter street, 321 feet west of Ashby street, 46x125 feet. May 14, 1918.

$3,000—John T. Thompson to J. M. Bentley, Jr., No. 58 Plum street, 40x110 feet. June 2, 1919.

Quitclaim Deeds.

$10—Cosmopolitan Life Insurance company to B. F. Conley, lot on north side of Kirkwood avenue, 40 feet east of Weatherby street, 40x121 feet. June 12, 1919.

$30—Sam Dunlap, agent, to G. Finn, No. 46 Terry street, 42x98 feet. May 28, 1919.

Loan Deeds.

$700—B. F. Corley to Miss Helen Leavens, lot on north side of Kirkwood avenue, 40 feet east of Weatherby street, 40x 121 feet, 5 years, 7 per cent. June 13, 1919.

$2,000—W. A. White to Mrs. Emma Bensel, lot on south side of South Gordon street, 150 feet east of Ontario street, 50x 175 feet, 5 years, 7 per cent. May 18, 1919.

$1,000—Mrs. Anna Robinson to Miss Kate Massey, No. 147 Simpson street, 26x100 feet, 5 years, 8 per cent. June 10, 1919.

$1,115—Thomas Farmer to T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc., No. 290 Meldon avenue, 50x 100 feet, 83 monthly notes. June 12, 1919.

$1,420—Same to same, No. 290 Meldon avenue, 50x100 feet, 84 monthly notes. June 12, 1919.

$1,250—Joseph A. Willingham to Mrs. Ed Davis, lot on southwest corner of Michigan avenue and Mayson and Turner's Ferry road, 50x150 feet, 5 years, 7 per cent. June 12, 1919.

$2,750—S. R. DeJarnette to Mrs. Carrie Mayer, lot on north side of St. Charles avenue, 50 feet east of Frederica street, 50x150 feet, 5 years, 7 per cent. May 26, 1919.

AMERICAN AUTOS ARE BURNED BY ORDER

By E. J. Dillon.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright. 1919)

Paris, June 16.—(Special Cable Dispatch.)—Tomorrow the miners' strike begins because the concession which the chamber of deputies was willing to accord them was withdrawn at the last moment in deference to the ministers' desire. Strenuous efforts will be made to placate the strikers whose protracted inactivity would paralyze national production. Meanwhile ten departments are deprived of electric light. Owing to the Toulouse strike, spinning factories are idle, theaters closed and most newspapers are suspended. The strikers are supplying only enough power for the waterworks.

Widespread indignation has been caused by the deliberate destruction of American automobiles which has been taking place because the French government refuses either to purchase or permit private citizens to purchase them, and Americans cannot remove them to the United States. The automobiles alone number one hundred thousand. Many French firms needing them for their industries vainly offer to pay the French government customs dues, because no French-made machines will be available for a long while. Colored men carried out orders to saturate a number of these machines with petrol and burn them in Romorantin camp.

NEGROES CONTRIBUTING TO FURNITURE FUND

The interest that is being shown by the special workers for a strong Y. M. C. A. for colored boys in the city of Atlanta continues to grow as the semi-weekly meetings are held at the Soldiers' Rest Room. On last evening a special contribution was received from the bell boys of the Piedmont hotel of $18. The largest cash contribution was made by Dollie Gardner of $45. She expressed herself as being very anxious to see the boys of her race get a right start in their development. William Driskell, campaign chairman, says that the total amount for the furniture fund must be in hand before the close of the month. Several larger contributions will be reported Friday evening.

GROWING IMPATIENCE AS RESULT OF WAR

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service, Copyright. 1919)

London, June 16.—(Special Dispatch.)—According to Professor Gilbert Murray, some of the effects of the war upon Europeans are impatience, unwillingness to grasp what is difficult and a wish to knock somebody down when in trouble. He added: "Also tobacco and bad language are gaining on us."

An inventor has patented wrist rests to be attached to typewriters to lessen the fatigue of typists.

The Tudor TEMPLE OF MOTION PICTURES



EXTRA

All the Week!

Champion

JESS WILLARD

IN

"The Heart Punch"

See the champion in action—it's a corking good picture, too.

CRITERION

DAILY—10:45, 12:30, 2:15, 4:00, 5:45, 7:30, 9:15.

TODAY

This Week

The Incomparable

NAZIMOVA

—IN—

"The Red Lantern"

See the greatest artist in a production without parallel in the brilliant history of Motion Pictures.

NEXT WEEK Return Engagement Mary Pickford IN 'Daddy Long Legs'

Theatrical Amusements

Auction of Souls

Showing with positive fidelity and lifelike vividness the unspeakable experiences and final escape of Aurora Mardiganian from ravished Armenia, with

Aurora Mardiganian

AS THE STAR

SEE IT NEXT WEEK

Atlanta Theater

Seats on Sale Thursday, June 19.

TELEPHONE MAIN 4000

$7,500,000 IN TEXAS FOR COTTON CONCERN

Dallas, Texas, June 16.—A committee of twelve to raise $7,500,000 for the Texas division of the proposed International Export Cotton Finance corporation was appointed here today at a conference of Texas bankers and business men. The committee will meet at Fort Worth Friday to complete plans of organization.

Former Senator Leroy Percy, of Mississippi, who explained the plans for the proposed corporation, was the principal speaker. He said other states were waiting to see what Texas, "the greatest cotton-producing community in the world, is going to do in defense of itself."

The minimum operating capital of the corporation had been placed at $25,000,000. Mr. Percy said, of which Texas' allotment was seven and one-half million dollars.

J. A Kemp, of Wichita Falls, chairman of the organization committee, expressed the belief his committee could raise the amount within 30 days.



Biliousness

Permanently relieved without sickening. One Pill at night will do the work

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS

Notice to Contractors.

Nurses Home, Georgia State Sanitarium, Milledgeville, Ga.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Trustees of the Georgia State Sanitarium, Milledgeville, Ga., until 10 o'clock July 1, 1919, for the construction of a Nurses' Home on the grounds of the said institution.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of T. H. DeSaussure, Georgia State Sanitarium, Milledgeville, Ga., or upon application to Mr. A. Ten Eyck Brown, Forsyth Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of 2 per cent of the amount of such bid, made payable to the Board of Trustees of the Georgia State Sanitarium; said check to be forfeited as and for liquidated damages in case the bidder fails to enter into contract, should the work be awarded to him, and should he not make bond in the sum of 50 per cent of the contract price, with an approved surety company, as surety for the faithful performance of the contract.

The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

All proposals shall be sealed and marked "PROPOSAL FOR NURSES' HOME" and addressed to

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES,
Georgia State Sanitarium, Milledgeville, Ga.

GROW NATURAL HAIR



Long Soft Straight and Silky

By using

BERMARINE

QUININE POMADE

Try a box of BERMARINE and see the results after using several times. Price 25c by mail, stamps or coin. Write for particulars. AGENTS WANTED.

BERMARINE MEDICINE CO., ATLANTA, GA.

STRAIGHT HAIR



You can have long straight hair by using

EXELENTO

QUININE POMADE

which is a Hair Grower and stops falling hair, removes dandruff and makes the hair grow long, soft and silky. Try a box and if not satisfied your money will be returned.

Price 25c by mail on receipt of stamps or coin.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Write for particulars.

EXELENTO MEDICINE CO., ATLANTA, GA.

COST OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time . . . . . 10c a line
Three times . . . . 9c a line
Seven times . . . . 8c a line
Thirty times or more . . 7c a line
} Each Issue

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order:

For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Situation Wanted—Female.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.
Situation Wanted—Male.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

Count six ordinary words to each line.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

BLOODSHED MARKS RIOTING IN VIENNA

Copenhagen, June 16.—In rioting in connection with a communist demonstration in Vienna Sunday, eight persons were killed and 66 injured. The trouble began when six thousand demonstrants attempted to obtain the release from prison of communist leaders arrested Saturday.

The police fired into the air and then into the crowd. The demonstrants succeeded in releasing the communist leaders. Five policemen were wounded.

The city is reported quiet with the police being supported in maintaining order by troops.

PERSONAL

PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
PRICE & THOMAS—FLY SCREENS.
62 N. PRYOR—PHONE IVY 4203.

IF MRS. P. B. CARROLL,
75 Forrest Avenue,
Will bring this ad to our Store she will receive her 12-lb. sack of

WHITE LILY FLOUR

STEWART D. JONES,

STENOGRAPHER AND NOTARY, NIGHTS, HOLIDAYS, SUNDAYS. HOTEL ARAGON. NO BETTER WORK.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Homes provided for infants. Mrs. Mitchell, 22 Windsor street.

LOST AND FOUND

$50—REWARD—$50

1917 FRANKLIN touring car; motor No. 54716; Georgia license No. 19808; stolen from front Capital City club night of June 10. $25 for car, $25 for arrest and conviction of thieves. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau, 1313 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

$50—REWARD—$50

OLDSMOBILE touring car, model 37; motor No. 15281; factory No. 102507; Alabama license No. 04313; stolen from Birmingham, Ala., night of June 10. $25 for car, $25 for arrest and conviction of thieves. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau, 1313 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

$50—REWARD—$50

OVERLAND touring car; factory No. 14162; license No. 18005; stolen from Auburn avenue, between Pryor and Ivy streets, Atlanta, June 13. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau, 1317 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta.

$50—REWARD—$50

BUICK touring car frame No. 451227; stolen from 1620 15th avenue, Birmingham, Ala., June 11. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau, 1317 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Georgia.

LOST—Silver ring, double pearl setting, at soda fountain, near boathouse, Piedmont park, Sunday afternoon. Valuable to party, as was gift from mother. Will lady who found this ring return it to 325 Postoffice Building, or phone Ivy 4000, Bloodworth? Reward.

LOST—On 8:30 o'clock Inman Park car, one package of laundry. Finder will please call Ivy 3926-J. Reward.

LOST—Large cameo brooch on West Peachtree or at Forsyth Saturday. Finder please return and receive reward. Main 987.

LOST—Sunday afternoon on Whitehall car coming from Piedmont park lake, one blue silk one-piece suit with extra shirt; also boy's bathing suit, purple with yellow stripe. Reward. Ivy 2530.

CHEVROLET automobile for sale, 1917 model, in first-class mechanical condition; a bargain. Ivy 5852.

HELP WANTED—Male

RAILWAY mail clerks wanted. $1,100 first year. List positions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 57-R, Rochester, N. Y.

MEN wanted for detective work. Write J. Ganor, former government detective, Danville, Ill.

LEARN RETREADING AND VULCANIZING FREE.

WANTED—Operators in every Georgia town to represent us. We have the WORLD'S BEST VULCANIZING EQUIPMENT. Don't fail to see us before buying.
NEW PROCESS TIRE CO.,
249 Peachtree St., Atlanta.

THREE men to travel. Experience not necessary. Must be able to give small bond. Opportunity for teachers during vacation, but position permanent. Straight salary and expenses. See J. H. Wear, Room 425 Kimball House, 9 to 12 today.

TWO neat-appearing young men to call on the best people in Atlanta, $30 per week to those who qualify. Call from 8 to 8:30 and from 3 to 4. Mr. Hall, 407 Austell Bldg.

WANTED—Genteel office boy. Write in own handwriting. Permanent position. P. O. Box 1006.

GOOD butler. Apply at 1180 Piedmont avenue. Phone Hemlock 697.

WANTED—Combination engineer and machinist who can leave city. Must produce results. Give references and salary expected. Address U-617, care Constitution.

THREE COLORED CHEF COOKS AND TWO SECONDS FOR SUMMER RESORTS. 1018 ATL. NATL. BANK BLDG.

EXPERIENCED HOTEL CHECKER. N. C. SYSTEM. 1018 ATL. NATL. BANK BUILDING.

WANTED—A BUTLER. CALL HEMLOCK 2226.

WANTED—A competent yard man. Apply 548 Ponce de Leon avenue, or phone Hemlock 1087.

STENOGRAPHER with three or four years' experience. Must be first-class. Good salary. Carter Electric Co., 63 Peachtree street. Ivy 5066.

THE INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS WILL TRAIN YOU FOR THE POSITION YOU WANT. APPLY 27 ARCADE. MAIN 650.

HELPER wanted. Apply Atlanta Tripure Water Co., 370 Edgewood avenue.

DISCHARGED colored soldiers and civilians given employment without charge. See Y. M. C. A. secretary, E. K. Nichols, Odd Fellows bldg., corner Auburn avenue and Bell street. Ivy 1688.

500 SATURDAY POST or Ladies' Journal saleboys, and bright schoolboys, to make big money in business section. Apply at once, 8 to 9 or 4 to 5 o'clock, 233 Trust Company of Georgia Bldg.

WANTED—Licensed druggist. Give references, state salary. Knight Drug Co., Savannah, Ga.

WANTED—Experienced men's clothes presser (colored). Apply Eiseman's, 1 Whitehall street.

BRIGHT boy, 16 to 18, to assist in mop factory. Apply Atlanta Variety Works, 92 Humphries street.

WANTED—Experienced dishwashers. Good wages. Also pantry woman. Aragon Cafe, Aragon Hotel.

FOUR neat-appearing white boys, 14 to 15 years, to wait on table, 8 p. m. to 12 p. m. Aragon Cafe, Aragon Hotel.

HELP WANTED—Male

—WANTED—
SEVERAL MEN TO CARRY NEWSPAPER ROUTE. HUSTLERS CAN MAKE $10.00 TO $25.00 PER WEEK. APPLY TO MR. MOYE, CITY CIRCULATION DEPT. CONSTITUTION.

DRAFTSMEN WANTED — IMMEDIATELY ONE STRUCTURAL AND TWO MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN. EXPERIENCED MEN ONLY. APPLY KIRKWOOD PLANT, PRATT ENGINEERING AND MACHINE CO.

ATTENTION — SOLDIERS AND SAILORS, WANTED, to EX-SERVICE MEN, $10 TO $15 PER DAY FOR GOOD, LIVE MEN. SEE LIEUT. BROWARD, 502 CENTRAL BLDG.

WANTED — TEN EXPERIENCED ADVERTISING MEN. NONE OTHERS NEED APPLY. FOURTH FLOOR, ROOM 4, CONSTITUTION BUILDING.

WANTED—Negro chauffeur and butler combined. Call Decatur 263 at 8 p. m.

WANTED—Young man for shipping department; good opportunity for advancement. Apply The Michelin Tire Co., 81 Marietta street.

YES—If you have two hands Professor G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade for $35. Good wages. Chain of shops. Position guaranteed. 14 E. Mitchell street.

COLORED laborers wanted. $3.50 day. See Y. M. C. A. secretary, E. K. Nichols, Room 307 Odd Fellows Building, Auburn avenue and Bell street. Open all day and Monday and Tuesday evenings from 7 to 9. I. 1688.

THREE experienced solicitors; salary or commission. Call Tuesday, 5½ East Hunter.

WANTED—Automobile mechanics; 65 to 75 cents per hour; 9½-hour day. We only employ first-class finished mechanics. If you cannot qualify as such, do not waste our time and yours by applying. Georgia Auto & Supply Co., 222 Drayton street, Savannah, Ga.

FOREMAN for ready-cut house factory. Want a young man familiar with building construction, quick and accurate in reading plans and details, to take charge of men and machines. Good job for right man. Dixie House Company, Charleston, S. C.

EXPERT locksmith to form joint partnership in an old established business in Montgomery, Ala. Former owner permanently disabled, leaving nice stock of goods and a paying business. Knowledge of the business all that is required. R. E. Seibels, Guardian, care Fourth National Bank, Montgomery, Ala.

WANTED—At once, 2 first-class coat makers and one bushelman; coats, $12; bushelman, $25 per week. A. J. Lingborg, Athens, Ga.

MEN learn barbering; more pay, light work; wages earned. Call or write Moler Barber College, 61 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Monumental cutters, regular work and good wages. Candoro Marble Company, Knoxville, Tenn.

WANTED—SPRING BED HOOKERS AND MAKERS; HIGHEST WAGES AND PIECE SCALE PAID. APPLY AT ONCE TO MR. FARMER, GHOLSTIN SPRING & MATTRESS CO., MADISON AVENUE AND NELSON STREET.

YOUNG man wanted as news agent on train. Union News Co., 36 Madison avenue.

THE ANDERSON VULCANIZER

WANTED—Good men. We start you in business. Buyers taught free; others $25. Shop and school
38 JAMES ST., CITY.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED AT ONCE — A DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, BY BIG COMPANY. DESIRABLE SITUATION, GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY. IF NOT VERY COMPETENT YOU NEED NOT ANSWER THIS. GIVE EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS U-624, CONSTITUTION.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER. MUST BE CAPABLE. SALARY TO START $100. APPLY 78 AUBURN AVENUE. PHONE IVY 7026.

WANTED—Saleswomen in all departments. Good positions open for those who are competent. Apply today to Mr. Wasser, Superintendent, M. Rich & Bros. Co.

WANTED—Position as governess by young lady teacher, 21 years of age, perfect health, college training and four years' teaching experience. References furnished on request. Address P. O. Box 96, Wedowee, Alabama.

WANTED—Girl with some office experience for light bookkeeping. Apply Art Sign Co., 24½ W. Alabama street.

WANTED—Lady of general office experience who can use typewriter and adding machine. Apply in own handwriting. Address U-623, care Constitution.

WANTED—Two sewing machine operators to work on corsets; steady position and pleasant work. Tailor-Made Corset Shop, 94 North Forsyth street.

POSITION as general helper or cashier in drug store. Live with parents. M. 3244X2.

WANTED—Girl who understands sewing to learn to trim gents' hats. Apply Vogue Hat Co., 88 N. Broad.

WANTED—A dressmaker. Call Main 3265-W.

WANTED—Good cook, small family; no children. 1124 Piedmont avenue. Phone Hemlock 1169.

WANTED—Several experienced dressmaking finishers at once. Apply Conrad, Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

COLORED—25 maids, nurses, cooks, waitresses, dishwashers, 12 hotel maids, office girls, $6 to $9 week. 160½ Auburn avenue.

COMPETENT milliner; city experience. Year around position. Good pay. P. O. Box 169.

HELP WANTED—Female

YOUNG WOMEN
HERE IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY

$9 PER WEEK while learning.

$11 PER WEEK after completing the training course.

SALARIES are advanced with regularity and the work is permanent and interesting.

A FEW YOUNG WOMEN between 18 and 25 years of age are required in our next class in telephone operating.

BELL TELEPHONE OPERATORS work in attractive surroundings, with congenial people, and the opportunities for advancement are splendid.

VACATIONS are given with full pay and provision is made for the care of all employees during illness.

SEE MISS PRINCE at the Ivy office, 25 Auburn avenue, today and arrange to join the next class.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

YOUNG WOMEN
Learn
AUTOMATIC TELEGRAPHY

We will train a limited number of young women, preferably high school graduates, for positions as automatic telegraph operators.

$45 a month paid while learning; salary increased immediately upon graduation; regular advancement thereafter. Excellent opportunities for promotion to supervisory positions.

Vacations with pay. Sickness and death benefits without cost to the employee.

Apply in person.

Room 918, Transportation Bldg.
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SUITS AND MILLINERY SALESLADIES. APPLY 93 WHITEHALL STREET.

Help Wanted--Male, Female

TWELVE woman cooks, room 7 porters, 3 janitors, 3 hotel maids, 4 nurses, $8 to $15. Apply 51½ S. Broad.

WANTED—A first-class, rapid, accurate stenographer. Man or lady. Excellent position. Inquiries treated confidential. Address P. O. Box 1708, Atlanta, Ga.

Salesmen and Solicitors

WANTED — HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN TO CALL ON RETAIL GROCERIES CITY OF ATLANTA. PREFER ONE FAMILIAR WITH THIS TRADE. REFERENCES MUST BEAR STRICT INVESTIGATION. APPLY IN PERSON TO DISTRICT SALES MANAGER, E. M. TAYLOR, 615 WEST PEACHTREE ST.

WANTED — TO TRAVEL WITH MAN OWNING CAR, ANY TERRITORY IN GEORGIA. ANSWER TODAY. ADDRESS U-621, CONSTITUTION.

WANTED—Salesman for high-class line auto coats, raincoats and leatherette coats for men, women and children, either as side line or direct line on commission basis. Good inducements. Reply, stating experience and references. Rosenthal & Katz, Inc., Mfgrs., 812 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—4 insurance salesmen for Atlanta. One a manager if qualified. Also have splendid openings in every county in Georgia. T. E. Phillips, 506 Central Bldg., State Agents.

SALESMAN wanted. A reliable man who understands handling real estate transactions. Liberal commission. A. S. Harris, 1017 Healey Bldg.

WANTED—Two salesmen to represent Leslie's Weekly. History of U. S. at War given as a premium. 609 Rhodes Bldg.

SALESMEN—Great opportunity for you in field of finance. Dignified, but different. Leads furnished. Permanent connection for men of capacity. 36 Peachtree Arcade. Ask for Mr. Urquhart.

TEACHERS

TEACHERS for Georgia schools, grades, high schools; also principals and superintendents. Heavy demand, growing daily. Splendid salaries. Guaranteed service. Sheridan Teachers' Agency, Greenwood, S. C.

WE SUPPLY without charge to teachers a sample list of the vacancies referred to us by school boards. Address Dept. C, Interstate Teachers' Bureau, Atlanta, Ga. Inter-

WANTED—12 high school teachers, 306 Walton Bldg. Ivy 1644.

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY, Healey Bldg. Atlanta, constantly placing teachers.

Situation Wanted—Male

WANTED — POSITION AS TRAVELING SALESMAN. WILL GO TO WORK AT ONCE. CAN GIVE GOOD REFERENCE. ADDRESS C. M. SADLER, PRINCETON HOTEL.

POSITION as assistant bookkeeper where there is good chance for promotion. Am at present employed, but have good reasons for changing. Address U-611, care Const.

GEORGIA Tech student; energetic, capable, willing, desires work during the summer. Ivy 5119-W. Address U-619, care Const.

WANTED—A position in produce business by young man of 10 years' experience. Best of references given. Address U-599, Const.

MAN—Age 30, with experience, clothing and dry goods, wishes position on road or house salesman. J. P. L., care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED young man stenographer; now employed, would consider change to position with chance for advancement where ability and industry are appreciated. Can handle correspondence and well acquainted with office work. No objections to night work when necessary, but do not care for it as regular thing. Address, giving all particulars, U-622, care Constitution.

A CONSCIENTIOUS worker, age 33, desires connection with reliable firm for city or road work. Address F. B. L., 457 Lee street, city.

DRUGGIST wants position. Have had several years' experience. Can give first-class references. Address U-588, care Constitution.

AGENTS

LOCAL and county agents in exclusive territory to sell Niagara Oil Burners. The most economical device for heating and cooking; burns kerosene or fuel oil. Patented Nov. 19, 1918. Can be installed in any store or range. Niagara Oil Burner Sales Co., 32 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga.

BUSINESS CHANCES

CAFE FOR SALE, doing good business, at a bargain. Main 1157. 20 E. Mitchell street.

100 BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES—Write, phone or call for printed list. Lightfoot's, 2 and 4 N. Pryor St. Ivy 7044. Kimball hotel corner (ground floor).

FOR lease, brick mill, 150-h.p. and warehouse. H. N. Alexander, Raymond, Ga.

MUSIC AND DANCING

LANE'S DANCING Monday, Wed. and Saturday nights. Private lessons daily. Ivy 5786.

DANCING taught by experienced lady, private or in class. Hemlock 1633.

LUDDEN & BATES piano at bargain for cash; account owner leaving for west. Splendid instrument. A-1 condition. For particulars address U-587, care Constitution.

LIVE STOCK

FOR SALE—Two hundred fat steers, average weight about six hundred pounds. Georgia Land and Live Stock Co., Townsend, Georgia.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

DOGS.

FOR SALE—One fox terrier; about 7 months old. Very cheap. Ivy 8981.

FURNITURE—For Sale

FOR SALE—Mahogany living room furniture. Hemlock 1802-J.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

Splendid Bargains
Government
Salvage
NO SCRAP OR RAG TENTS OFFERED

A few leading numbers as passed and inspected by the government and our factory. Clean and sanitary:

Tents, heavy 12-ounce Government Tan.

9½x9½ Grade A	$22.50
9½x9½ Grade B	19.00
14x14 Grade A	33.00
14x14 Grade B	26.50
16x16 Grade A	36.00
16x16 Grade B	28.00
CANVAS FOLDING COTS	
2½x6.5 Grade A	$4.25
2½x6.5 Grade B	3.50
METAL COTS	
2½x6.5, New	$5.25
3x6.5, New	5.75
14-pound pads for above.	
2½x6.2, New	$5.50
3x6.2, New	6.00
BUNGALOW BEDS,	
3x6.5, New	$7.50
MATTRESSES	
3x6.2, 30-lb., New	$6.00
LONG RUBBER COATS	
Tan, List $12.00, Net $5.50	

Out-of-Town Merchants and Customers order and say ship on approval

See These Great Values
Cotton States Tent Company
116-122 Marietta. ATLANTA

HIGH GRADE PIANO

FOR some price, regardless of cost or value. Must be sold. Call 88 North Pryor street, City.

SAFES Herring-Hall-Marvin fire proof safes and vault doors. BAYLIS OFFICE EQUIPMENT CO.

DAYTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS. WILL put running water in your home for every purpose. Water for your barn, garage, stock, cattle, yard and garden. Water under pressure in case of fire. Operated by city current, farm lighting plant or gasoline engine. Let us tell you all about it. DAYTON PUMP & MFG. CO., 31 Peachtree Arcade.

PART of dining and living room furniture; gas, water heater and fireplace at a sacrifice. Leaving city. Main 4246.

HOBART electric coffee mill for sale. W. P. Humphreys, Stone Mountain, Ga.

Mainspring Put in your watch, 50c. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

FOR SALE — National cash register. 1017 Empire Bldg. Ivy 1644.

BIG BARGAINS—Government tents, fishing tents, cots. $2.50. 108 Peters street.

FOR SALE—Home; cheap. To be torn down. Three 3-room houses. Address "Houses," this paper, or call Phone Main 2708-J.

FOR SALE—1-h.p. motor, D. C. with starting box and slide rails, complete, $45. Apply 52 Houston street.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—BUILDERS, WE have received two carloads of composition fire-proof roofing in rolls and shingles. Can save you money. Call at 45 S. Broad st. Jacob Buchman, wholesale distributer of roofing and paints.

CASH registers. We buy and sell used cash registers; all sizes; some practically new. Bargains. Terms to right party. Phone Ivy 1598. 58-60 Decatur street.

ALL OR PART furniture of three-room apartment. Bargain for cash. Owner leaving city. Main 5534. Apt. 22, 40 Cooper St.

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and heavy hauling. Main 606-J. Mr. Hutt.

Gibson mandolins, Holton cornets, etc. We buy, sell, exchange, and repair. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

Scales— The Howe Scales Co., 18 South Forsyth St.

EXPERT safe opening and repairing. Large stock new and second-hand safes. Atlanta Safe Company, 54 West Mitchell street.

For Furniture and Stoves
GO TO BOORSTEIN'S, 33 N. Pryor. New and used home and office furniture. I. 1611.

ONE table indies' hats, 99c, at Watson's, corner Decatur and Pryor sts.

GA. BAR EXAM. questions. Price $5 delivered. The Harrison Co., Atlanta.

RAPIDAYTON Self-Measuring Gasoline Pump is the "speed and accurate" pump. Low price. Easy terms. All size tanks. Write for catalogue. DAYTON PUMP & MFG. CO., 31 Peachtree Arcade.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta Terminal Station and Union Passenger Station.
The following schedule figures published as information and not guaranteed.
(Central Standard Time)

Atlanta Terminal Station

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves.
6:05 am Waycross-Thomasville-Brunswick 7:15 am
6:05 pm Waycross-Thomasville-Brunsw'k 10:00 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves
12:40 am.. New Orleans-Montgomery .. 6:00 am
7:55 pm....... Newnan-Columbus ...... 7:10 am
7:05 pm..... Montgomery—Local .... 8:05 am
2:40 pm.. New Orleans-Montgomery .. 2:10 pm
10:55 am....... Newnan-Columbus ...... 4:05 pm
8:40 am....... West Point—Local ...... 5:40 pm
11:50 am.. New Orleans-Montgomery .. 6:50 pm

Central of Georgia Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves
3:50 pm......... Savannah .... 7:50 am
8:40 pm........ Albany—Local .... 7:50 am
6:25 am........ Macon—Local ....12:30 pm
11:00 am........ Macon—Local .... 4:00 pm
8:15 am......... Jacksonville .... 9:10 pm
6:25 am......... Savannah .... 9:45 pm
8:15 am....... Valdosta—Tampa .... 9:45 pm
2:15 pm........... Macon ....11:00 pm
6:25 am Thomasville-Albany-Montgom'y 11:00 pm
6:25 am........ Tallahassee ....11:00 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves
11:00 pm ....Cincinnati-Louisville .... 7:00 am

Seaboard Air Line Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves
9:00 pm... Hamlet-Monroe—Local ... 6:10 am
8:15 pm..... Birmingham—Local ..... 8:10 am
5:00 pm.... New York-Washington ..12:15 pm
5:00 pm..... Richmond-Norfolk ......12:15 pm
9:40 am...... Abbeville—Local ...... 4:00 pm
10:00 am.... Piedmont, Ala.—Local .. 4:10 pm
11:59 am.... Birmingham-Memphis .... 5:10 pm
8:00 am.... New York-Washington .... 8:25 pm
8:00 am...... Richmond-Norfolk ...... 8:25 pm

Southern Railroad Lines.
Arrives— — Leaves
5:25 am.... New York-Washington .... 1:00 am
6:00 am........ Jacksonville .... 1:30 am
1:10 am...Cincinnati-Chattanooga ... 6:20 am
11:25 pm ..Kansas City-Birmingham .. 5:35 am
9:10 pm..Chattanooga-Rome—Local .. 6:40 am
4:40 pm....... Charlotte—Local .... 6:30 am
10:30 pm......Columbus—Local .... 7:20 am
8:15 pm.. Brunswick-Macon—Local .. 7:50 am
2:10 pm..........Macon ....12:45 pm
6:15 pm New York-Washingt'n-Richm'd 11:40 am
6:30 pm..... New York-Washington ....12:20 pm
8:00 pm...... Greenville—Local ......12:55 pm
11:05 am.. Chattanooga-Rome—Local .. 4:05 pm
8:10 am......... Toccoa—Local .... 4:45 pm
11:20 am........ Columbus—Local .... 4:45 pm
11:15 am....... Fort Valley—Local ...... 4:55 pm
11:10 am......... Macon—Local .... 5:00 pm
12:45 pm.......... Birmingham .... 5:15 pm
12:15 pm.. Cincinnati-Chattanooga .. 4:00 pm
7:45 am.... Shreveport-Birmingham ...10:20 pm
7:45 am............ Charlotte ....10:40 pm
5:00 am.. Jacksonville-Brunswick .. 9:00 pm
Following Southern Railroad trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station and do not enter Terminal Station:
Arrives— —Leaves
3:00 pm........ Birmingham ....12:15 pm
12:05 pm.... Washington-Richmond .... 3:08 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves
8:45 pm...... Chicago-St. Louis ...... 8:35 am
8:45 pm.... Nashville-Chattanooga .... 8:35 am

Union Passenger Station

Georgia Railroad.
* Daily except Sunday.
Arrives— —Leaves
1:55 pm.......... Augusta .... 5:45 am
6:10 pm.......... Augusta .... *2:15 pm
8:25 pm.......... Augusta .... 3:00 pm
*7:30 am.......... Monroe .... 6:10 pm
7:50 am.... Charleston-Augusta .... 7:40 pm
7:50 am.... Wilmington-Augusta .... 7:40 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad
Arrives— —Leaves
5:10 pm... Knoxville via Blue Ridge ... 7:20 am
10:35 am...... Blue Ridge—Local ...... 3:40 pm
12:30 pm.... Cincinnati-Louisville .... 4:00 pm
12:30 pm.. Knoxville via Cartersville .. 4:00 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.
Arrives— —Leaves
7:15 pm.... Nashville-Chattanooga .... 7:30 am
10:30 am.. Rome-Chattanooga—Local .. 5:10 pm
8:00 am...... Nashville-St. Louis ...... 8:30 pm

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190.

BRYANT TAXI SERVICE
IVY 7640—ANSLEY HOTEL—IVY 5293.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WE ARE buying Georgia melons. Either Watson or Excelsior, weighing 40 pounds or more; guaranteed ripe. Will pay good prices. Bought by us at good prices. Melons must be of best grown, as we have a reputation to sustain. Write
GEORGIA WATERMELON PARLOR, ARAGON HOTEL. ATLANTA, GA.

FURNITURE bought for cash. Swift Furniture Co. M. 2769.

WE PAY HIGHEST prices for used furniture. Wonder Furniture Co. Main 1157.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co., 10-12 E. Mitchell. M. 2424.

We Buy HOUSE and office furniture, refrigerators and stoves. Boorstein's, 33 N. Pryor St. Ivy 1611.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

WE PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR USED FURNITURE. MAIN 156.

WANTED—Old brick, cleaned or uncleaned. Any amounts considered. Can use some rock if in first-class condition. Ivy 7175-J.

OLD clothes, shoes and ladies' clothes. Call L. Pfeffer, 130 Decatur. Main 1320-L.

WE BUY Old Clothes, Shoes. 150 Decatur St., M-3726.

I BUY beef cows, calves and sell milk cows. 110 Whitehall. Manos.

THE Salvation Army needs old clothing. Atlanta 1736.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

POTATO SLIPS
PORTO Rico and Nancy Hall $2.00 per M; 5,000 and up, $1.75. By parcel post $2.25 per M. Now is the time to put them out to keep through winter.
PARKER SEED & PLANT COMPANY
33 S. Broad Street.

POTATO SLIPS
PORTO RICO, Triumph and Jersey Yam, $2.50 per 1,000, by parcel post $2.75. Can fill orders promptly.
PARKER SEED AND PLANT CO., ATLANTA, GA.
33 S. Broad St.

GENUINE Nancy Hall sweet potato slips, $3 per 1,000; Porto Rico yams, $3 per 1,000. Free from disease. Best potatoes to grow. Good strong open-bed plants. Can fill any size orders. If wanted by parcel post include postage. Immediate delivery. N. O. Ellis, 913 W. Seventh, Little Rock, Ark.

FOR SALE—100 bushels good, clean cane seed at $2 per bushel. W. L. McCoy, Dillard, Ga.

Typewriters and Supplies

TYPEWRITERS
ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $5.00; visible, three months for $7.50 and up. Call, phone or write for catalogue C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Phone Ivy 7340.

K. M. Schell EXPERT service on all standard typewriters. Underwoods a specialty. 18½ W. Ala. M. 2705

REBUILT Monarch typewriter. Just from fact'y. Bargain for cash. Rusch. I. 3381.

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OLD TIRES and tubes, any size or make taken as part or whole payment for new guaranteed tires, any size.
Ray Puncture-Proof Interliner Company
Longwear Tires. Vulcanizing.
69 North Forsyth.

M'PHERSON RUBBER CO.
DIAMOND TIRE DISTRIBUTORS.
WE MAKE all adjustments. Guarantee now 6,000 miles, 15 Houston street, Atlanta.

TIRES—BARGAIN IN SLIGHTLY USED TIRES. COOK'S GARAGE, 18-20 IVY ST.

HAVE your old tires whole-soled. Community Tire Serv. Co., 222 Ivy st. I. 2773.

MOTORCYCLES

HARLEY-DAVISON — 3-speed motorcycle; good condition; fast engine. Must sell for cash this week. Atlanta phone 5784-A.

AUTOMOBILES — AUTOMOBILES

REPAIRING.

WE ARE READY

TO SERVE ATLANTA automobile owners with a garage service that cannot be excelled. An inspection of our garage, covering immense floor space, will convince you of the completeness of our facilities for handling your wants. Expert repairing, storing by the day or longer. Auto ambulance at your service. We wash and polish cars.
24-HOUR SERVICE.
HUNTER'S GARAGE
40 SOUTH PRYOR ST. PHONE MAIN 3092.

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WELDING MACHINE WORK
RIDDELL BROS., Inc.
MACHINE SHOP 16-18 EAST MITCHELL ST. GARAGE 761 WHITEHALL ST.
PHONES: MAIN 495 AND WEST 600-L.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTING
Gentry-Riddell Auto Painting Co.,
755-757 WHITEHALL STREET. PHONE WEST 44-J.
A CAR OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES. SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES.

Official Service and Distributors

Gray & Davis	Tillitson Carburetor
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Dyneto	Briggs & Stratton
Connecticut	Sparton Horn
Atwater Kent	Fitzgerald Horn
Berling Magneto	Standard Spark Plug
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Rayfield Carburetor	Vesta Battery
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All kinds starter and generator brushes

AUTHORIZED FORD SERVICE NO FAKE PARTS USED

Our service is official, all makes starters, generators, magnetos, igniters and carburetors repaired.
Manufacturers of auto parts—cylinder grinding—makers of brass and aluminum castings of quality.
"FOURTEEN YEARS AT IT"
Southern Auto & Equipment Co., Inc.
AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS
Established 1905
111 S. FORSYTH ST. ATLANTA, GA.

SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES.
AUTO TOPS
Re-covered out of the best material and done "Quickly" and "Best." Ford Tops ready to set on.
WALKER ROOFING CO
273 Marietta St. M. 2917, M. 4075

Auto Top and Seat Covers
New tops, old tops recovered. For seat covers, come to head quarters.
"We do it better."
ATLANTA AUTO TOP AND TRIMMING CO.
155-157 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

AUTO PARTS & SUPPLY CO.
61 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.
PHONE IVY 4283.
SERVICE STATION.
TEMME SPRINGS
FOR ALL CARS.

INQUIRE about Mystic WINDSHIELD CLOTH at 317-318 Peters building.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING
JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED.
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

E. H. CLARK GARAGE, 136 S. Forsyth St. Auto repairing, welding. Main 3013.

AUTO TOPS
RECOVERED or new ones made to order. 11 Gordon street, West End.

AUTOS REFINISHED.
DON'T PAINT YOUR CAR. HAVE IT SIMONIZED. CHEAPER, QUICKER, BETTER. SIMONIZING CO., GEORGIA, PEACHTREE AND BAKER. IVY 9170.

GASOLINE PUMPS AND TANKS.
GASOLINE PUMPS AND TANKS — The American Oil, Pump and Tank Co., 23 Auburn avenue.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING.
Southern Welding Co.
HIGH-CLASS auto repairing. All work guaranteed. 178 Courtland St. Ivy 7227.

SPRINGS FOR FORD CARS.
HEADQUARTERS springs for Ford cars. Front spring, $1.75; rear spring, $7.85; radius rod, $2.25; cash with order f.o.b. Atlanta. Quick shipment. Golden Eagle Buggy Co., 32 Means street, Atlanta, Ga.

ELECTRIC REPAIRING.
BARNES AUTO ELECTRIC COMPANY
Electrical and General Auto Repairing.
52 HOUSTON ST. IVY 1392.

SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. H. Odom Bros. Atlanta. Gill stop-leak piston rings. $1 each.

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RETREADING and repairing done better for less money. Hand Tire & Rubber Co., 156 Marietta street. Main 635.

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BARWALD RADIATOR CO.
21 IVY ST. PRICES RIGHT. IVY 4334.

ATLANTA WELDING AND RADIATOR REPAIR CO., Inc.
74-76 IVY ST. IVY 5367.

Auto Tops and Painting
AUTOMOBILE painting, tops recovered, tailor made seat covers, trimming repairs. Springs, axles and wheels repaired.
A. C. MILLER & CO.
33 Gilmer St.

AUTOMOBILE LAUNDRY

ATLANTA AUTO LAUNDRY, INC.
39-41 Auburn Ave. Cars washed, polished; motors, crank cases cleaned. Ivy 1015.

HAVE your car washed and cleaned by us. Best service and prices. Atlanta Auto Cleaning and Repair Co., 74-76 Houston St.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

AUTO TOPS AND PAINTING

WHY NOT OWN A BEAUTIFUL CAR?

WE HAVE EVERY FACILITY
FOR MAKING YOUR CAR BEAUTIFUL.
OUR SHOPS ARE THE LARGEST OF ITS KIND IN THE SOUTH. THE PAINTING AND TRIMMING DEPARTMENTS ARE IN THE HANDS OF EXPERT WORKMEN, AND WE ARE SURE ANYTHING THEY DO TO YOUR CAR WOULD PLEASE YOU.
OUR TOPS, SIDE CURTAINS AND SEAT COVERS ARE TAILORED TO FIT YOUR PARTICULAR CAR.
A. C. MILLER & CO.
MAIN 513. 33 GILMER ST.

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ANY FIRM—ANY SERVICE

LOOK for the heading denoting the particular service or article you desire. Or better, read each of them and get many suggestions as to household and business conveniences that you are now doing without simply because it has never occurred to you that the services offered were so easily to be commanded.
A DAILY FEATURE.

CARDS CAN please most fastidious as well as most conservative. Mail orders promptly filled. Samples on display. 35½ Marietta street.
A. H. NUMMY
DIXIE'S GREATEST PENMAN.

BUILDING AND REPAIRING.
LET ME build or repair your home. I specialize in roofing and concreting. Your patronage solicited. W. J. Armstrong, M. 1715-W.

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.
COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves, etc., bought, exchanged. M. 1652-J. 224 Peters st.

DENTAL WORK.
DENTIST DR. H. JENSEN, 78½ Whitehall street.

HAULING—PACKING—SHIPPING.
FLANAGAN BROS. move, pack and ship anything anywhere at the right price. Try us. M. 2877. 51-53 Central ave.

HAULING, shipping, household goods a specialty. Connor Transfer Co., 81 S. Pryor street. M. 233.

CARPENTER SHOP.
SCREENS.
MADE new or repaired. All kinds carpenter and repair work. City Carpenter and Cabinet Shop, 48 South Forsyth street. Phone Main 1655.

CEMENT CONTRACTOR.
DRIVEWAY and floors a specialty. Ivy 3919. Robt. Murray, 179 W. Peachtree.

CARPENTER AND CABINET WORK.
FLY SCREENS TO ORDER.—M. 5554. POTTS & MOORE, 159 MARIETTA ST.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 52 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.
BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5000.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT REPAIRING.
XCELO Musical Instrument Service. SOUTHERN DRUM CO., Auburn and Ivy.

Cochran Trans. and Stor. Co.
We haul everything. Main 5595.

PHONOGRAPH REPAIRING.
Phonograph Repairing ANY make.
Delpheon Shop, 117-19 Arcade. Main 453.

REPAIRING, REFINISHING.
FURNITURE repaired, refinished; modern and antique. We call for and deliver. Jarrett & McLean, 150 Whitehall street.

BUILDING MATERIAL.
DOOR BEDS — Murphy Door Bed Co. Office, 204 Peachtree Arcade. Main 2513.

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.
ROUNTREE'S 77 Whitehall Street. M. 1576.

ROOFING.
SEE ME before you do any roofing. George O. Barrett, 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Main 4771.

EXPERT SHOE REPAIRING.
GWINN'S NO. 2 S. Pryor st., across R. R., opp. Kimball house; No. 6 Luckie st., opp. Piedmont. Shoe repairing while you wait. Established 1897. ½ soles sewed 50c up. Rubber heels 35c up.

ROOF REPAIRING.
Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 months' guarantee. Reasonable. Hemlock 1056.

TINTERS.
TINTING and painting. Rooms $3.50 to $5. Call 6:30 to 7:30. West 630-J.

OPTOMETRISTS AND OPTICIAN.
DUPLICATING LENSES A SPECIALTY SILVEUS OPTICAL CO., 19 S. Broad St.

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ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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EXPERT painting and tinting. Prompt service. White labor. Ed. C. Mitchell, W. 9-J.

SIGN PAINTER
SIGN PAINTING of all kinds; expert work. Prices right. Ivy 108.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.
OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

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FOR SALE.

USED CARS

1918 CADILLAC 8, 7-Passenger.
1917 CADILLAC 8, 7-Passenger.
1918 FRANKLIN, 5-Passenger.
1918 CHANDLER, 7-Passenger.
1918 REO SIX, 7-Passenger.
1918 OLDS 8, 7-Passenger.
1918 OLDS 8, Roadster.
1917 HAYNES 6, 7-Passenger.
1918 WILLYS-KNIGHT Sedan.

The Atlanta Cadillac Company
IVY 900. 183 PEACHTREE.

FOR SALE.

Dodge Sedan, 1918, new tires, newly painted, overhauled	$1,250
Dodge 5-Passenger, 1918; overhauled, new top, repainted	850
Dodge 5-Passenger, 1917; new top, repainted	750
Hudson 7-passenger, 1916; overhauled	700
Hudson Super-Six; overhauled, repainted	1,100
Overland Club Roadster; repainted, wire wheels, 5 tires	725
Overland 6-Cylinder 5-Passenger; repainted	700
Overland Roadster	300
Haynes "12" 1918 Model	1,250
Paige, 1918 Model	900
Oldsmobile "6" 1918 Model; fine looker	1,085
Chalmers "6" 7-Passenger, 1918 Model	900

In buying a Dodge or Hudson used car of us you do so with the assurance that our representations are true. We stand behind our work.
J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.-Grant Co., Inc.
220 PEACHTREE ST.

SPECIAL BARGAINS
1919 WILLYS-KNIGHT demonstrator, good as new; driven less than 1,500 miles.
1918 Maxwell.
2—1918 Overland Roadsters.
1919 Overland Touring Car.
All in first-class condition.
Willys-Overland Co., Inc.
451 Peachtree St. Ivy 4270.

WE PAY CASH FOR USED CARS

1917 Overland touring	$ 275
1917 Ford touring	425
1917 Ford roadster	300
1918 Saxon "4" roadster	300
1917 Buick "6" touring	825
1915 Packard "6" touring	1,200
1918 Paige Little "6" touring	875
1917 Oakland "6" touring	600
1916 Oldsmobile "6," 7-pass.	350
1918 Lexington chummy	875
1918 Scripps-Booth touring	975
1918 Studebaker "6" roadster	650
4-wheel, 1-ton trailer	85
1914 Buick touring	275
1918 Buick "4" ¾-ton truck	375

USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE.
Second Floor—181 Marietta St.—Main 4231.

FORD CARS
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

HUDSON Super 1916; excellent condition. $875. Major Edwards, Camp Jessup.

DODGE touring; tires, top paint and machinery. Good bargain. 53 Central avenue.

We Are Offering Today

1918 Overland "85-4" touring	$750
1917 Dodge touring	650
1919 Ford touring	625
1917 King "8" touring	500
1917 Ford touring	450
1914 Hupmobile "32" touring	350
1916 Ford touring	325
1916 Studebaker touring	375
1917 Chandler Club roadster	775

LEGG & PICKETT
118 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 415.

FOR SALE—BUICK LITTLE "6," ROADSTER; 1917 MODEL. NEW TOP AND PAINT. CALL MAIN 1739.

I HAVE a 5-passenger 4-cylinder 1918 Reo; has just been overhauled thoroughly and has five good tires, three of them brand-new; for sale at a bargain for cash, less than half price. Call Ivy 8123-J.

FORD CARS PAINTED
EXCLUSIVE FORD PAINT SHOP AND UPHOLSTERING.
BELLE ISLE
380 Peachtree Street.

FOR SALE—Packard Twin Six touring car; in first-class condition. Looks and runs like new. Quick sale, $2,500. Apply 918 Healey Bldg.

SEE us for bargains in used trucks. Atlanta Motor Co. 152 Ivy St.

FOR good autos see Blun-Dimmitt Co., 236 Peachtree st. Ivy 5499.

1918 BUICK "4" touring. Jos. G. Blount, 385 Peachtree street.

FORDS Buick Little 6. I pay cash for Fords. You can't beat my prices. Ford Auto Ex., 30 Wall st. M. 5297.

USED CARS HILL-HOLDEN CO. 246 P'tree. Ivy 1694.

USED CARS BEAUDRY MOTOR CO 169-171 Marietta St.

SEE US for motor truck bargains Fegder Motor Co., 255 Peachtree.

USED TRUCKS. Brigman Motors Co. 403 Whitehall street.

Used Cars Georgia Velie Sales Co. 457 Peachtree Street.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

Used Cars BARGAINS. Willys-Overland, Inc., 451 Peachtree.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN AT LEGAL RATES
WE make loans on Liberty Bonds, Thrift Stamps, household goods, pianos and personal property. No fees of any kind charged.

$10.00 Cost	$ .50
25.00 Cost	1.25
50.00 Cost	2.50
100.00 Cost	5.00

Other amounts in proportion. Come in and have a talk with us before going elsewhere.
SOUTHERN SECURITY CO.
212 Peachtree Arcade
Phone Main 619.

MONEY TO LOAN
Funds on Hand
No Delays
Purchase Notes Bought
829 TRUST CO. OF GA. BUILDING.

We Buy Notes on Automobiles
FIDELITY DISCOUNT CO.

MONEY
FOR salaried people without indorsement.
R. D. ISON COMPANY,
201 PETERS BLDG.

QUAKER SAVINGS ASSOCIATION
422 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.
Lending on the "Quaker Plan" at 8 per cent per year on personal indorsement. Repayable weekly.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy terms; confidential Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY ON YOUR SALARY.
WE will advance you money on your salary without indorsement.
UNION INVESTMENT CO., 34½ Peachtree.

LOANS MADE promptly on pianos, furniture, Liberty Bonds, autos, etc. Strictly confidential. Lawful rates.
SURETY LOAN CO.
408 FLATIRON BLDG.

MONEY TO LOAN

YOU CAN
BORROW MONEY
SO CHEAP
And on such easy terms of repayment and at such small cost from the Guarantee Loan Company, for use in paying your overdue unpaid bills or to buy the things you need for CASH at BARGAIN PRICES, that every one should take advantage of our service.

Loans on Furniture
$25 to $150
at lawful rates, on short notice, and without publicity. We give you all the time you want to repay a loan.

You Can Afford to Borrow

$25 Loan costs but	$1.25
$50 " " "	$2.50
$100 " " "	$5.00
$150 " " "	$7.50

You can pay your account in full on any interest date and stop the interest.

Don't Sell Liberty Bonds
They will surely sell at a premium some day, besides the Government still needs your support. When you need money borrow from us on your household goods and save yourself money.
GUARANTEE LOAN CO.
308 Atlanta Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Main 440. Phones. Atlanta 722.

LOW RATE LOANS
ON FURNITURE, pianos, diamonds, Liberty Bonds and household goods. Any amount. Our patrons who have brought their financial troubles to us have found us dependable and friendly in all transactions. Terms can be arranged to suit everyone.
O. F. WHITTEN CO.
201 Flatiron Building.
Ivy 6150.

W. P. WOLL
LOANS $25 AND UP
ON household furniture and pianos without removal. Payments to suit your income.
Room 301-02 Peters Bldg.
Main 1043—Phones—Atlanta 677.

FIRST MORTGAGE loans, Atlanta property. Low rate, expense reasonable. Established over 25 years.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
203 Empire Building.

MONEY on salaries, furniture, pianos or notes. 511 Silvey Bldg., City.

STOCKS AND BONDS

LIBERTY BONDS
WE BUY and SELL at fair prices. Other high-grade securities also dealt in.
R. N. BERRIEN, JR. & CO.
BONDS—PRIVATE BANKERS—STOCKS.
301-302-303 Fourth National Bank Building.
(At Five Points.) Ivy 2511.
OUT-OF-TOWN parties may draw through their banks with Liberty Bonds attached at $90 per $100. Balance of purchase price based on market will be remitted promptly.

INSURANCE

LIABILITY—FIRE—THEFT.
Instant Service. Personal Attention.
MARTINE HARMSEN, 216 Arcade. M. 726.

MONEY—On Real Estate

$1,000—$1,500—$2,500—$5,000
To lend on improved property in Atlanta or suburbs.
W. O. ALSTON
1010 Hurt Building.

Quick Mortgage Loans. Money on hand, 6 to 7%, for loans on Atlanta property.
DUNSON & GAY,
409 Tr. Co. of Ga. Bldg. I. 5678

MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Beasley Company, 210 Flatiron building.

LOANS on farms and city property. Selling life insurance in a good company is easy now. Let me put you on the way to making quick money. Jefferson Standard Life Ins. Co., B. G. Statham, Genl. Agt., 522-523 Candler Bldg.

MONEY to lend at reasonable rates on improved real estate. Forrest & George Adair.

HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes, W. A. Foster, 47 North Forsyth, Healey building. Ivy 5986.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—Reuben F. Gilliam, attorney, 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg. Ivy 355.

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, Connally building. Main 2940.

FARM LOANS closed immediately. Kirk Smith, 409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.

PLENTY MONEY at 6 or 7 per cent to loan. Dunson & Gay, Ivy 5678.

PROMPT realty and Liberty Bond loans; any amount. H. F. West, 218 Atlanta Natl.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 or over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 229 Grant building.

MONEY
TO LEND—1st or 2d mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 51 N. Forsyth st. Ivy 8369.

FARM MONEY.
Special Rate for Farms and City Property. S. W. Carson, 414 Empire Bldg.

LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly.
Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency
See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

CITY and farm loans made without delay. W. B. Smith, 706 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

BOARD AND ROOMS

16-20 East Baker, cool rooms, board, couple or gent. Ivy 1984-J.

IN attractive private home for one or two young ladies. Call Ivy 5270-J.

FURNISHED room for business people. Hemlock 1550.

PONCE DE LEON AVE.—Delightful room with board; large private home. H. 2285.

DELIGHTFUL room in private family for couple or gentlemen with breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner. Phone Hemlock 1708-W.

DELIGHTFUL room for couple, in home with all conveniences; dinner evenings. 32 Ponce de Leon. Ivy 7907-W.

Board and Room—Wanted

BY TWO young men, room with board in private family, south side. Permanent. References exchangeable. Address L. M., 503 Grand Theater Bldg.

Housekeeping Rooms

162 W. Peachtree, 2 rooms, kitchenette, water, phone, elec. lights, gas; also one large front room, gas plate; adults.

370 PIEDMONT AVE.—Large, beautifully furnished front housekeeping room, hot water, electricity, splendid neighborhood; new front beautifully furnished bedroom; elegant meals next door. Ivy 1532-W.

TWO housekeeping rooms; also one; private family; close in. 319 Courtland.

FOR RENT—Three furn. rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 10 Bedford place.

ROOMS—For Rent

FURNISHED.

THE ADOLF ROOMS with bath and shower; up-to-date, cool and airy. Price $25 and $30 per month. Just off Peachtree. 10½ East Harris street. Ivy 3071-J.

THE KENWOOD 11 CONE ST. Clean, home-like. Rooms, day or week. Ivy 7598-J.

Gate City HOTEL, $3.50 and up. Corner Forsyth street and Trinity avenue.

PEACHTREE INN 391 Peachtree street. 50c to $1 per day, $2 to $5 per week; hot water at all hours. Phone Ivy 67.

THREE newly-fur. rooms; all conveniences; very reasonable. 70 W. Baker.

ONE COOL front room. Private family. Ten minutes' walk from Five Points. 67 Currier street.

198 W. PEACHTREE—Front room; every convenience. Ivy 7764.

LOVELY furnished front room; convs.; north side. Block off Jackson; young men pref. Ivy 8209-J.

NICELY furnished large, cool front room. 64 Forrest avenue.

ONE fur. room in private family, 2 young men, with or without board. 16 Alta avenue, Inman Park. Ivy 4223.

358 PEACHTREE—A delightful, cool room; suitable for men. Ivy 7352-J.

20 CARNEGIE WAY—Apt. C, unusually desirable furnished room; bath; gentlemen.

UNFURNISHED.
FOUR connecting rooms with owner; no children. 299 E. Hunter street; reference.

ROOMS—Wanted

UNFURNISHED.
BUSINESS lady wants unfurnished room in private home. Ponce de Leon, Inman Park or Grant park locality. Bookkeeper, M. 988.

BY YOUNG couple, 3 or 4 unfur. rooms or small apartment; private bath; preferably West End. West 744-W.

APARTMENTS—For Rent.

FURNISHED.
FOR RENT—Nicely furnished 6-room apartment, all conveniences, in nice location. 346 North Boulevard. Ivy 7440.

TWO mod. apts., $60 and $70; priv. residence. West Peachtree, near 17th. H. 2213-J.

TO ADULTS—Three-room furnished apartment; all conveniences, north side. Rent reasonable. Phone Hemlock 820-J.

FOR RENT—July 1 or sooner, five-room apartment; open porch, two bedrooms, ideal location, furnished, until September, then strong probability of assuming my lease if desired. 771 Highland avenue. Hemlock 908.

FOUR rooms, private bath; porches, all conveniences. By month. Hemlock 2357-J.

UNFURNISHED.
MODERN 4-room apartment; all conveniences. Immediate possession. Call Ivy 5560. M. C. Kiser Real Estate Co.

THE HAMILTON,
21 East Eighth Street.
5 and 6 rooms with porches. Leases signed now, possession September 1. $65 and $75. Apply Apartment No. 4.

FOR RENT—Occupancy July 1, new seven-room apartment, two baths. Ponce de Leon avenue. Hemlock 1802-J.

APARTMENTS—Wanted

WANTED—July 15 or August 1, apartment or bungalow, north side. U-618, Const.

HOUSES—For Rent

FURNISHED.
FOR RENT—Four-room furnished cottage in the mountains. Address A. U. LeGraw, Clayton, Ga.

FOR RENT—For July and August, 6-room furnished bungalow; every convenience. West 642-W.

FURNISHED house, 316 W. Peachtree, near Third street, for summer months. Four bedrooms, two baths. Telephone Main 12109.

WILL RENT all or part of nine-room home in best location north side. Call Ivy 3343.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
Consult Our Rental Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.

HOUSES—Wanted

UNFURNISHED.
WANTED—Five to 8-room house by July 1. Grant park section preferred. Address 92 Loomis street. Phone Main 3140-J.

WANTED—To rent from owner, 6-room bungalow or apartment. Ivy 2000. Ison.

WANTED—6 or 8-room house or 5-room apt., ground floor, north side only. Possession July 14. Hemlock 1318-W.

WANT TO RENT FROM OWNER AS OF JULY, AUGUST OR SEPTEMBER 1, 6 TO 8-ROOM HOUSE, NORTH SIDE OR INMAN PARK. A. L. POTTER, 201 TRUST CO. OF GA. BLDG. BUSINESS, IVY 7787; RESIDENCE, IVY 4822.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn ave.

OFFICE SPACE—For Rent

HALF of large, light office; first-class building, including use of desk, phone, typewriter, etc. Occupant out of city most of time. $15 if you answer phone calls. Address U-614, care Constitution.

STORES—For Rent

136 WHITEHALL STREET—Owner, Ivy 4545, or P. O. Box 747.

For Rent—Business Property

OFFICES and business locations. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. 222 Candler Bldg., Ivy 3970. C. F. Wilkinson.

REAL ESTATE—Wanted

I HAVE two customers who want to buy 6 to 8-room homes. Will pay cash. See me at once. J. H. McNesser, 321 Empire Bldg. Ivy 5529.

WANTED—In the Stewart avenue section, near Pierce street, a 6-room bungalow or cottage at a bargain. Can pay $1,000 cash. R. A. Ewing, Ivy 6579.

HAVE cash purchasers for four homes. Stafford, 321 Empire Bldg. Ivy 5529.

NORTH SIDE home, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths. Under $10,000. Box 621, care Const.

WANTED—Six-room bungalow, Oakhurst or Kirkwood, large lot, $3,500 to $4,000. T-531, Constitution.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Rent

LIST your property with us. Sale or rent. Quick results. M. C. Kiser, 314 Candler bldg.

Real Estate—Sale, Exchange

IF YOU want to buy a house or pretty bungalow, vacant lot, acreage or farm on terms or exchange, see J. L. Morrison, 607 Flatiron Bldg. Ivy 590.

$10,500 BUYS handsome new 2-story bungalow; 2 baths, 7 rooms, Ansley Park section. Terms. $8,000 buys lovely 6-room brick-veneer Rosedale road. Terms. Don't wait. Martin & Ozburn Realty Co., 3d Natl. Bank Bldg. Ivy 1276.

6-ROOM bungalow. Hardwood floors. Modern, vacant. Phone Owner, H. 498-W.

WELL located bungalow, Ponce de Leon section, 7 rooms, glass-inclosed sleeping porch, steam heat, tile bath, hardwood floors, elevated lot. $7,000. J. R. Nutting & Co. Ivy 5. Flatiron bldg.

SEVEN-ROOM modern bungalow, comparatively new; three bedrooms and sleeping porch; house screened throughout; hardwood and double floors; beam ceilings, furnace heat, fire-proof roof; lot 55x190, level and shady; plenty of closets, glass door knobs, tile bath; immediate possession. Price $5,850. No loan; $2,000 cash, balance $50 per month. J. H. McNesser, 321 Empire Bldg.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

Myrtle Street Sacrifice
A 9-ROOM, 2-STORY HOME, lot 51x175, that you can buy for about what an ordinary side street 6-room house would cost you. This is not a case of "would sell if," but a simple-simon case of sell. Formerly held at $7,500. I want an offer. The place needs about $500 spent on it to place it in the $10,000 class. Jno. M. Ponder, 229 Grant Bldg. I. 5341.

SPOT CASH
$10,000.00
WILL be paid for an eight or nine-room modern north side brick-veneer home. Would consider frame. "Renter," U-616, care Constitution.

HOME BARGAINS
LINWOOD AVE.—Seven rooms, furnace; east front. Price $7,000; terms.
HIGHLAND AVE.—New 6-room frame. Beauty. Furnace; for $5,350. Terms.
JACKSON ST.—Near Fourth. Six rooms. Furnace, etc. $5,750. Terms.
JOHN S. SCOTT
PETERS BLDG.

BUY A HOME NOW
I HAVE an unusually attractive 6-room bungalow near Ponce de Leon avenue. Has enclosed sleeping porch, servant's room and trunk room extra. This home is modern and convenient and shows up beautifully. Has side drive and garage. See this at once. Price $7,500. Easy terms.
S. R. CHRISTIE, JR.
517 GOULD BLDG. IVY 754-J.

BEST PART Peachtree road, 9-room modern home with four acres land, $25,000.
8-ROOM bungalow, 2 bath rooms, on one main north side thoroughfare. $7,500.
DRUID HILLS section, near Moreland avenue, 6-room modern bungalow. $5,250.
ONTARIO AVE.—6-room modern bungalow. $4,300.
CARL FISCHER,
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

CLOSE IN on north side. Desirable home in a desirable locality; 2-story and eight rooms. Elevated lot; fine garden. Home of one of Atlanta's most distinguished men and adjoining home of one of Atlanta's city councilmen. This is convenient for business man. Thoroughly accessible and a delightful home. $7,500; $1,000 cash, balance $50 a month. See Mr. Stafford, 321 Empire Bldg. Ivy 5529.

BEAUTIFUL Boulevard Park brick bungalow. Nice level lot; every modern convenience. Close to car. Price right. 18 Walton.

MODERN 6-room bungalow, Jackson st., $5,500; good terms. New 6-room brick, $7,500; terms. Beautiful lots north side and Decatur, all prices. W. H. S. Hamilton, 227 Candler bldg. Ivy 2026.

VACANT—Ready to move into. One 5 and one 6-room bungalow, best north side section. $1,000 cash; balance like rent. Fulton County Home Builders, 530 Candler Bldg. Ivy 4674.

ROSEDALE ROAD vacant lot, 50x131. Elevated, level. $1,600. Hemlock 498-W.

W. E. TREADWELL & CO.—Real estate for sale or exchange. Empire Bldg.

LIST your property for sale or rent with A. S. Adams-Cates Co., 204 Grant Bldg.

SEE ME for good home bargains. S. R. Christie, Jr., 507 Gould bldg. Ivy 754-J.

READY-BUILT cottages and two-story residences in choice north side section. Peters Land Co., 610-11 Peters Bldg.

A. Graves sells homes, lots, rent property and farms. 12½ Wall st.

SEE our Sale List published weekly. M. L. Thrower. 39 North Forsyth street.

2 apartments, 5 rooms each. Large lot. Rent $59.50. $5,500. Evans & Dodd, Ivy 4331.

SOUTH SIDE.
MODERN 5-room house, 98 Bellmont avenue. Lot 75x130; all conveniences. Price $2,200. Must be sold at once. Cash or terms to responsible parties. Call Main 4747, Mr. Screws.

INMAN PARK.
INMAN PARK—Magnificent 10-room 2-story residence on Waverly way for $7,500; $1,000 cash; terms to suit. This house and lot is worth $10,000. Has 2 baths, furnace heat, large lot and can be used for two families. E. L. Harling, 815 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 1287.

FOR SALE—Two-story 9-room house on Euclid avenue; suitable for two families. Has hardwood floors, furnace heat; all conveniences. Phone Ivy 6878.

CENTRAL.
BUSINESS property exclusively. O. F. Feil, 323 Empire Bldg. Ivy 252.

MISCELLANEOUS.
THOS. S. HARPER
201-202 Atlanta Natl. Bank Bldg.
Main 3626.
WE HAVE in 10 minutes' walk of Five Points a first-class six-room house in first-class condition. Several thoroughbred chicken runs. Lot 50x200. Will sell for a most reasonable price and terms. Possession July 15.

Building Dept. Wood or brick homes built on easy terms. Select your lot and see us. Kelly Land Co., 412 Austell bldg. Main 140.

ONE 5 and one 6-room bungalow, Kirkwood. All improvements, except gas. Easy terms. Ivy 4157. E. T. Luckie, 610 Flatiron Bldg.

J. R. NUTTING & CO., 1001 Flatiron Bldg., Ivy 5. Atlanta homes and Georgia farms.

$6,000—6-room bungalow, East Eleventh street. 309 Candler Bldg. W. E. Perry, Ivy 6414.

WANTED—To build one thousand homes in and around Atlanta. We finance our buildings. Dixie Home Builders, 525 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 2154-W.

FOR SALE—One thousand vacant lots. One hundred homes; all bargains; monthly payments less than rent. South Georgia and Florida farms. Dixie Realty Co., 525 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS to loan, first and second mortgage. Dixie Loan Co. Main 2154-W.

FOR farm lands see J. J. Ripley, 51½ South Pryor street.

FOR home bargains see Payne & McArthur, Transportation Bldg.

IF you have anything for rent or sale, list it with Burdett Realty Co., 116 Candler Building.

FOR quick results list your property with Jack H. Salmon, 515 Forsyth Bldg.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

W. E. WORLEY—HEALEY BLDG.
REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

HOMES on easy payment, without mortgage. W. D. Beatie, 207 Trust Co. of Ga. bldg. Ivy 2811.

REAL ESTATE in all parts of city. H. B. Scott.

SUBURBAN.
IN HAPEVILLE

One vacant lot, 100x250	$1,100
One vacant lot, 50x150	600
6-room house, 1 acre of land	3,200
6-room house, all conveniences	5,000
5-room house, lot 60x300	2,750
5-room house, all conveniences	3,600
7-room house, all conveniences	3,700
6-room house, 2 acres of land	3,700

Terms can be arranged.

NEAR HAPEVILLE

15½ acres, 4-room house	$5,000
3¼ acres, 6-room house and bath	4,800
4 acres, 4-room house, orchard, berries	3,000
1 acre, 4-room house and barn	1,850

THRAILKILL & PEARSON
HAPEVILLE, GA.,
Phone East Point 486.

FOR SALE—6-room bungalow, east front; every convenience; ready for occupancy. Phone Decatur 148. Jones-Ramspeck Co., Decatur.

MARIETTA CAR LINE—Practically new and modern 7-room bungalow, tile bath, screened. House would cost over $5,000 to build. This on 3 acres of fine land with a good barn, right at car stop. Possession can be had at once and the price less than $5,000, on terms.
J. R. NUTTING & CO.,
Flatiron Bldg. Phone Ivy 5.

SEE ME for real estate, insurance and loans. J. S. Thrailkill, Hapeville, East Point 486.

6-ROOM bungalow, Decatur; big lot and garage; Main Decatur line, $5,500. A. S. Harris, 1017 Healey Bldg. Ivy 7491.

8-ROOM house, Kirkwood, lot 100x200; fine garden, $5,000. Ansley. Main 288.

C. W. LANE & CO., INC., Ground Floor Grant Building.

RESIDENCE lot, 78x200 feet Sycamore st., Decatur, $1,950; deep, elevated lot, Kings Highway, $1,500. Fletcher Pearson, 308 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.

TWO handsome new brick bungalows, very best section Decatur, $7,000 and $7,500. They are bargains, with large lots. Also nice 6-room bungalow, $3,500; no loan. W. H. S. Hamilton, 227 Candler bldg. Ivy 2026.

FARM LANDS—For Sale

ANOTHER WASHINGTON COUNTY BARGAIN.
416 ACRES—Located in Washington county, Georgia, within three and one-half miles of Warthen, Ga., two miles of Chalker and twelve miles of Sandersville, the county site. Schools, churches and railroad nearby. 325 acres in good state of cultivation, about 25 acres in pasture under fence and running water, balance of place in woodland. Soil is of extra high-grade gray pebble with fine quality red clay subsoil. This quality of land is known to be of the best grade in the state, very fertile, extra good producer and responds quickly. Land lies mostly level, no rocks, no stumps, almost free of stumps. Main dwelling is a good 6-room frame house with front and back porches, two adjoining smokehouses, three good barns, four good tenant houses and plenty of other good farm outbuildings. Extra good water supplies; wells, springs and overflowing branches. We can frankly say this place would be considered cheap at a price of $20,000, but for a quick sale we are authorized to sell it for $16,500, with easy terms of one-third cash, balance arranged to suit purchaser. If you are interested in a jam-up home or an investment proposition you can make no mistake on this particular place. Wire or write us when we can expect you to look it over. No exchange propositions considered.
ZAPF REALTY COMPANY, INC.,
Sandersville, Ga.

200-ACRE farm in about thirty miles of Atlanta. Good 5-room house, nearly new, and two tenant houses; three fine orchards, three-horse farm in cultivation, balance original timber. Price for quick sale $4,250; only $1,200 cash, balance easy terms. Exceptional chance at about half value; only reason for selling, owner is leaving the state. Apply quickly, as offer is open for this week only. Address U-620, care Constitution, or phone Ivy 6765-J.

MORGAN COUNTY BARGAIN.
131 ACRES, Morgan county, 3 miles from Newborn, fronts on public road, extra good neighborhood; 110 acres in high state of cultivation, balance in woodland and pasture; land lies well; extra good grade red and mulatto soil; 6-room dwelling, tenant house, necessary barns and outbuildings. Surrounded by lands which cannot be bought for $100 per acre. Special price of $60 per acre on this for quick sale; easy terms.
L. A. DILL, 315 EMPIRE BLDG.

HERE is a choice farm near Moultrie, 195 acres, about half in cultivation; 3 good houses, very fine land, near main highway soon to be paved and land will then easily double in value. Moultrie best market town in south Georgia, and this farm a big bargain at $7,500. Terms. J. R. Nutting & Co. Ivy 5. Flatiron bldg.

SELL YOUR FARM QUICKLY—We have one of the most efficient organizations in the United States for subdividing and selling properties at auction. Write us at once for full information. Lumpkin Realty Company of Georgia, Farm Subdivision Department, Rome, Ga.

120 ACRES, 5 miles Dallas. $20 per acre, improvements. L. A. Dill, 314 Empire bldg.

A DESCRIPTIVE BULLETIN of 60 Georgia farms mailed upon request. Brotherton & Callahan, 248 Peachtree Arcade, Atlanta, Ga. Main 3502.

FARMS—Cobb county and north Georgia. Large list of excellent propositions to select from. Holland Realty Co., Phone 134, Marietta, Ga.

FARM LANDS—Wanted

WILL exchange choice, clear city property and a manufacturing business which anyone of ordinary intelligence can conduct, clearing easily $8,000 and upward, with no incumbrance against it and cash balance, for a farm of 1,000 acres or upward in middle or south Georgia, one with river frontage and not too far from railroad preferred. Quality of land, drinking water and general health conditions must be good. Write or tell me in person what you have to offer. T. C. Conway, 528 Candler Bldg.

WOULD like to communicate with party having small farm for rent, straight rent, shares or will consider buying. Must have good house. E. Townsend, 336 Postoffice building, Atlanta.

APARTMENTS—For Rent. APARTMENTS—For Rent.

AN APARTMENT FOR RENT

CHATHAM COURT APARTMENTS—Piedmont avenue, corner Third street. Choice 4-room apartment in ideal neighborhood. All modern conveniences. Immediate occupancy. Apartment No. 16.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1208 CANDLER BUILDING.

APARTMENTS
NO. 466 N. JACKSON STREET—A modern first-floor duplex apartment, with garage; vacant August 1. Rate, $57.00 per month. Six rooms.
NO. 31 ANGIER AVENUE—A modern six-room lower duplex apartment; vacant August 1. Rate, $60.00 per month.

FLATS
NO. 184 CENTRAL AVENUE—First and second floor, five-room flats. All conveniences. Vacant now. Rate, $35.00 per month.

BROWN-BEASLEY CO.
IVY 2061 210 FLATIRON BUILDING

REAL ESTATE—For Sale REAL ESTATE—For Sale

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

NO. 104 PEACHTREE PLACE—8 rooms, furnace, screened throughout. Elegantly finished inside. Vacant July 1st. Price $7,250. Terms reasonable.
C. W. LANE & CO., Inc.
WALTON STREET ENTRANCE GRANT BUILDING. IVY 7256.

Beautiful West Peachtree Home

ON WEST PEACHTREE STREET, between Peachtree Place and Eleventh street, we have one of the prettiest homes in Atlanta. This house has two stories, 8 rooms, sleeping porch, furnace heat, open fireplace in each room, garage for two cars and every other known convenience. Large lot 60x120 feet, on which there is much beautiful shrubbery. This place is in excellent condition and can be made into a truly magnificent home. The price is only $13,000, with very reasonable terms. To see this place, call at our office.
Benjamin D. Watkins & Co.
19 WALTON STREET (HEALEY BUILDING.) IVY 670.

North Side Real Estate, Reduced from $8,500 to $7,250

JUST OFF WEST PEACHTREE, we have a six-room bungalow with two sleeping porches, hardwood floors, new furnace, stone front; garage, large elevated lot, size 50x250; handy to new school. Present owner is leaving town and will give immediate possession. This place must be sold this week, and it is an opportunity to get a real home at a real sacrifice. If you mean business you must be quick to get this.
EVANS & DODD, The Home Specialists
IVY 4331. 218 EMPIRE BLDG.

FOR SALE—CHOICE HOMES

$9,500 BUYS BEAUTIFUL 8-room brick bungalow. Has everything you want. Driveway and garage, near Druid Hills. If you want to buy a home quick, See this. Terms.
$18,500 BUYS BEAUTIFUL Druid Hills brick-veneer home, 9 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat. can arrange terms on $5,000 cash.
3D NAT'L BANK BLDG. **MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.** IVY 1276

NORTH SIDE HOME—Two-story brick, nine rooms; on large corner lot. Furnace heat and hardwood floors. All in good condition and only $8,750.
TWO-STORY HOUSE ON MYRTLE STREET—Nine rooms, large lot, servants' house and garage. Now vacant and ready for occupancy. Keys in office.
HENRY B. SCOTT
214 EMPIRE BUILDING. IVY 3717.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

Some Features For Today EVERY ITEM SHARPLY Underpriced

Silk Kimonos

at $6.75

You'll surely want one of these—beautiful Japanese embroidered and fancy Seco Silk Kimonos. All colors. **Regularly $7.50 and $8.75.**

Fourth Floor

Women's Union Suits

at 95c

Women's Knit Union Suits—fine quality — in white only. Either tight or loose knees. Exceptionally good, even at **regular price—$1.25.**

Main Floor

Women's Hose

at $1.15

An especially good quality of silk hose at less than regular price. To be had in gray, brown, black or white.

Main Floor

Boys' Pajamas

at $1.35

Plain nainsook of splendid quality. These are priced much less than usual, because sizes are limited to 12 and 14.

Main Floor

Infants' Hose

at 25c

Our regular 35c hose marked down for today's selling. Cotton hose—ribbed—in white only. Sizes 3 months to 3 years.

Main Floor

New Flouncing

at 98c

This special price applies for today to fresh, new Flouncing—24 inches in width, with narrow embroidered frill and beading.

Main Floor

Scotch Madras

at 27c

Beautiful Scotch Madras in richly colored figured effects. Three qualities are included—40c kinds at **27c**; 50c kinds at **37c** and 60c kinds at **45c.**

Fifth Floor

Cretonnes

at 25c

Colors and patterns in a good range, suitable for draperies, porch cushions, etc. These are our regular 30c and 35c qualities.

Fifth Floor

Wash Dresses

at $1.98

For girls—ages 6 to 12. Gingham, in beautiful plaids and solid colors. Values exceedingly difficult to duplicate. **Worth up to $3.00.**

Downstairs Store

Boys' Suits

at $1.39

For the smaller boys—sizes 2 to 6. Play suits in stripes and solid colors—very attractively made. **Regularly $1.50.**

Downstairs Store

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

TAKING CORPSES FROM THE RIVER

Bodies of 26 Persons Drowned at Tuscaloosa Have Been Recovered. Divers to Search Bed of River.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., June 16.—The bodies of five additional victims of the river catastrophe which occurred six miles north of this city Sunday afternoon, when the yacht Mary Frances was overturned on the Warrior, were taken from the stream today, bringing the total known dead to twenty-six. Thirty-seven persons aboard the boat are known to have been saved, and it is not believed that any others are on the river bed.

Deep sea divers from Mobile, with all the paraphernalia of their profession, are en route to this city tonight and early tomorrow morning the task of searching the bed of the river in the vicinity of the accident will be resumed. Those taken from the river today were:

Annie Ryan, 14, Holt, Ala.; Newton Albright, 14, Tuscaloosa, R. F. D.; Charles Wilkins, Hull, Ala.; Louise Robertson and Justin Oswalt, of Tuscaloosa.

All Business Suspended.

Paralyzed and grief-stricken because of the calamity which befell so many of its homes, business in Tuscaloosa was suspended from noon today and funeral corteges bearing the remains of little ones or their parents wended their way through the streets to the cemeteries. The greater number of the dead will be buried tomorrow, at which time the city's business life will be suspended again.

Samuel F. Alston, owner of the pleasure boat which turned over while making a short turn in the river, is still confined to his home, constantly attended by a physician and has made no statement regarding the accident. He narrowly escaped the fate of many of his guests, but was responsible for saving the lives of one or more of the little children.

Captain Antonio, of the yacht, in the pilot house, directing the vessel's movements, is reported to have become temporarily deranged, and since the disaster has been at the home of the local Catholic priest, prostrated on the floor from which efforts to make him arise have been unsuccessful.

The banks of the river near the scene of the accident have been lined throughout the day with sorrowing friends and frantic relatives waiting the recovery of the little bodies by volunteer workers, who remained on the scene through the night. Funeral cars were engaged throughout the day in transporting their cargoes to and from the undertaking parlors and a deep pall of gloom has settled down over the city.

Some Heroic Acts.

The pleasure launch Mary Frances, on which the party was enjoying an excursion late Sunday, was thought capable of carrying sixty persons. When the Mary Frances went to turn around in a curve of the Warrior river the weight on one side was more than she could carry and she suddenly turned over, throwing the human cargo into the river.

The river at that point is about a quarter of a mile wide and about twenty feet deep. The party left Tuscaloosa about 3:30 o'clock and it was two hours later that the mishap occurred.

Some very heroic acts were performed by those on board and those ashore who witnessed the accident. Misses Jerome Kennedy, Ollie Jones and Myrtle Birchfield, all good swimmers, saved Thomas Clabaugh, grandfather of Samuel Clabaugh, Jr. A man by the name of Dutton on the bank of the river succeeded in getting a skiff and rescued seventeen persons.

Miss Sadie Foster, daughter of Judge Henry B. Foster, who was on the boat, is a good swimmer and it was due to this fact that the life of Miss Bettie Hood was saved.

AMUSEMENTS

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

If it is too hot for you on the outside and if you feel the need of rest as well as of amusement, the Lyric the first three days of this week is the place for you, for there you will find temperatures that are pleasingly low, and entertainment that is correspondingly high.

The headliner for the week is the act of James Leonard and company. Leonard has become known all over the country, and wherever vaudeville is popular as the master of travesty, and in his latest vehicle, in which he is given able assistance by the charming Sadie Leonard and by the clever Robert Anderson, he was never given better opportunity.

He comes in a funny burlesque on Bernard Shaw's "Caesar and Cleopatra," which he has entitled "When Caesar C's Her," and that title also will tell everyone of the possibilities for laughter in capable hands.

Lillian Gonne, who became popular here during her several appearances with Gus Edwards companies, and who won even more favor than by the stunt of jumping down into the audience now and then to kiss some favored individual, is back again with Bert Albert in a musical skit, called "On Their Way to School." Gonne is as roguish, as girlish as of yore, and won many friends Monday.

There are three other big numbers on the bill, which provide more than the usual run of novelty and variety, and the picture program is of timely interest.

Loew Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

Five sparkling acts replete with humor, wit and acrobatic skill are attractions at the Grand for the first half of the week, in addition to a clever Fairbanks scenario of national intrigue in a wee Central American country, in which humor and drama are equally divided.

The headliner of the unusually good bill, John O'Malley, delighted a large audience at the opening performances with a series of Irish selections and other particularly pleasing airs reminiscent of olden days. Possessed of a voice of remarkable quality, O'Malley is one of the most popular tenors who has visited the Grand in recent months. Shannon and Rose, two sparkling entertainers of nimble toes and light step, open the bill with a series of novel and clever dances. They are followed by Knowles and Hurst, the latter an unusually pretty girl with an unusually sweet voice. Their act consists mostly of songs, but a good deal of bright sarcasm and repartee are sandwiched in.

Fagg and White appear in an entertaining dialogue in negro dialect. The last act consists of remarkable exhibitions of strength, the performers being Witt and Winters, a pair of well-muscled youngsters who show much skill in the acrobatic craft.

Monroe Salisbury.

(At the Tudor.)

Monroe Salisbury, known to all the amusement world as the Mansfield of the screen, is pleasing large audiences this week at the Tudor theater in his latest success, "The Blinding Trail." This is a thrilling story of the great outdoors, where a north woods Samson is betrayed by a fur-clad Delilah. It is a wonderfully striking and interesting picture with thrills sufficient for two or three productions and then a little to spare. In addition to this splendid feature Jake's Jazz Band is making everyone wiggle their toes and sway their bodies, and the Lyons-Moran star comedy furnishes all the amusement that one could ask.

"Auction of Souls."

(Coming to Atlanta Theater.)

Coming to the Atlanta theater next week is the only motion picture ever shown in America at $10 per seat. That was the price paid in New York recently by society people to see "Auction of Souls," taken from the book, "Ravished Armenia," the money being collected for the benefit of Armenian sufferers. This sensational production features Aurora Mardiganian, the beautiful Armenian refugee, the sole survivor of half a million Christian Armenian girls who for two years were so cruelly treated in Kurdish slave markets and Turkish harems. This epic film was produced with 5,000 people and 83 principals and is the most sensational revelation of conditions in the Near East at hand. The advance sale of seats opens Thursday at the Atlanta theater.

Nazimova in Play Of Gorgeous Beauty At the Criterion

"The Red Lantern," the new Metro-Nazimova production, in which the famous Nazimova appears, was the special feature at the Criterion theatre yesterday, where it played to an audience which thoroughly appreciated the rare artistry of the celebrated actress and her play.

The star was seen in a dual role—as Mahlee, the Eurasian girl, daughter of a Chinese mother and English father and as Blanche, her English half-sister. The double role gave the star great opportunity for her unusual power of character delineation.

The play tells the dramatic story of the daughter of two races—a girl who, though born in a coffin shop in the slums of Pekin, is educated among the European surroundings and ideals of the Christian mission, where she adopts the faith of her father.

How she feels the perpetual conflict of her mixed blood—the seething passions and desires of both races which are forever at war in her soul—is dramatically shown by this unusual actress. She imbues the character with all the inscrutable mystery and passionate fire of the glowing east and at the same time conveys to the beholders the vast racial gulf which separates the two girls, who though they possess the same father, are as remote as the poles.

How jealousy leads her to forsake the people of her father's race—assuming the historic and sinister title of the War Maiden of China—the Goddess of the Red Lantern—is graphically shown.

WARNER IN GREAT FILM

Offers Thrills in Splendid Drama of East.

H. B. Warner, one of the famous English actors of the day, returns to the screen in "The Man Who Turned White," a vivid and colorful drama of the Sahara desert, now at the Strand. Mr. Warner's portrayal of Ali Zaman, the heartless and cynical Arabian outlaw, is a powerful characterization and stamps him as one of the strongest and most masterful actors of the screen. This great actor, like most of those who have attained distinction on the stage, inherits his histrionic talents, his father being a noted figure on the English stage for a generation.

FATTY ARBUCKLE IS HERE IN NEW COMEDY

Naturally when people visited the Forsyth yesterday to see Fatty Arbuckle in "A Desert Hero," the first picture he has made under his new $1,000,000 a year contract, they expected something extraordinary, and that's just what they got. They found that Fatty has told the truth when he declared "Never before have I gotten into two reels so many surprisingly new methods of causing laughter."

"A Desert Hero" is a picture in which Fatty, as a miner who has "struck it lucky," blows into a typical "bad" town with several bags full of perfectly good gold dust. He proceeds to "do the town," and also proceeds to win the hand of a pretty little dancer, contrary to the wishes of Bull-Neck Bradley, who is six-foot-six and bad all through, and who runs a saloon that is far from a place for preachers' sons.

This pace-setting Arbuckle comedy is to be the Forsyth attraction all this week. As an extra added attraction today and tomorrow the Forsyth will show "A Wolf's Daughter," starring Lila (Cuddles) Lee, who is unusually popular in Atlanta.

MIGHTY IN ROMANCE IS "SECRET SERVICE"

Irresistible in heart interest, mighty in its romance and overwhelming in its dramatic action, "Secret Service," the all-star Paramount-Artcraft special which is the Rialto attraction all this week, made a tremendous hit with the crowds who witnessed its premiere screening on Monday.

While Robert Warwick, who was until recently a major on the staff of General Pershing, is the principal star, the picture carries enough stars to make ten big productions, such notables as Wanda Hawley, Robert Caine, Edyth Chapman, Norman Selby (Kid McCoy), Raymond Hatton, Theodore Roberts, Irving Cummings, Casson Ferguson, Guy Oliver, Lillian Leighton and Stanley Wheatcroft.

The presentation of this picture at the Rialto is nothing short of an event. William Gillett has made the story famous on the stage, where it was doubtless the most popular American play.

"Secret Service" is not by any means a war picture. It is a thrilling story of the work of the secret service in the sixties, with war as the background.

40,000 RAIL SHOPMEN ORDERED TO STRIKE

Montreal, June 16.—Orders for a strike of 40,000 employes of division number four, railway shopmen of America, effective Wednesday morning, were issued late today by the executive committee. The order follows an unsuccessful attempt of a delegation of the shopmen to negotiate an increased wage scale and shorter working hours. Eleventh hour concessions on the part of the Canadian railway war board is the only thing which will prevent a walkout, union leaders said tonight.

SERVICE MEDAL GIVEN TO MISS PATTERSON

Washington, June 16.—A distinguished service medal was presented by Secretary Baker today to Miss Hannah J. Patterson, for her services on the executive board of the woman's committee of the council of national defense during the war. Similar decorations were presented to Major Generals Thomas H. Barry and George W. Burr; Colonels James T. Kerr, John S. Fair, A. Owen Seman, Charles T. Harris, Jr., George A. Burrell; Henry Cutler, Rhode Island national guard, former chairman Jewish Welfare board; Walter Dill Scott and Lieutenant Colonels K. B. Harmon, Franklin D. Oliver and Augustus Trowbridge, and Frank Scott, chairman of the war industries board.

Greenville Gets Atkinson.

Greenville, S. C., June 16.—The Greenville club of the South Atlantic association today signed pitcher Atkinson, formerly with Durham in the old North Carolina league. Pitcher Gibson has been released.

Which do YOU think is the best tire made?

No matter what it is we have it in stock, or will get it for you.

We handle all makes and quote the best discounts obtainable. In addition we carry special lots of good quality tires that we can offer at very attractive prices.

SPECIAL SALE

Tuesday and Wednesday we will sell for cash, a guaranteed gray inner tube at the following prices:

30x3	$1.67	34x4	$3.08
30x3½	2.04	34x3½	3.80
32x3½	2.30	35x5	4.65
32x4	2.92	37x5	4.91

All sizes not mentioned above will be sold in the same proportion.

JOHN K. GEWINNER
Two Stores

Tire Store, 33 Luckie St., Ivy 405.

Accessories and Supplies, 100 Peachtree St., Opposite Piedmont Hotel. Phone Ivy 406.

Gill Piston Rings



The saving by using the Gill piston ring is actual, positive and very considerable in gasoline and oil, wear of engine and cost per mile traveled.

Ask your garage.

GILL PISTON RING CO.
W. H. Wolcott, Mgr.
Phone Ivy 3841
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Woco OIL COMPANY BELIEVES IN SUPERIOR TRUCKS

June 7th.1919.

The Superior Motor Truck Co.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs:-

It gives us pleasure to state that we have been using two one ton trucks of your make for the past two years very satisfactorily, and am just putting on one of your new two ton trucks which is giving us good service.

Wishing you all the success that you so justly merit, we remain,

Yours very truly,
WOCO OIL COMPANY, INC.
By [signature] Vice Pres.

Our factory and offices at Whitehall street and Stewart avenue are always in easy reach of you.

SUPERIOR MOTOR TRUCK CO.
Manufacturers and Distributors

LABOR TO FIGHT STEEL COMBINE

Presidents of 24 Unions, Headed by Gompers, Pledge Themselves to Organize the Workers in Steel Industry.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 16.—A committee of 24 presidents of international labor unions interested in the organization of workers in the steel industry, headed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, tonight in a conference decided immediately to launch extraordinary organization efforts in the great steel producing regions of the country, especially the Pittsburg district, and fight there for the "right of free assemblage, free speech and a free press."

The presidents of the unions pledged themselves to "go to jail if necessary," in the attempt to organize 400,000 workers in Pittsburg, McKeesport, Homestead and Monongahela region and to carry out an equally vigorous campaign in other sections, including the Alabama steel centers.

Energetic efforts in all sections were determined upon after it had been declared by some conferees that the "steel barons in the Pittsburg region have refused to permit organization meetings to be held for the last six months."

It was declared that the employers in the steel industry were firmly set against permitting organization of their employees, and that the time had come for organized labor to take even a more firm stand to the contrary.

Debate Coming on League.

The road was cleared today at the convention for a discussion on the league of nations and the peace treaty, which will open on Wednesday and promises to prove the hottest fight the delegates have staged as yet.

The "anti" forces will be led by Andrew Furuseth, president of the Seamen's union, who defined his position today with a statement that the league of nations and the labor clauses of the peace treaty are designed to "deceive the people into thinking they have something they have not got and to perpetuate for all time conditions as they exist in the world today."

The supporters of the league, who are believed to be in a substantial majority, have at their head Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation, who signed the executive council's report in which the proposed international covenant is warmly praised. Mr. Furuseth is expected to rally to his side most of the radical element.

The committee stage of the convention has not yet ended, and tomorrow's session will be devoted to clearing the calendar of outstanding reports.

Columbus Shooting Denounced.

Before adjourning the convention adopted numerous resolutions. One severely condemned the recent shooting of seven persons at Columbus, Ga., which was described as being a cowardly act on the part of mill owners to stem the tide of organization sweeping over the textile districts of the south. The federation officers were directed to render all possible aid to the United Textile Workers of America in their effort to "bring to justice the persons guilty of this crime."

Another instructed the executive council of the federation to co-operate with representatives affiliated with the organization of federal civil service employees in securing upward revision of salaries.

Leonard and Dundee Draw.

Philadelphia, June 16.—Benny Leonard, lightweight champion, and Johnny Dundee, of New York, fought 6 hard rounds to a draw at the National league baseball park here tonight.

Heisiger says

YOU STAND IN YOUR OWN LIGHT—when you allow your purchase of motorized equipment to be entirely influenced by price. Of two evils, it is best to choose the lesser, so pay more rather than less and be satisfied.

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A. L. ROWE.

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The Shop of Service

"How Lovely"—Exclaimed one enthusiastic patron as she singled out one beautiful Silk and Crepe de Chine night-gown, cut princess style and elaborately trimmed with pretty lace. But she soon found that this term applied to all of the quality garments offered in this shop at **$5.48**



Special values in Georgette Blouses at **$4.98**

Something worth a visit every day, at

Gordon's, 131 Arcade

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1. Juniper St. near Tenth St., 6 rooms (3 bed rooms), hardwood floors, furnace, basement; price $6,500.
2. Inman Park, near Euclid Ave., 6 rooms, hardwood floors, house in good condition; price $5,000.

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LODGE NOTICES



The regular convocation of Mount Horeb Chapter No. 153, will be held in W. D. Luckie Temple on this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. The Royal Arch degree will be conferred. All duly qualified companions are invited to attend.

J. M. HUNNICUTT, H. P.
C. C. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

A called communication of Capitol View Lodge No. 640, F. & A. M., will be held this (Tuesday) evening at 7 o'clock. Nine candidates will receive the degree of a Master Mason. The second section will be featured with a most interesting soliloquy by Worshipful Brother T. C. McDonnold, Past Master of Fulton Lodge No. 216.—Oh, death untimely; yet oh, timely death. Concluding ceremony with a brief lecture, "Our Vows." All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited. By order of

GUY F. NESBITT, W. M.
CARL DOLVIN, Secretary.

The regular communication of Kirkwood Lodge No. 548, F. & A. M., will be held this (Tuesday) evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock. The Entered Apprentice degree will be conferred. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited. By order of

C. P. WATSON, W. M.
T. J. NORMAN, Secretary.

Grant Park Lodge No. 604, F. & A. M., will hold a special communication this (Tuesday), June 17, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of conferring the Fellowcraft degree. The degree will be conferred by Senior Warden Brother A. R. Marbut. All qualified brethren are fraternally invited to attend. By order of

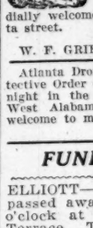
W. O. GIFFORD, W. M.
J. C. LITTLE, Secretary.

There will be regular communication of Battle Hill Lodge No. 523 this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock at its Lodge Room, corner Gordon and Lucile avenue. Work in Fellowcraft degree. All candidates present themselves for examination and advancement. All duly qualified brethren invited. By order of

F. E. WINBURN, W. M.
J. E. GARRISON, Secretary.

A regular communication of Georgia Lodge No. 96, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. The Master Mason's degree will be conferred. Candidates for examination will present themselves promptly. All duly qualified brethren are cordially invited to meet with us.

HAYDEN C. JONES, W. M.
M. Z. CRIST, Secretary.



A regular meeting of Delphi Lodge No. 68, Knights of Pythias, will be held this (Tuesday) evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock. The rank of Knight will be conferred. Members are urged to attend. Visitors will be cordially welcomed. Castle Hall, 423½ Marietta street.

WILLIAM L. QUIROUET, Chancellor Commander.
W. F. GRIFFIN, K. of R. & S.

Atlanta Drove No. 420, Patriotic and Protective Order of Stags, meet at 8 o'clock tonight in the Stag Home, third floor, 8½ West Alabama street. Out-of-town Stags welcome to meeting and club rooms.

J. GOULD, Recorder.

FUNERAL NOTICES

ELLIOTT—Mr. David M. Elliott passed away Monday morning at 6 o'clock at the home, 29 Cleburne Terrace. The remains were taken Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, accompanied by his widow and nephew, Mr. H. R. Holman, to Indianapolis, Ind., for funeral and interment. Barclay & Brandon Co., funeral directors.

STAMPS—Relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Stamps and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Thurman and family are invited to attend the funeral of Fred, the 7-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stamps, this (Tuesday) afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from the residence, 284 East Georgia avenue. Pallbearers selected please meet at the residence. Interment at Casey's cemetery. Barclay & Brandon Co., funeral directors.

LEWIS—Relatives and friends of Mrs. Lillie Paulina Lewis, widow of the late T. S. Lewis, Mrs. Frank S. Dean, Mrs. O. V. Derr, Misses Ruth and Margaret Lewis, Messrs. T. S., F. V., E. S., R. H. and P. S. Lewis and Miss E. T. Lewis are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Lillie Paulina Lewis tomorrow (Wednesday), June 18, 1919, at 5 p. m., from the residence, 200 Myrtle street, Dr. W. W. Memminger officiating. Interment at West View. Pallbearers selected will please meet at the residence. Barclay & Brandon Co., funeral directors.

PEETE—David Dean, infant son of D. D. and Gladys Dean Peete, died Monday afternoon at the home, 514 North Boulevard. The remains will be taken today (Tuesday) at 12:30 o'clock to Macon, Ga., for funeral services and interment. Barclay & Brandon, funeral directors. P. J. Bloomfield in charge.

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PROPOSALS FOR CONSTRUCTING STEEL STORAGE BUILDINGS.

Office Chief Construction Division, Washington, D. C.—Sealed proposals will be received until 11 a. m. June 28, 1919, and then opened for constructing steel buildings at Camp Normoyle, San Antonio, Texas; Camp Holabird, Baltimore, Md., and Camp Jesup, Fort McPherson, Ga. Further information on application to room 2-327, Building C, Washington, D. C.

DROPSY treated one week free. Short breathing relieved in 36 to 48 hours. Swelling removed in 15 to 20 days. For free trial treatment write or call. Examination free. Collum Dropsy Remedy Co., 404-5-6 Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.

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